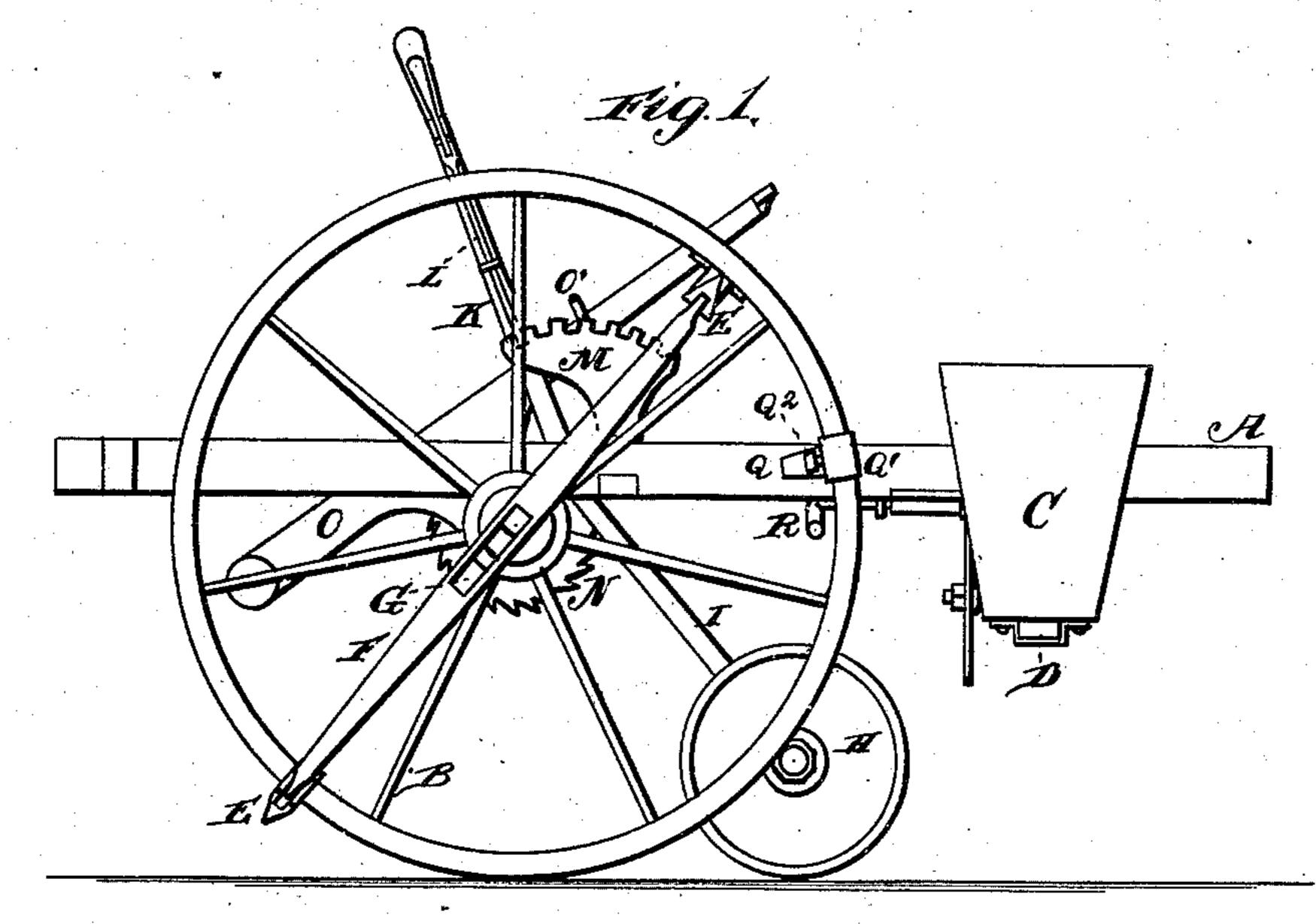
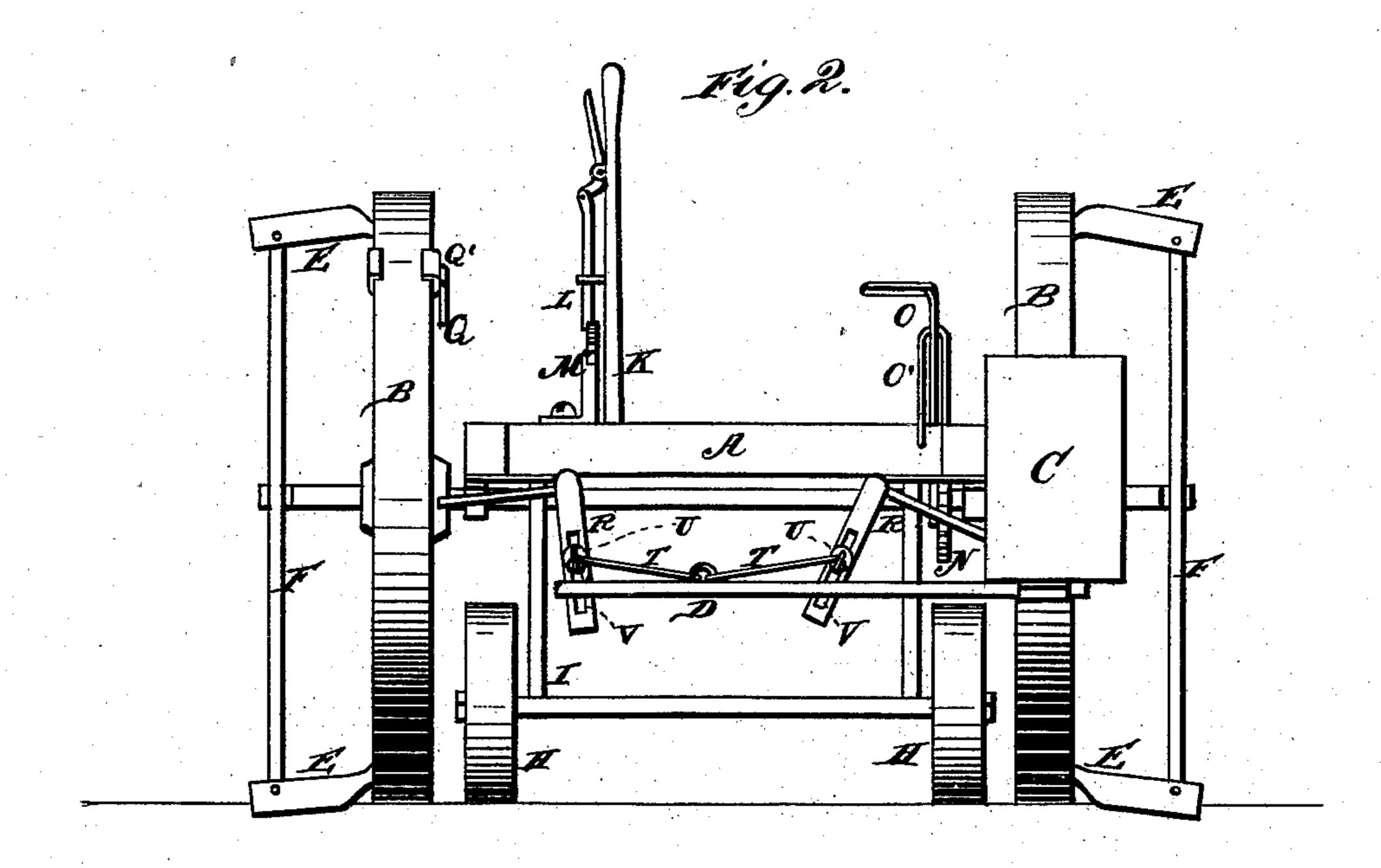
## J. K. VOORHEES. Corn Planter.

No. 229,343.

Patented June 29, 1880.





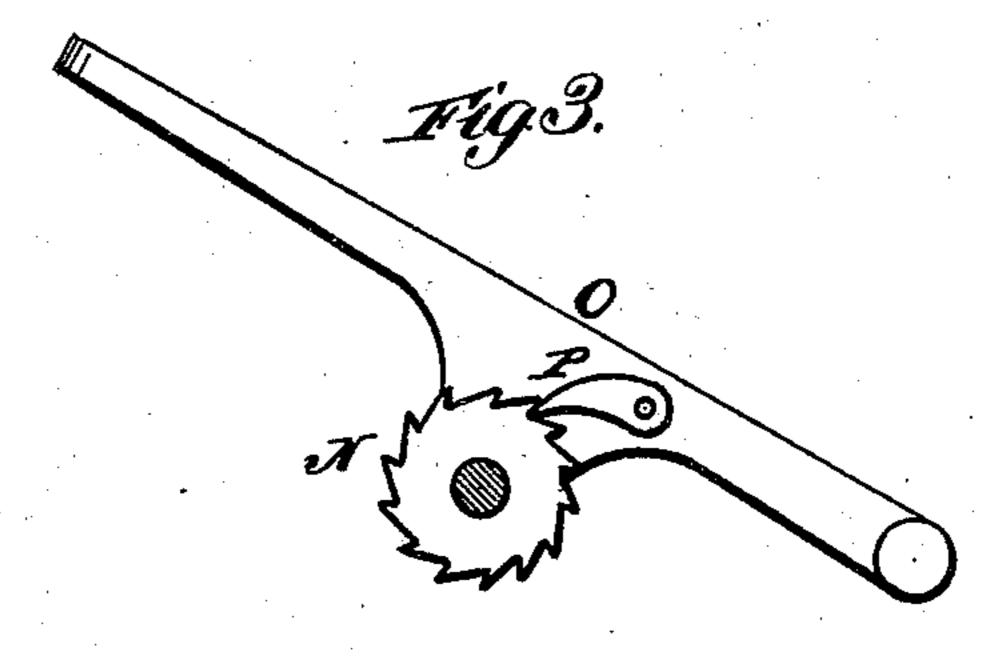
MITNESSES Charles Page

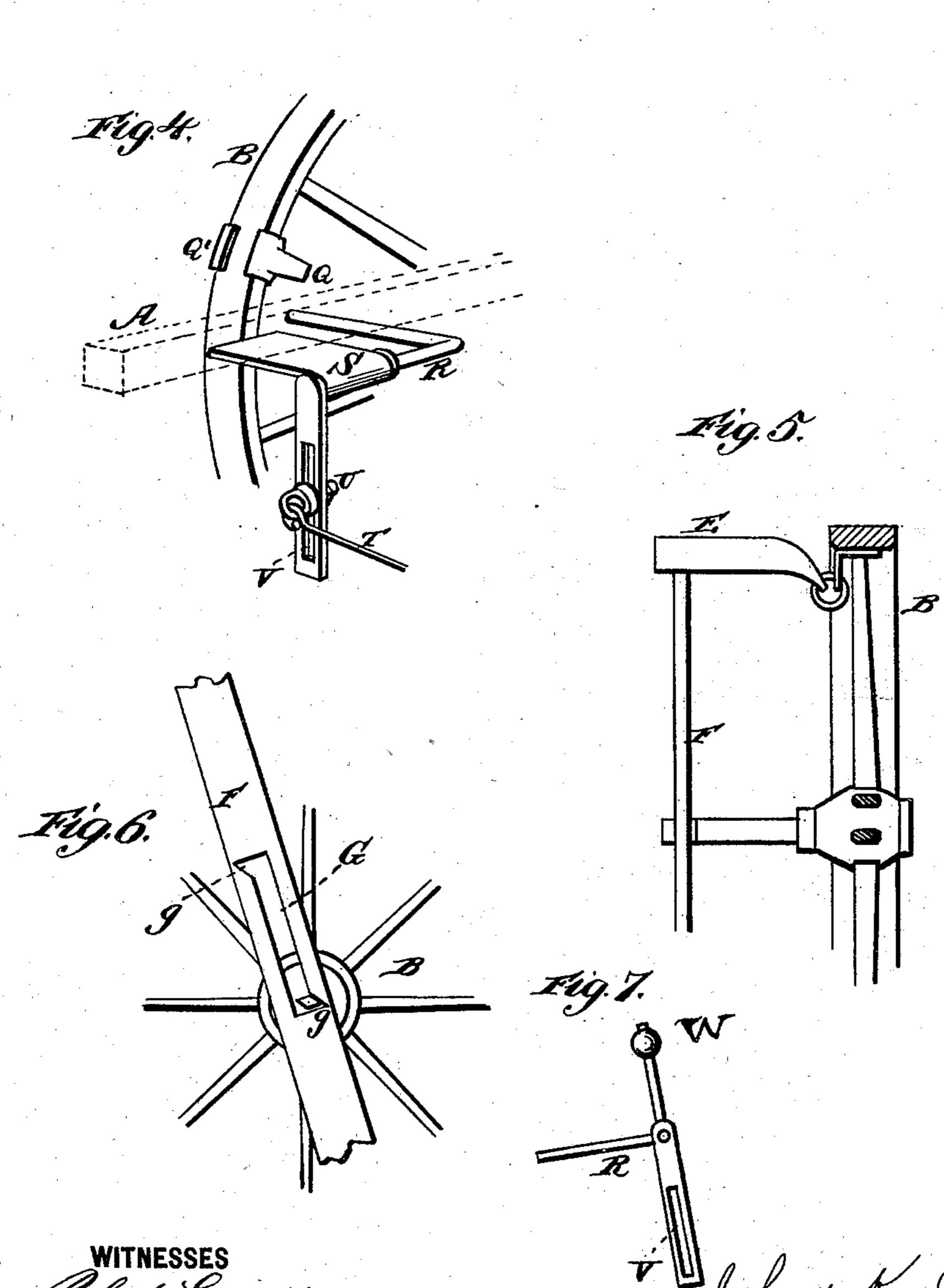
John K. Voorhees. Silmore. Smith 460. ATTORNEYS

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Chas, G. Page

John So. Voorhees. Gilmore Smith 460,

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## United States Patent Office.

JOHN K. VOORHEES, OF PELLA, IOWA.

## CORN-PLANTER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 229,343, dated June 29, 1880.

Application filed November 22, 1879.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John K. Voorhees, of Pella, in the county of Marion and State of Iowa, have invented certain new and useful 5 Improvements in Corn-Planters; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the construction and operation of the same, reference being had to the annexed drawings, making a part 10 of this specification, and to the letters and figures of reference marked thereon.

Figure 1 of the drawings is a representation of a side elevation of my corn-planter. Fig. 2 is a rear view of the same, and Figs. 3, 4, 5, 6,

15 and 7 are detail views.

This invention relates to corn-planters; and it consists in the improvements in the construction of the same, hereinafter fully described, and particularly pointed out in the 20 claims.

In the accompanying drawings, which illustrate only so much of a corn-planter as is necessary to clearly explain my invention, A designates the main frame, which is supported 25 by the main wheels B B, and C C designate the seed-boxes, with the usual seed-slide D, arranged to reciprocate so as to admit of the discharge of corn through the discharge-spouts in the ordinary way.

E E designate the markers, which consist of angular-shaped bars linked in pairs to the main wheels B B. Each pair of markers is connected by a bar, F, which is pivoted at its ends to the markers, so as to admit of a free 35 reciprocating or up-and-down movement dur-

ing the rotation of the wheels.

In order to guide the connecting-bars F, I form each of them with a slot, G, into which projects the end of the axle of the main wheels. 40 I prefer forming the slot G with an angular recess, g, at each end, and making the axle ends diamond-shaped in cross-section, so that the walls of the said recess will fit upon the axle, and thereby prevent the bar F from drop-45 ping until it is nearly in a vertical line.

HH designate a pair of supplemental wheels, which are mounted upon a hinged frame, I, below the main frame. These wheels are adapted to be thrown forward, so as to allow 50 the weight of the machine to come upon the main wheels B, or to be brought nearly or di-

rectly under the hinged bearings of the frame I, so as to raise the main frame and wheels A B, and thus transfer the weight to the supplemental wheels H. This latter operation is 55 to be effected when the markers are out of check and it becomes necessary to adjust the same by rotating the main wheels independently of any travel of the machine; and to this end I cause the requisite oscillation of 60 the frame carrying the supplemental wheels or rollers by means of a hand-lever, K, which extends up through the main frame, so as to be within convenient reach of the driver; and I further provide this lever with a latching- 65 lever, L, which engages with a sector-rack, M, so as to hold the hand-lever, hinged frame, and supplemental wheels or rollers in position for maintaining the main wheels clear of the ground. In order to rotate the wheels while 70 thus elevated I secure upon the axle a ratchetwheel, N, and also mount loosely upon the axle, alongside of the same, a weighted handlever, O, arranged to work in a guide-frame, O', and carrying a pawl, P, which engages with 75 the ratchet, and thereby rotates the same, together with the axle and main wheels, when the hand-lever is vibrated by the driver. After the wheels have been thus rotated and the markers brought in check, the latching-lever 80 may be freed from the sector-rack and the machine lowered, so that the main wheels will travel upon the ground as before.

The devices for reciprocating the seed-slide consist of studs Q, projecting from the rims of 85 the main wheels, lever-bars R, bent so as to constitute in effect bell-crank levers, pivoted in bearings S, and connecting-rods T between the seed-slide and the forward arms of the bent levers R. These rods T are linked or 90 otherwise flexibly connected both to the seedslide and to set-screws U, which are adjustably secured within slots V of the forward arms of the bell-crank levers. The object of this adjustment is to vary the throw of the seed-slide, 95 it being obvious that by shifting the position of the set-screws the forward arms of the levers

will be practically varied in length.

The studs Q are formed with or secured to clasps Q', which embrace the rims of the main 100 wheels B, and these clasps may be shifted and secured in proper position upon the wheels by

means of set-screws Q2, so as to determine their periods of action upon the bell-crank levers. I propose providing each of these levers with a counterpoise-weight, W, so as to 5 insure the full throw of the seed-slide during operation.

As the machine is drawn forward the markers, which are carried round with the main wheels, drop at stated periods by gravity, half 10 of the circumference of each wheel between each pair of markers being equal to the space between two hills of corn.

What I claim, and desire to secure by Let-

ters Patent, is—

1. In a corn-planter, a marker hinged to the main wheel and adapted to drop automatically

by gravity at stated periods, so as to space off the ground, substantially as herein shown and set forth.

2. The combination of the main wheel B, 20 hinged markers E, bar F, pivoted to the markers, and the axle extending into a slot, G, of the pivoted bar, substantially as shown and set forth.

In testimony that I claim the above I have 25 hereunto subscribed my name in the presence of two witnesses.

JOHN K. VOORHEES.

Witnesses:

CHAS. G. PAGE, JAMES J. SHEEHY.