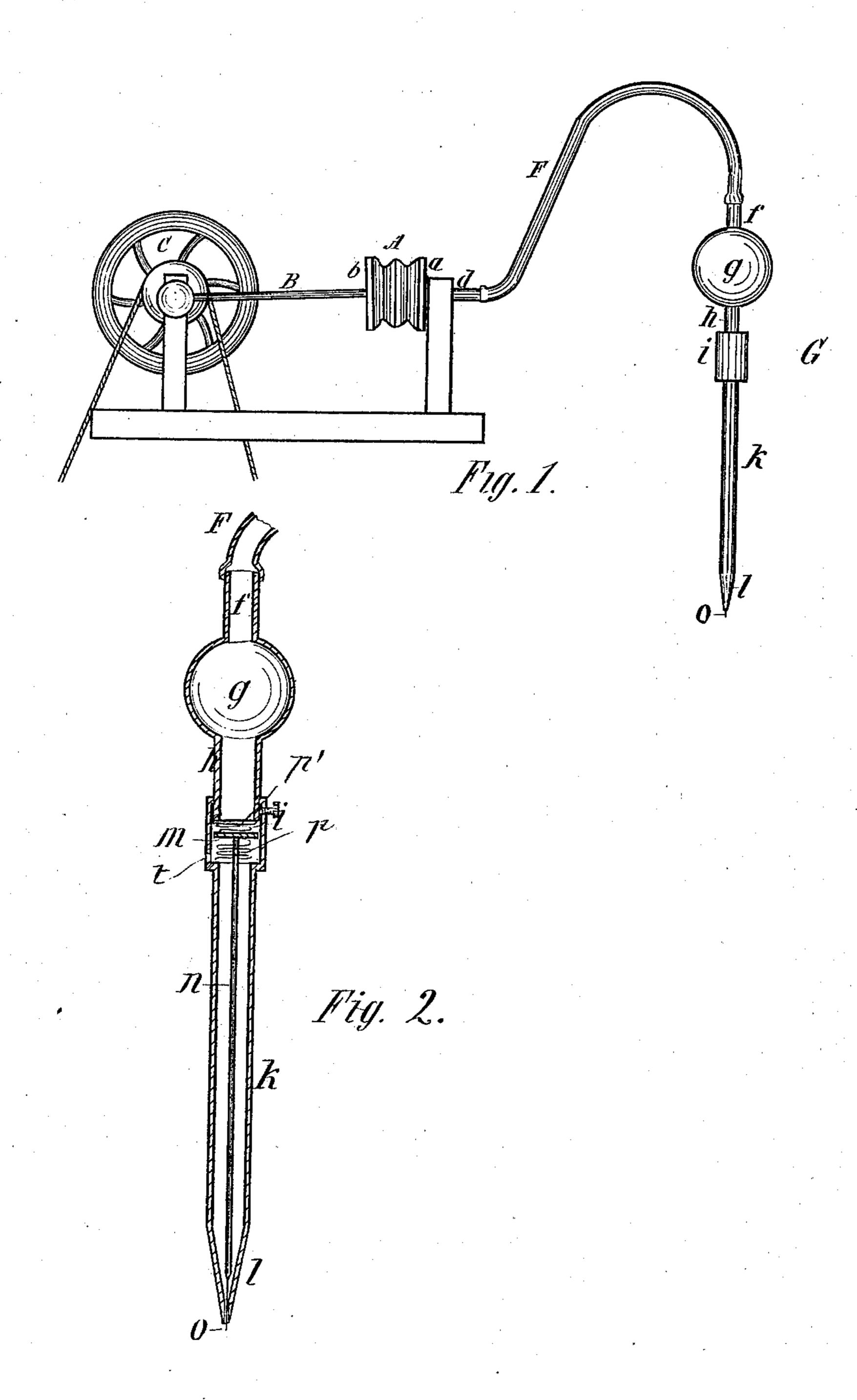
## J. H. GUNNING & H. B. WEILAND. Pulsating Stencil-Pen.

No. 216,086.

Patented June 3, 1879.



a. B. Howland Witnesses. Josiah H. Guming Inventors.

Witnesses. Havy B Weiland Inventors.

By Joseph Smith, atty.

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOSIAH H. GUNNING AND HARRY B. WEILAND, OF TITUSVILLE, PA.

## IMPROVEMENT IN PULSATING STENCIL-PENS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 216,086, dated June 3, 1879; application filed March 7, 1879.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, Josiah H. Gunning and Harry B. Weiland, of Titusville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, have invented an Improvement in the Manner of Operating a Pulsating Stencil-Pen or similar Machine, of which the following is a specification.

Our invention relates to that class of machines which communicate power from a fixed machine or wheel by means of pulsations of air through a flexible connection, causing a very rapid synchronous motion in a pulsating bar, to which may be attached a stencil-pen, dental plugger, or similar contrivance. This we do by causing the pulsations to operate on and set in motion a piston, to which is attached the pulsating bar.

The drawings accompanying this specification represent our invention as applied to operate a stencil-pen, the same being applicable to many other mechanical devices where a rapid reciprocating motion is required.

Figure 1 represents the bellows and the machinery necessary to operate the same, the flexible tube, and the pen attached. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal section of the pen, showing the construction and operation of the cylinder, piston, and thrust-bar.

A is a small bellows or elastic air-chamber, the head or end a being fixed and the end b loose, and operated on by the rod B, connected with an eccentric upon the shaft to which the pulley C is attached. From the end a of the bellows projects a small tube, d, to which is attached the flexible tube F, leading to and attached to the pen G.

f is an air-tube leading to the air-chamber g; h, another air-tube to the cylinder i; k, a tube leading to and terminating in the pencilpoint l.

In the cylinder i is the piston m, working loosely, and attached to the needle-bar n, the needle-bar ending at the bottom in the needle-point O.

p p' are recoil-springs placed inside the cylinders, above and below the piston, against which the piston cushions, thus checking the motion without jar or noise, and assisting the rebound. The spring p is attached to the lower or bottom end of the air-tube k, which can be inserted farther into the cylinder i or drawn out, and is confined in place by the setserew S, thus increasing or diminishing the length of stroke to the piston m, the longer stroke having more force.

Openings t are made in the bottom of the cylinder i to admit the atmospheric pressure.

We claim as our invention—

The described arrangement and combination of the air-tubes f and h, cylinder i, piston m, adjustable recoil-springs p p', and reciprocating bar n, the piston being actuated by pulsations or air-waves communicated through the flexible tube F, the whole operating substantially as described, and for the purposes herein set forth.

JOSIAH H. GUNNING. HARRY B. WEILAND.

Witnesses:

J. W. GRAHAM, A. B. HOWLAND.