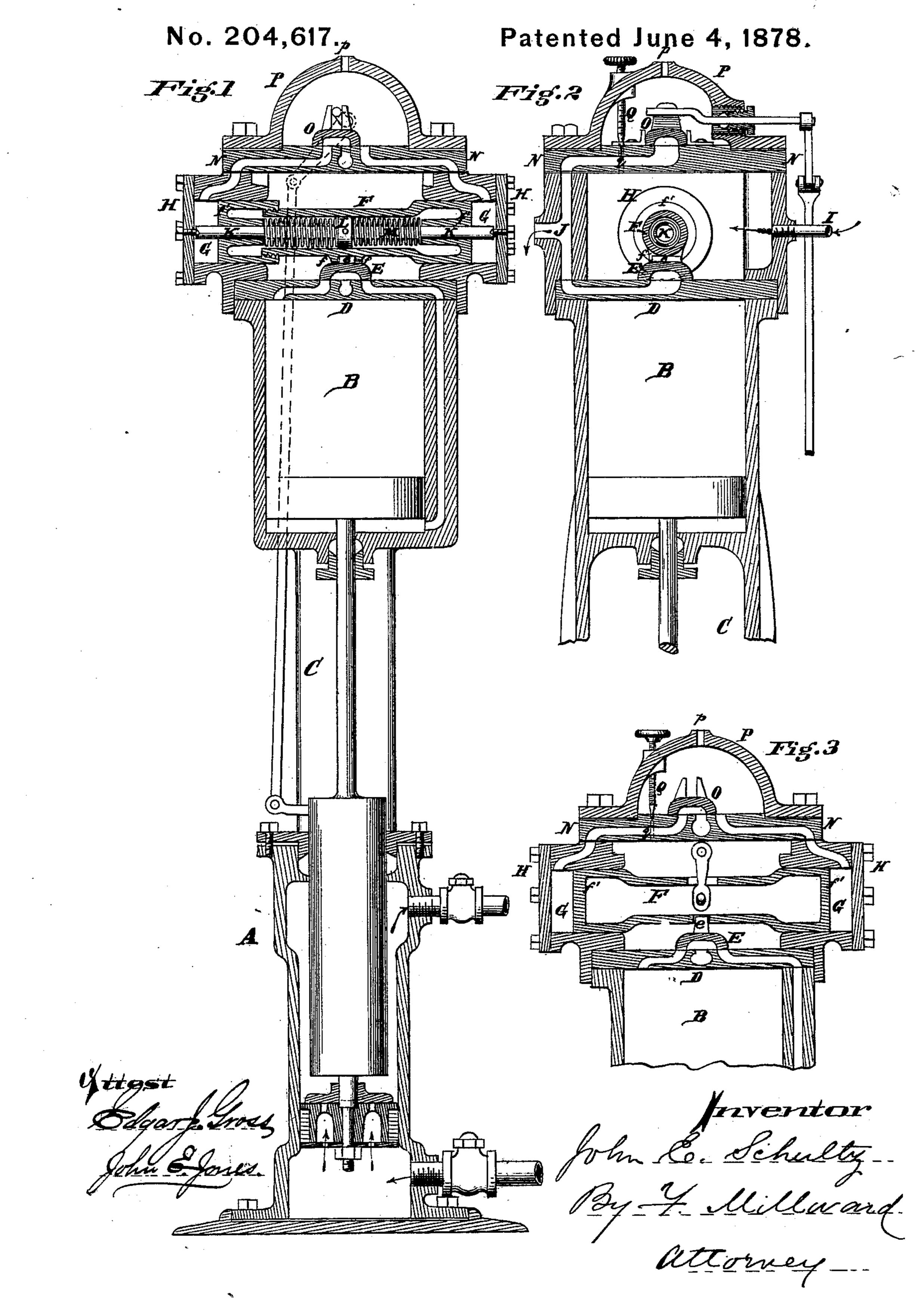
J. E. SCHULTZ.
Slide and Steam Valve.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN E. SCHULTZ, OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.

IMPROVEMENT IN SLIDE AND STEAM VALVES.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 204,617, dated June 4, 1878; application filed March 4, 1878.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John E. Schultz, of Cincinnati, Hamilton county, State of Ohio, have invented an Improvement in Steam-Pumps, of which the following is a specifica-

My invention relates to that class of steampumps in which the steam-piston is actuated by steam admitted through a slide-valve, which is reciprocated by a double-headed steam-moved piston-valve, the latter being operated by steam admitted through a small slide-valve having a positive motion by direct outside connection with the plunger of the pump.

My invention consists, in the first part, in the provision, between the main steam-chest and the cap in which the positive-moving valve operates, of a small aperture, governed by a needle-pointed adjusting-screw, for the purpose of nicely regulating the amount of steam admitted to actuate the steam-moved pistonvalve, the object being to prevent the latter being shot across too violently at any time.

My invention consists, in the second part, in a peculiar construction of the steam-moved piston-valve, by which its motion is arrested at the ends of its stroke by a novel device for cushioning.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical section of my pump, taken through the length of the steam-moving piston-valve. Fig. 2 is a part-section taken at right angles to Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a section of a head embracing the first part of my invention, but with an ordinary way of checking the steam-

moved piston-valve at the ends.

A is the pump, and B the steam-cylinder, united by the upright frame-work C. On the upper flange of the steam-cylinder I rest a plate, D, which contains the ports which pass steam to and from cylinder B. The slidevalve E rests on this plate and governs the ports. It has a lug, e, which fits between the ears f of the steam-moving piston-valve F. It has piston-heads f', moving in short cylinders G formed in the box or steam-chamber H. Boiler-steam is admitted freely at one side of this box through pipe I, and exhausted at the other side through passage J, its admis-!

sion to the cylinder B and discharge therefrom being governed by the slide-valve E. Between the heads of the box H I secure a rod, K, which carries a fixed collar or piston, L, snugly fitting a cylinder formed in the pistonvalve F between the heads thereof; and between this piston L and the heads of the piston-valve I introduce springs M of thin coiled German-silver wire, and I usually make the springs double—that is, one within another, to secure great flexibility. The piston Lalone in the close cylinder makes a good cushion, and materially assists the springs, and the addition of the springs renders the cushioning positive and determinate.

On the steam chest or box HI fit a detachable valve-plate, N, whose lower side corresponds in its ports with the ports of the steam. chest H, and whose upper face receives the small positive-moving valve O. This valve is connected with the plunger of the pump in any of the well-known ways for giving it a

reciprocated motion.

The plate is surmounted by a dome, P, at the top of which an oil-cup may be inserted

at the aperture p.

In order to limit a supply of steam used to actuate the steam-moved piston-valve F to properly determine the quantity, I provide a very small aperture, q, to convey steam from the live-steam chamber, that is within the piston-heads of the box H. This small aperture extends upward into the dome P, and its upper end is governed by a needle-pointed adjustingscrew, Q. By the provision of this small aperture and its delicate adjustment, shocks and breakages, occasioned by the violent shooting of the piston-valve F, are entirely avoided, and I am enabled to govern the motion of my pump with great precision without interfering with the positiveness and reliability of its action. By the provision of the plate N I am enabled to adjust the main valve without any difficulty, as when the plate is removed the entire interior of the steam-chamber is exposed.

I claim—

1. In combination with the steam-chest H and its valve mechanism, and the chamber P which contains the positive-moving valve O the aperture q, with its needle-pointed adjusting-screw Q, substantially as and for the pur-

2. In a steam-pump, the combination, substantially as specified, of the hollow double-stantially as specified, of the hollow double-headed piston-valve, moved only by steam, headed piston-valve, moved only by steam, the stationary rod K, provided with a centrally-disposed fixed collar or piston, L, and trally-disposed fixed collar or piston, L, and light cushioning-springs M, the tension of pose specified.

which is never so great as to overcome the weight and friction of the piston-valve.

In testimony of which invention I hereunto

set my hand. JOHN E. SCHULTZ.

Witnesses: JOHN E. JONES, CHAS. A. NEALE.