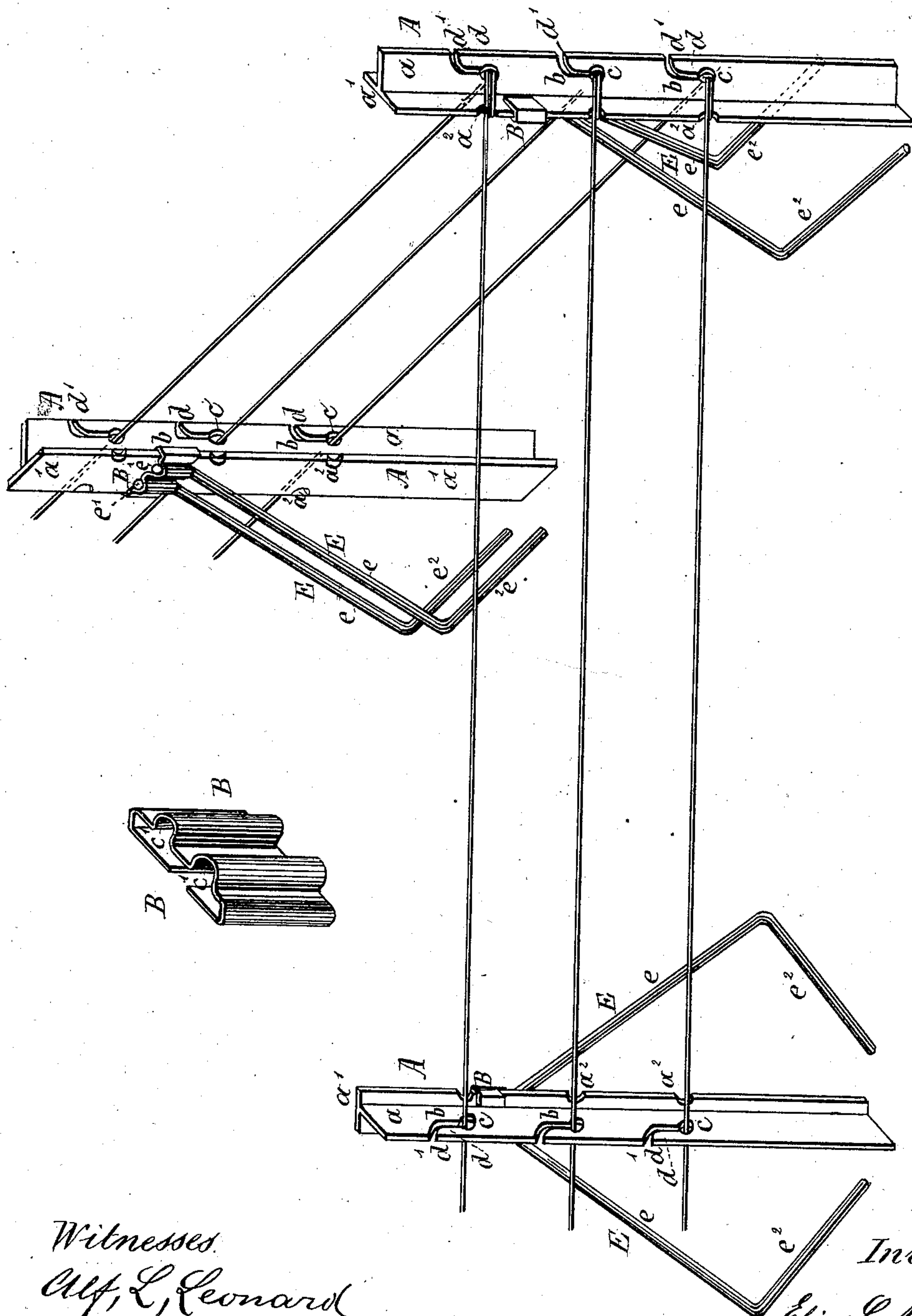


E. C. McVITY.
Metallic Fence Post.

No. 201,547.

Patented March 19, 1878.



Witnesses.
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ELIAS C. McVITTY, OF KENTON, OHIO.

IMPROVEMENT IN METALLIC FENCE-POSTS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. **201,547**, dated March 19, 1878; application filed October 17, 1877.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ELIAS C. McVITTY, of Kenton, in the county of Hardin and State of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Metallic Fence-Posts, of which the following is a specification:

My invention has for its object the construction of a cheap and substantial fence-post especially adapted for use with wire fencing.

The advantages of wire fences, and especially the barbed-wire fence, over all others are well known throughout those regions of country where timber is scarce.

Up to the present time, however, wooden posts have been exclusively used in the construction of these fences, as far as I can learn, the wires being connected with such posts by means of hooks or staples.

The disadvantages resulting from the use of such wooden posts are very great. The principal ones, beside their rapid destruction from natural or accidental causes, may be enumerated as follows: First, when it is desired to substitute barbed wire for ordinary wire fencing, the staples have to be drawn in order to insert the barbed wire, or they have to be replaced by hooks, which are not very safe, as the wires may be pushed or slipped out of them, the drawing of these staples being not only difficult, but resulting often in the destruction of the post; secondly, the hooks or staples are apt to work loose in a short time, not only from atmospheric action or influences, but also from the intermittent strain upon these fastenings by the contraction of the wires; and, finally, the action of the wires upon the posts themselves, which continually tends to lift them (the posts) up in the post-holes, requiring frequent resetting.

To obviate these difficulties, and to produce a fence-post more durable in better resisting atmospheric influences, and that will not burn, I have devised a metallic fence-post, the cost of which will be but a trifle above that of the wooden posts now employed.

In the accompanying drawings I have shown in perspective a section of wire fencing with my improved metallic posts.

A is the post, for which I employ ordinary T-rail iron, such as may be turned out by any rolling-mill. I prefer this shape of post because

they afford better hold when set in the ground, and also better bearing-surfaces for the wires when used as end posts.

The flange *a* of the post is provided with a series of vertical slots, *b*, terminating in a circular slot, *c*, thus forming a tongue, *d*, which may be slightly closed by a tap of a hammer on the upper end *d'* after the wires are inserted, the circular enlarged slot *c* affording ample room for contraction of the wire or for play of such wire when contracted by atmospheric influence, thus relieving the post of all strain and the consequent tendency of being lifted out of the ground by this strain. It further obviates the necessity of driving hooks or staples and the difficulties attendant upon their removal when the fence is to be removed or barbed wire substituted for other common wire.

The metallic posts being of malleable iron, the slots may be readily reopened when desired to remove the wires.

B is a clip or clamp, adapted to be driven over the flanges *a*¹ of the post A. This clip is provided with one or more nearly-circular recesses, *c'*, into which the ends *e*¹ of the braces are inserted, or, more properly, the clip B is driven over the ends *e*¹ of the braces E, which are sprung up to the posts after being driven into the ground.

When the posts A are employed as end or corner posts, the flanges *a*¹ are provided with circular notches *a*², the position of these notches being coincident with the circular slots *c* at the lower end of the vertical slots *b*, so that the wire may be carried around the post and lie within these notches, as will be readily understood; and in this case the slots *b c* may be dispensed with, when the wires are made fast to end posts or carried around corner-posts, as such wires may be twisted once or twice around the post and lie within the notches *a*², being thus held securely in position.

E E are the braces, consisting of the body or main portion *e*, the upper bent leg *e*¹, and the lower longer angular leg *e*², which latter is driven into the ground, so that the said leg *e*² converges toward the post either from each side of such post or from the rear thereof, or both, as is the case with end posts, thus affording a very strong bracing with compara-

tively thin metallic rods, as plainly shown in the drawings.

Instead of forming recesses into the clip or clamp B, loops or eyes may be formed on its face to receive the ends of the braces, or sleeves or sockets may be formed on the clip or clamp, or any other equivalent means may be provided to hold the ends of the brace-rods upon the post. The form of clamp here shown being the least expensive and the simplest, and equally as efficient, I have adopted it in preference to other forms.

Of course it will be understood that I do not wish to limit myself to any particular number of slots or of braces, as the height of the fence and other circumstances must regulate this.

Having now described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a wire fence, the slotted post A, con-

structed as described, in combination with the clip or clamp B, provided with recesses *c'*, as described, and the brace-rods E, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

2. A metallic T-shaped fence-post, provided with slots *b c* on one flange or plate, and semi-circular notches or recesses upon the other flanges or plate, substantially as described, for the purpose set forth.

3. The T-shaped post A, in combination with the clip or clamp B and the brace-rods E, having their opposite ends bent at opposite angles to each other, substantially as described, for the purpose set forth.

In witness that I claim the foregoing I have hereunto set my hand this 11th day of October, 1877.

ELIAS C. McVITTY.

Witnesses:

T. E. STRONG,
A. L. ALLEN.