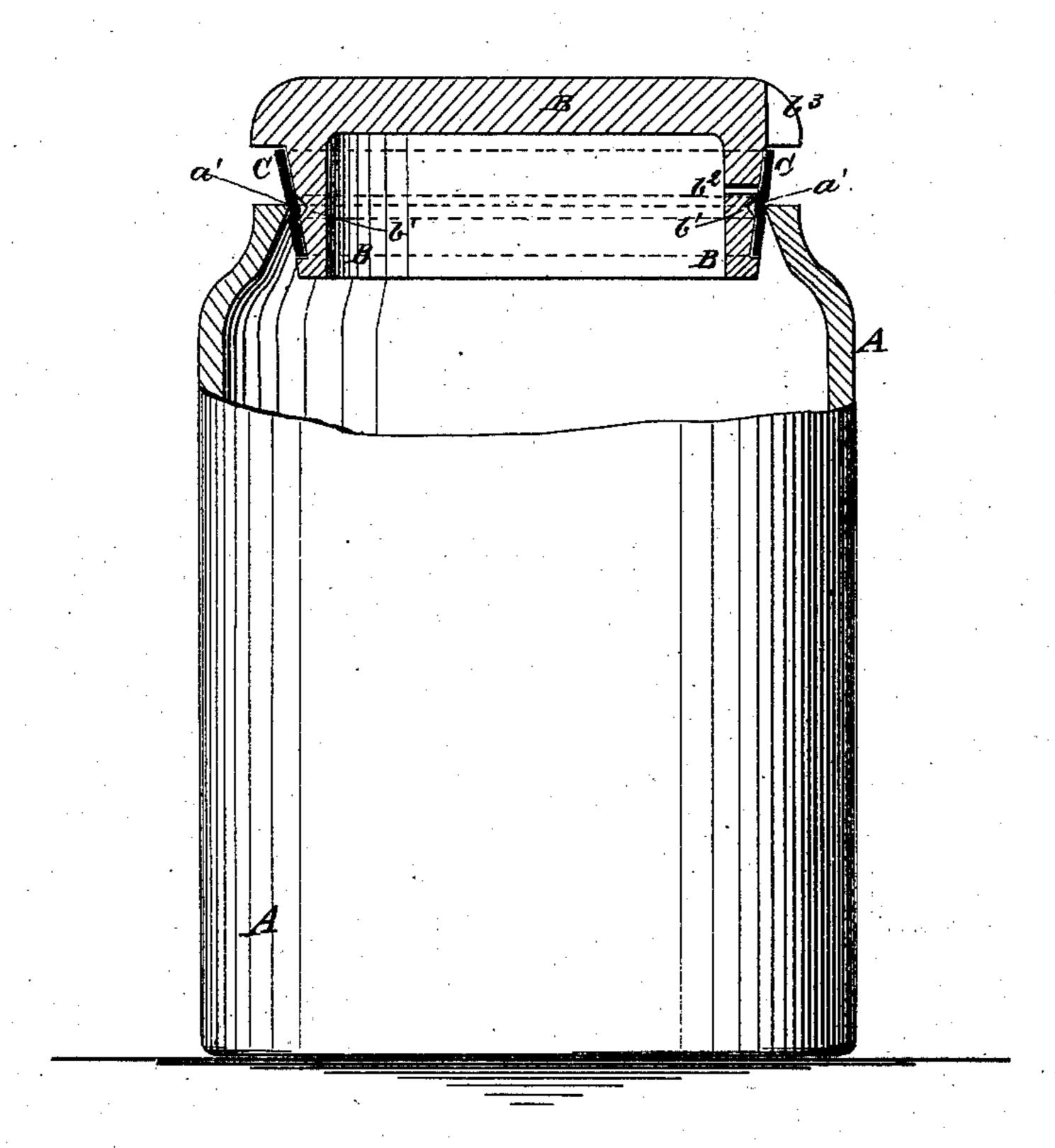
H. PURDY. FRUIT-JARS.

No. 194,617.

Patented Aug. 28, 1877.



WITHESSES:

A.W. Almgviss J.H. fearborough. INVENTOR:

H.

ATTORNEYS.

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HIRAM PURDY, OF BURLINGTON, IOWA.

## IMPROVEMENT IN FRUIT-JARS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 194,617, dated August 28, 1877; application filed June 4, 1877.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HIRAM PURDY, of Burlington, in the county of Des Moines and State of Iowa, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Fruit-Jars, of which the following is a specification:

The figure is a side view of a fruit-jar to which my improvement has been applied, partly in section to show the construction.

The object of this invention is to furnish fruit-jars which shall be so constructed that they may be closed perfectly air-tight, and which will allow their covers to be easily removed.

The invention will first be described in connection with the drawing, and then pointed out in the claim.

A represents the body of a fruit-jar, the neck of which is contracted or drawn in so as to form an inwardly-projecting edge, a', around its mouth.

B is the cover, which fits into the mouth of the jar A, is tapered, and has a wide shallow groove formed around it to receive the rubber band or packing U. In the cover B, directly opposite the inwardly-projecting edge a' of the mouth of the jar A, is formed a narrow groove,

b, into which the edge a' presses the band C, so as to make the jar perfectly air-tight. In the side of cover B, just above the groove  $b^1$ , is formed an air-hole,  $b^2$ , which air-hole is covered and closed by the band C.

The jar is closed by pressing the cover B down into place while the contents of the said jar are hot, and have thus expelled the air.

To open the jar, the upper edge of the band C is drawn down to uncover the air hole  $b^2$  and allow air to enter the jar. To enable this to be conveniently done, a notch,  $b^3$ , is formed in the flange of the cover B, directly above the air-hole  $b^2$ . The cover B is then drawn to one side, which forces the edge a' into the groove  $b^1$ , and allows the other side of said cover to be raised.

I claim as my invention—

The air-hole  $b^2$ , formed in the cover B just above the groove  $b^1$ , and covered with the packing-band C, substantially as herein shown and described.

HIRAM PURDY.

Witnesses:

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