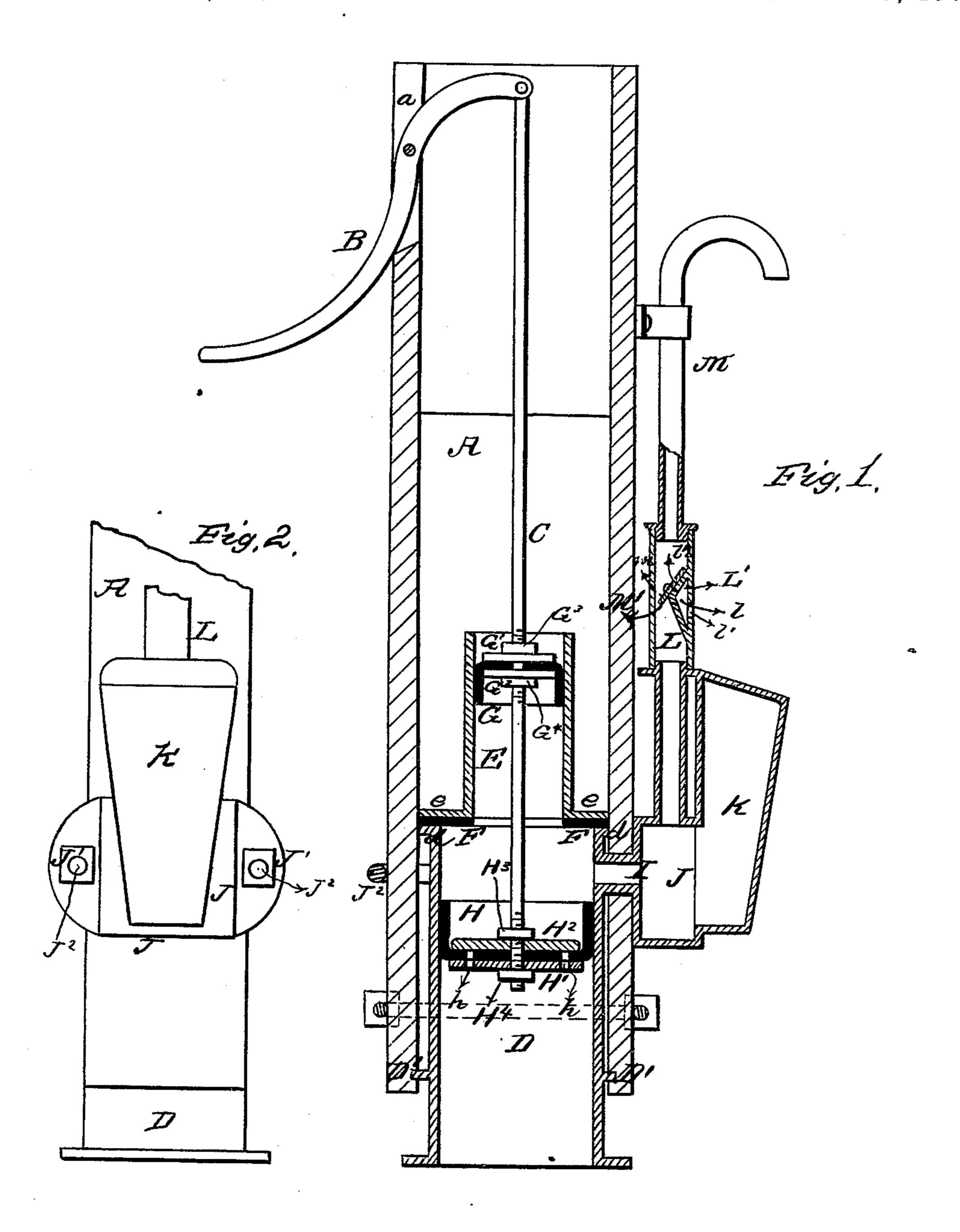
W. N. STARR.

FORCE-PUMP.

No. 188,977.

Patented March 27, 1877.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM N. STARR, OF ASHLAND, OHIO.

IMPROVEMENT IN FORCE-PUMPS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 188,977, dated March 27, 1877; application filed February 24, 1877.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM N. STARR, of Ashland, in the county of Ashland and State of Ohio, have invented a new and valuable Improvement in Force-Pumps; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the construction and operation of the same, reference being had to the annexed drawings, making a part of this specification, and to the letters and figures of reference marked thereon.

Figure 1 of the drawings is a representation of a central vertical section of my force pump; and Fig. 2 is a side elevation of the same.

This invention relates to force-pumps.

The nature of said invention consists in certain improvements in pumps, as will be here-

inafter more fully set forth.

In the accompanying drawings, A designates the hollow upper casing or pump-post of a force-pump; and B designates an operating-lever or pump-handle, pivoted in a slot, a, at the top of said casing. The inner end of said lever or handle B gives vertical reciprocating motion to a piston-rod, C, within said casing or hollow pump-post A. The lower part of said piston-rod works in a pump-cylinder, consisting of a larger lower cylinder, D, and a smaller upper cylinder, E. The contiguous ends of said parts D and E are provided with annular flanges d and e, between which sets a packing-ring, F, of leather, rubber, or other suitable material.

In the smaller upper cylinder E works a rubber piston, G, having the form of an inverted flat-bottomed cup, the bottom thereof being braced by upper and lower metal strengthening-plates G¹ G². Said piston is held in place by upper and lower nuts G³ G⁴, which engage with screw-threads formed on said piston-rod C.

H designates a similar but larger cup-shaped piston, facing the one above described, and provided with a metal stiffening base-plate, H¹, and with a flexible valve-disk, H². Said parts H H¹ H² are held in place by nuts H³ H⁴, which work on screw-threads formed in piston-rod C at or near its lower end. The bottom of piston H is provided with perforations h, which are extended through plate H¹.

It will be observed that, by the above-described construction, the cup-shaped pistons

G and H can be adjusted on the piston-rod, so that they may be made to approach or recede from each other, thereby varying the amount of water raised.

Cylinders D and E are held together by small bolts passing through flanges d and e. Cylinder D is also provided with a flange, D¹, which sets into grooves or recesses on the inside of casing A, and serves to hold the said parts D and A together. This object is further secured by an outlet-tube, I, which extends from the upper part of the cylinder D outward through said casing A. Said outlet-tube leads to a small reservoir, J, one side of which opens into an air-chamber, K. From the top of said reservoir J a vertical tube leads to a valve-chamber, L, the top of which is provided with a raised bent discharge-pipe, M.

In the outer side of cylindrical valve-chamber L is formed an inwardly-extending V-shaped valve-seat, L', inclosing a triangular space, l. The outer wall of said valve-chamber has a perforation, l¹, communicating with space l, and the upper incline of said valve-seat L' is provided with a similar perforation, l², which is adapted to be be closed by an inclined drip-valve, M'. Said valve is pivoted to the upper part of said V-shaped valve-seat, and provided with a short extension, m, which overhangs the ridge or vertex thereof.

The casing of chamber or reservoir J is provided with side plates or lugs J¹ J¹, which form, with a bent rod, J², screw-threaded at each end and suitable nuts, a clip for holding said reservoir and its attachments to casing A. Discharge-pipe M is held to said casing, and braced by a bent fastening-plate, M². Additional clips may be used, if desired, to hold the various parts of the apparatus together.

The operation of the above-described devices is as follows: When rod C descends, water is forced up through piston H (raising valve H²) into the space between pistons G and H, while at the same time the said piston G operates to force water out of said space through tube I. On raising rod C valve H² closes and the water in the said space is raised by piston H and partly forced thereby through said tube I, The pump is thus double-acting.

While the upward flow continues the dripvalve M¹ is kept closed by the pressure of the water against the under side of extension m. But when the said flow ceases the said valve opens, by the pressure of the downward-flowing water on the top of said extension and by its own weight, and it allows the water remaining above it to drip down through perforations l^1 l^2 , and thus escape from the pump. This prevents all injury arising from freezing, and especially keeps the discharge-tube of the pump unclogged by ice in winter-time.

By constructing my pistons G and H of rubber I insure a fit between them and the cylinders in which they work, irrespective of atmospheric changes, which so often impair the usefulness of wooden pistons. I may, however, substitute leather or other flexible material for rubber in said pistons. I may also curve their bottoms instead of making them flat, as shown, in which case the metal stiffening-plates must be curved also. Various other changes of form and arrangement may be made without departing from the spirit of my invention.

What I claim as new, and desire to obtain

by Letters Patent, is—

1. The flexible cup-shaped piston G, provided with metallic plates G¹ G² and nuts G³ G⁴, in combination with the flexible cup-shaped piston H, provided with the perforated metal plate H¹, valve-disk H², nuts H³ H⁴, and screw-threaded piston rod C, whereby the pistons can be adjusted on the rod relatively to each other, substantially as described.

2. Drip-valve M^1 , provided with extension m, in combination with valve-seat L' and valve-chamber L perforated at l^1 , substantial-

ly as and for the purpose set forth.

In testimony that I claim the above I have hereunto subscribed my name in the presence of two witnesses.

WILLIAM N. STARR.

Witnesses:

WILLIAM OSBORN, P. S. GROSSCUT.