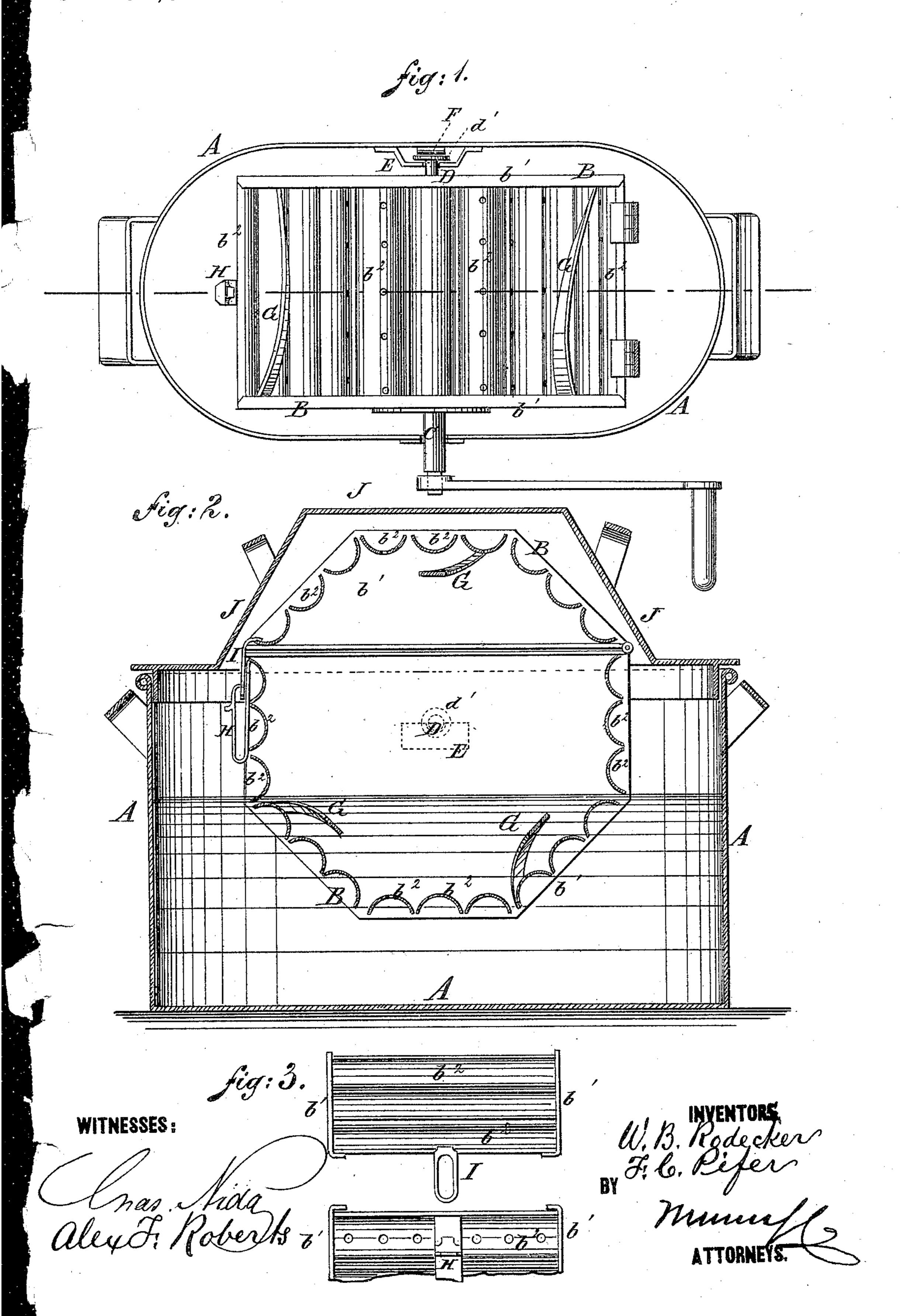
## W. B. RODECKER & F. C. PIFER.

BOILER WASHING-MACHINES.

No. 172,502.

Patented Jan. 18, 1876.



## United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM B. RODECKER AND FRANK C. PIFER, OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS.

## IMPROVEMENT IN BOILER WASHING-MACHINES.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 172,502, dated January 18, 1876; application filed November 13, 1875.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, WILLIAM B. RODECKER and FRANK C. PIFER, of Eureka, in the county of Woodford and State of Illinois, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Steam Washing-Machines, of which the following is a specification:

Figure 1 is a top view of our improved machine, the cover of the boiler and the hinged part of the cylinder being removed. Fig. 2 is a vertical section of the same taken through the line x x, Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a detail view of the hinged catch for fastening the hinged part of the cylinder.

Similar letters of reference indicate corre-

sponding parts.

The object of this invention is to furnish an improved steam washing-machine simple in construction, convenient in use, effective in operation, and inexpensive in manufacture, and which may be applied to an ordinary wash-boiler.

The invention relates to an improvement in steam washing-machines; and consists in the construction and arrangement of parts, whereby the clothes are turned in the cylinder and prevented from becoming packed too closely against the sides thereof; also, whereby the cylinder is held in the middle of the boiler, as hereinafter described.

A represents an ordinary wash-boiler. B is the washing cylinder, which is formed by connecting two octagonal plates,  $b^1$ , at their edges, by semi-cylindrical cross-plates  $b^2$ , three or more to each side of said plates  $b^1$ . The cross-plates  $b^2$  are arranged with their convex sides inward and their concave sides outward, and some or all of them have a row of holes formed through their middle parts. To the center of one of the plates  $b^1$  is attached a

gudgeon, C, which works in a notch in the edge of the boiler A. The projecting end of the gudgeon C is squared off to receive the crank by which the cylinder B is rotated. To the center of the other plate,  $b^1$ , is attached a short gudgeon, D, which has a disk or head, d', attached to or formed upon its end. The gudgeon D works in a notch in a bracket, E, attached to the side of the boiler A, and is held in place, keeping the cylinder B in the middle part of the said boiler A by a spring, F, attached to the boiler, and which presses against the disk or head d' of the gudgeon D. G are bars passing diagonally across one or more of the cross-plates  $b^2$ , and which are curved to stand up from the said plates  $b^2$  to keep the clothes from pressing too closely against them, and to turn the said clothes as the cylinder B is rotated. The cylinder B is divided into two unequal parts, which are hinged to each other at one end, and are connected at the other end by a spring-catch, H. J is the cover of the boiler.

Having thus described our invention, we claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

1. The combination of the diagonal curved bars G with the washing-cylinder B, substantially as herein shown and described.

2. The spring F, notched bracket or bearing E attached to the inner side of the boiler A, and the gudgeon or journal D of the cylinder, combined and arranged as shown and described, to operate as specified.

WILLIAM B. RODECKER. FRANK C. PIFER.

Witnesses:

B. D. MEEK,

J. W. FINLEY.