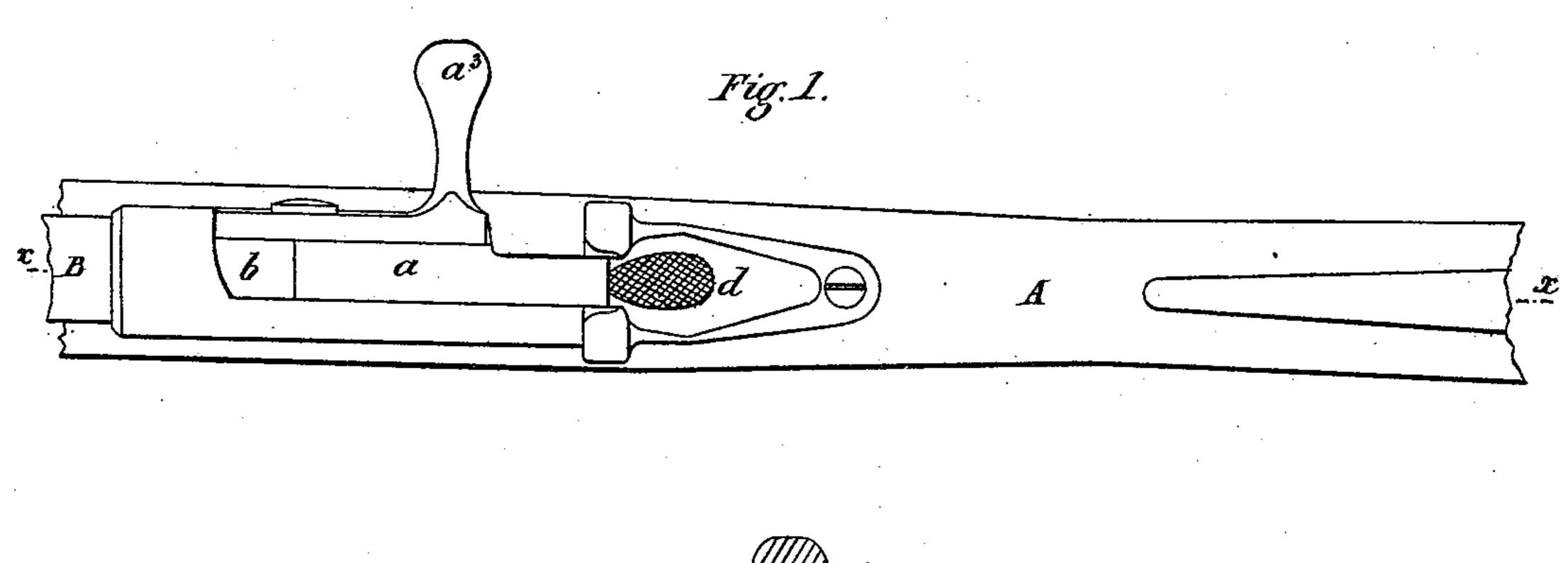
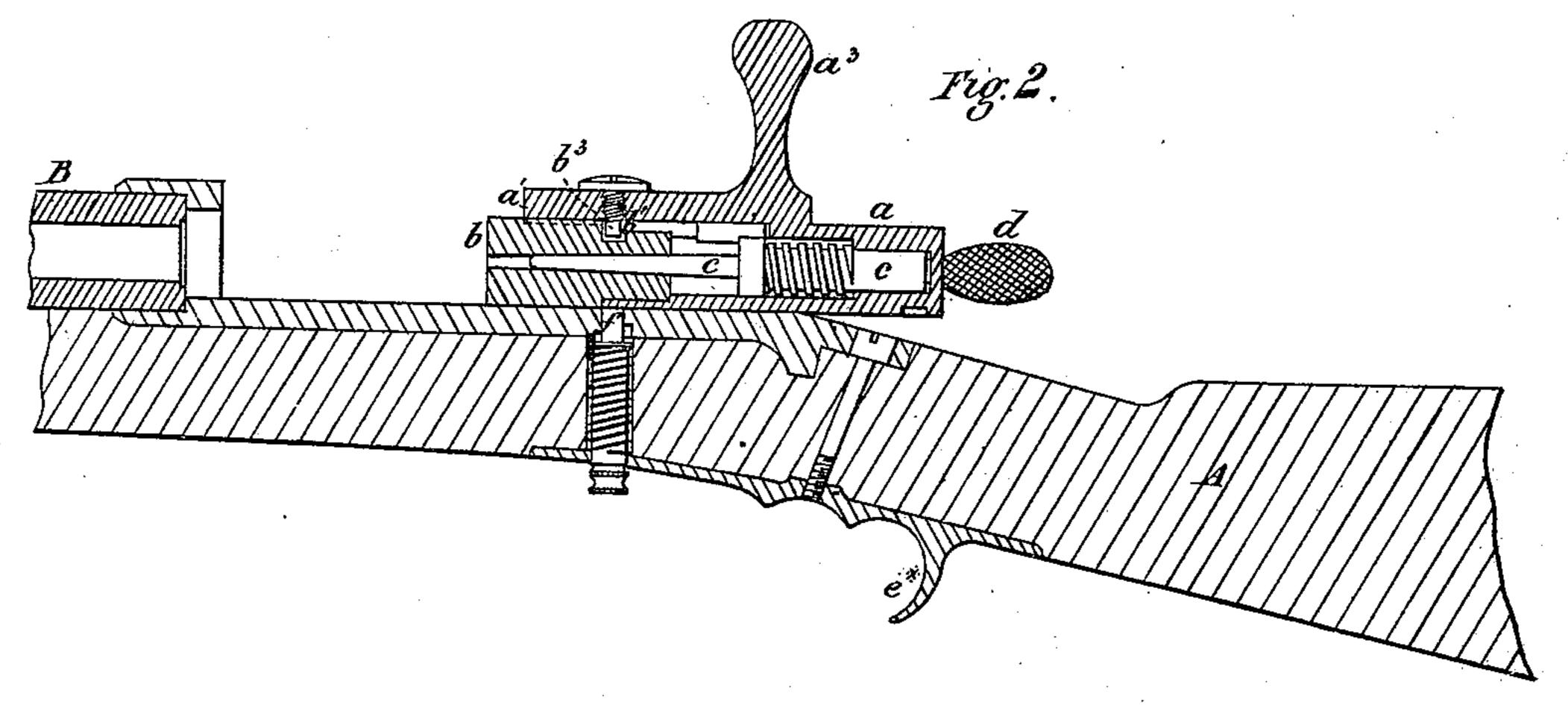
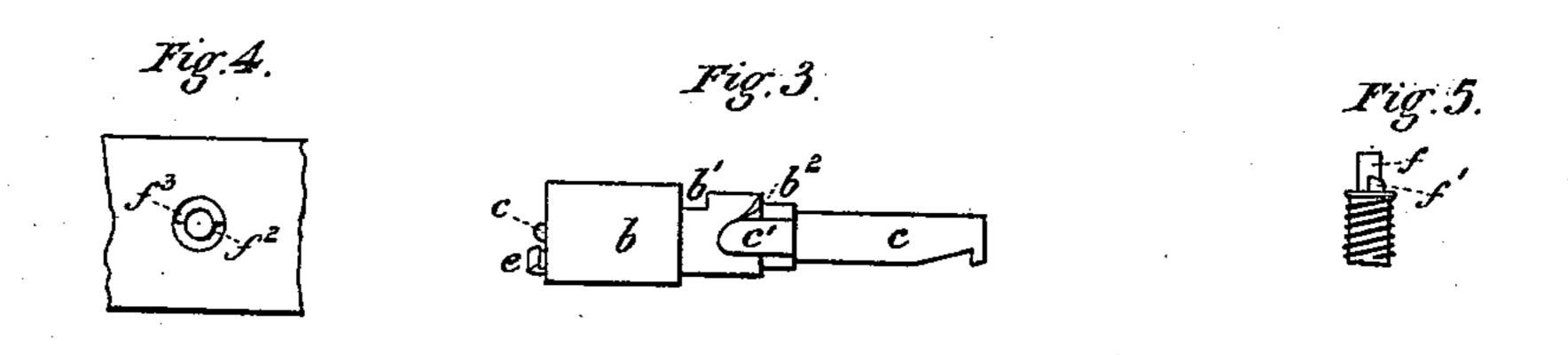
J. P. PIERI. Breech-Loading Fire-Arms.

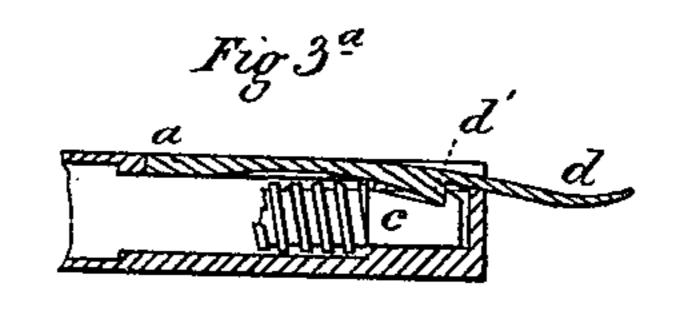
No. 166,138.

Patented July 27, 1875.









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United States Patent Office.

JACQUES P. PIERI, OF GHISONI, CORSICA, ASSIGNOR TO WILLIAM SMITH, OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

IMPROVEMENT IN BREECH-LOADING FIRE-ARMS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 166,138, dated July 27, 1875; application filed April 30, 1875.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Jacques Philippe Pieri, of Ghisoni, Corsica, a resident of London, England, have invented Improvements in Breech-Loading Fire-Arms, of which the

following is a specification:

My said invention relates to breech-loading fire-arms which have at the rear of the barrel a chamber, wherein is fitted a sliding barrel or bolt carrying the firing mechanism, including the trigger, which lies in a groove in the said bolt, and projects from the rear of the same. A firing-pin is fitted inside the said bolt, and is released by depressing the said trigger, and driven forward by a spiral spring. The said bolt has at its forward end a head, which is so attached to the said bolt that it moves endwise therewith, but allows the said bolt to turn without turning the head, and this head is provided with a device for extracting the empty cartridge-shells. The breechbolt is moved in its chamber to open and close the breech by a handle projecting at the side of the said bolt.

My invention is illustrated in the accompanying drawing, which I will now proceed to

describe.

Figure 1 is a plan or top view of the breech of a rifle constructed according to my improvements. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal section on the line x x, Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a plan of a portion of the breech-bolt. Fig. 3^a shows the end of the same with the trigger and firing-pin. Figs. 4 and 5 illustrate a safety device forming part of my improved mechanism.

Like letters indicate the same parts through-

out the drawing.

A is the stock, and B the barrel. a is the breech-bolt, and b is the head of the same. c is the firing-pin. d is the trigger, and e is the extractor. This trigger is a flat spring or elastic piece, fitted in a groove in the bolt, and may be readily removed and replaced when necessary. It has a projection, d', for holding the firing-pin c. The trigger d, when in position for firing, presents a flat surface above the stock, as in Fig. 1, and is pressed downward by the thumb to release the firing-

pin. The piece e^* , below the stock, supports the hand in depressing the trigger d. The head b, at the forward end of the breech-bolt, is formed with a groove, b^1 , in which enters the point of a stop-screw, b^3 , that projects through the guide-piece a^{1} of the aforesaid bolt a, and the head b also has a helicoidal surface, b^2 , which acts on a shoulder, c', of the firing-pin or rod c, in cocking the arm. The handle or lever a^3 of the bolt a and the guide-piece a^1 are made solidly, or in one piece with the cylindrical portion of the said bolt, but the end of the said guide-piece projects beyond the forward end of the bolt, as shown. At the under side of the breech I arrange a safety device, which keeps the belt from turning or moving endwise in its chamber when the bolthandle is turned upward, or in the position for withdrawing the said bolt; and, when the bolt is in this position, the depression of the trigger will not actuate or release the firingpin. This safety device consists of a small spring pin or rod, f, which is fitted to move up and down, and turn in a hole formed through the under side of the breech-chamber, as clearly shown in Fig. 2. The said pin has a shoulder or stud, f^1 , which is so arranged in relation to inclines $f^2 f^3$ on the under side of the breech-shoe that, when the said pin is turned upon the incline f^2 , it will project up through the bottom of the breech-chamber into a hole or cavity in the bolt a, and hold the same immovably, but when it is desired to release the said bolt, the spring-pin f is turned partially around in its hole, and its shoulder f^1 then comes upon the incline f^3 , which is not so deep as the incline f^2 , and the pin f is then held down below and clear of the bolt.

The extractor of this improved arm is a flat bar of steel, or other suitable metal, fitted and secured in a recess in the side of the bolt, and sliding in a longitudinal groove or channel in the bolt-chamber. The said extractor has a claw or hook, formed to take hold of the rim or flange of the cartridge-shell and draw it from the barrel, and the hook holds the shell until the bolt is fully retracted, when it comes against a shoulder in the side opening of the

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breech-chamber, and the cartridge-shell is $|b|^{1}$ and inclined surface b^{2} , and the firing-pin c, thereby expelled from the arm in a forward direction.

I claim as my invention—

1. A fire-arm with the trigger d at the top or upper side of the arm, attached to the breech bolt or cylinder a, and operating as herein specified.

2. In a breech-loading fire-arm, the trigger d, firing-pin c, and spiral spring, combined with and carried in the sliding breech bolt or cylinder a, and operating as herein set forth.

3. In a breech-loading fire-arm, the combination of the breech-bolt a, having the trigger d and screw b^3 , the head b, having groove

having the shoulder c', substantially as described and shown.

4. The safety device f, arranged and operating in combination with the bolt a, as here-

in set forth.

5. In a breech-loading fire-arm, the combination, with the breech-bolt a and head b, of the extractor e, constructed and arranged substantially as described and shown.

J. PIERI.

Witnesses:

BRUCE SHEPHERD, ROBT. WIZER.