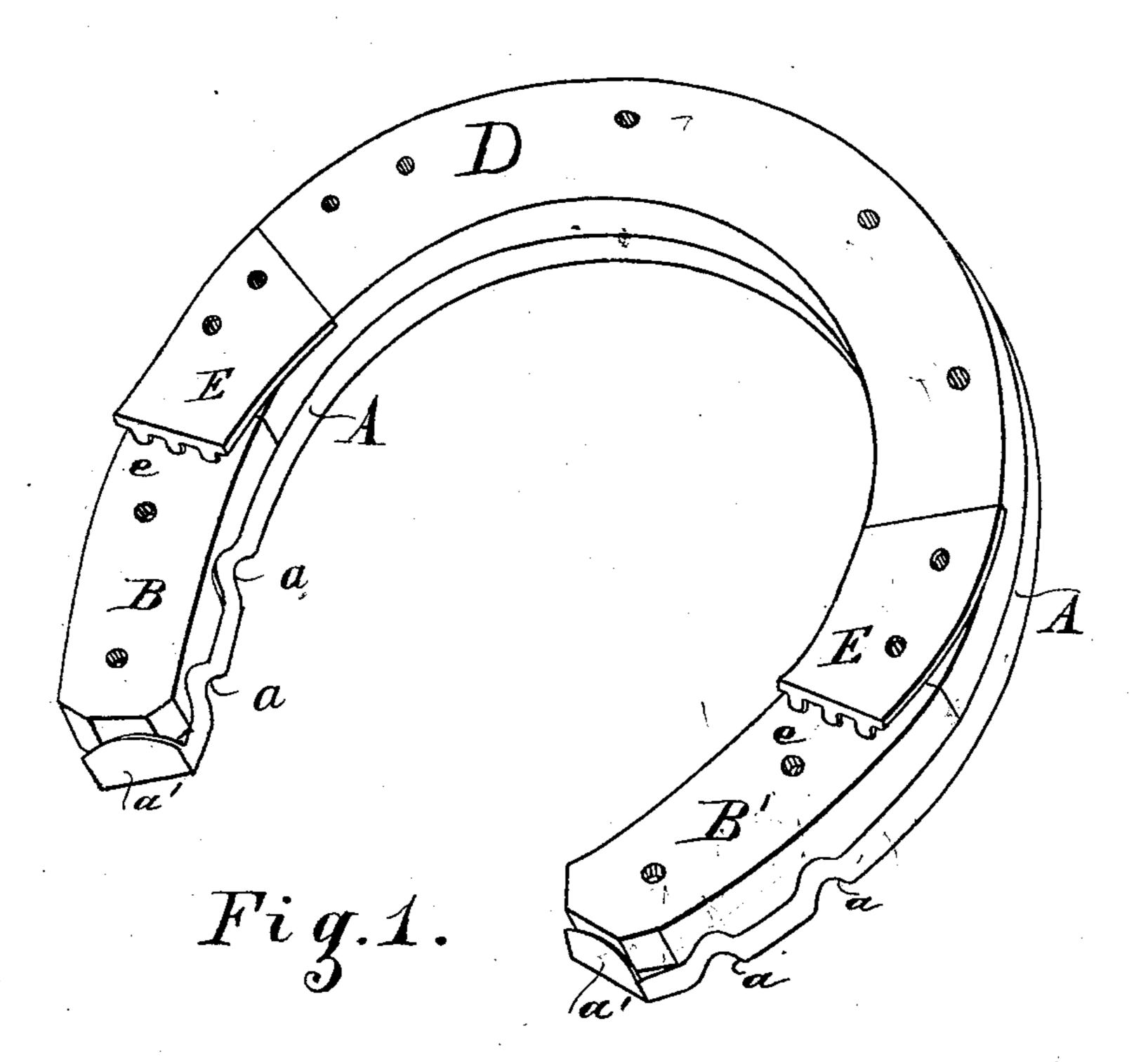
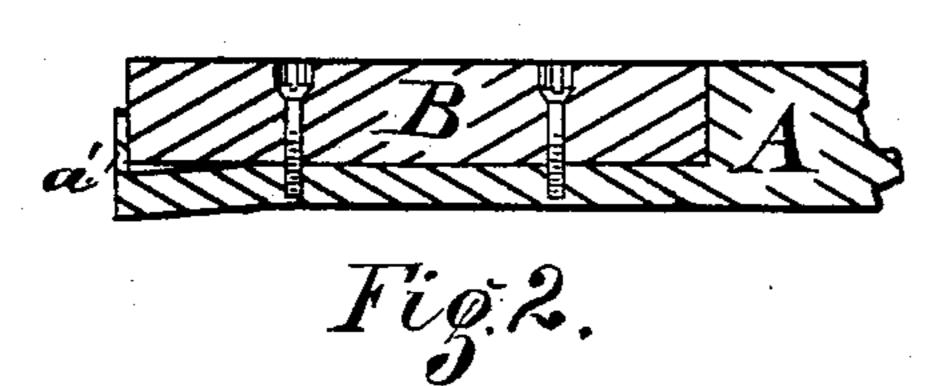
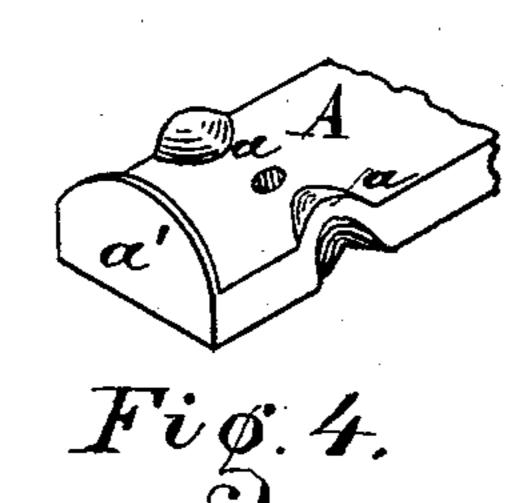
P. M. PAPIN. Horseshoes.

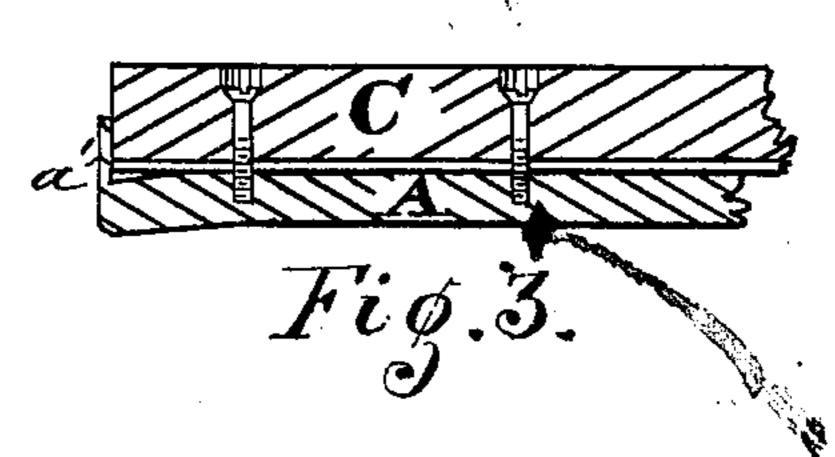
No.149,332.

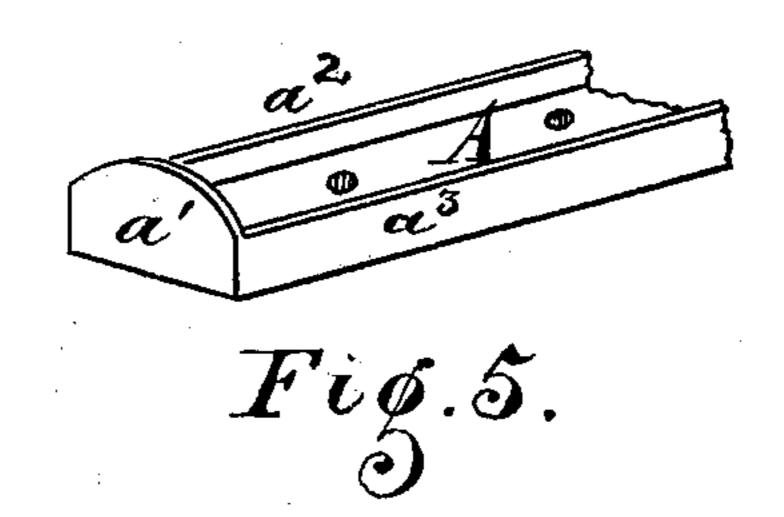
Patented April 7, 1874.











Witnesses. Ino.M. Herthel. Chas Meisner. Inventor. Per M. Papin Per Herthel & Ca. Attys.

United States Patent Office.

PETER M. PAPIN, OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

IMPROVEMENT IN HORSESHOES.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 149,332, dated April 7, 1874; application filed September 22, 1873.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Peter M. Papin, of St. Louis, Missouri, have invented an Improved Horseshoe, of which the following is a specification:

This invention chiefly consists in the combination of wooden or rubber heel and toe parts with an iron shoe, and as will now more fully

appear. Of the drawing, Figure 1 is a perspective view, showing my improved horseshoe complete. Fig. 2 is an enlarged part sectional elevation of rubber heel part united to heel of metallic shoe. Fig. 3 is the same view, but of a wooden heel part united to metallic shoe, and having a layer between. Fig. 4 is a detail perspective of extreme end of heel part of the shoe proper. Fig. 5 is also a detail perspective of same part of shoe proper, slightly

modified.

The ordinary metallic shoe A I form to have side clips a and end clips a^1 . (See Figs. 1 and 4.) Said shoe can have the surrounding top edges a^2 a^3 , as shown in Fig. 5, the object of the clips $a a^1$ or edges $a^2 a^3$ being for the purpose of securing, holding, and preventing from play the rubber heel parts B B', the rubber heel parts B B' being for the purpose of protecting from chafing or frictional action the heel or tenderest part of the hoof of the animal. Said rubber heel parts B B' I secure to the bearing top of the shoe A by screws or fastening devices, which should be countersunk so as not to come in contact with the hoof. A yielding and comforting action to the movements of the animal's hoof or heels is thus

imparted by the rubber parts BB', and otherwise the heel parts of the hoof of animals are kept healthy and sound. Instead of the rubber parts BB', said parts can consist of wooden parts C, with a layer of some flexible material, such as rubber, leather, and the like, placed between the parts C and top of the shoe A, as shown in Fig. 3; also, said parts can readily be secured together by fastening devices, as nails or screws. The direct bearing of the hoof of the animal upon the top of shoe A is thus similarly prevented. The toe part of shoe A I provide with a toe counterpart, D, also of wood or rubber, as shown in Fig. 1. The toe part D extends-from the heel parts B B' completely round toe part of shoe A, and can be secured to the latter in the same manner as the heel parts aforesaid. A further joint connection of the toe part D and the heel parts B B' is made by a socket-plate, E. The socketplate E I form with spurs e, fitted to gripe at one end in the heel parts B B', its other end being fastened by the fastening devices that unite the toe part to shoe A.

What I claim is—

An improved horseshoe, consisting of the heel parts B B' and toe part D and plates E, combined with a shoe, A, all constructed as herein shown and described.

In testimony of said invention I have hereunto set my hand in presence of witnesses.

PETER M. PAPIN.

Witnesses:

WILLIAM W. HERTHEL, CHAS. MEISNER.