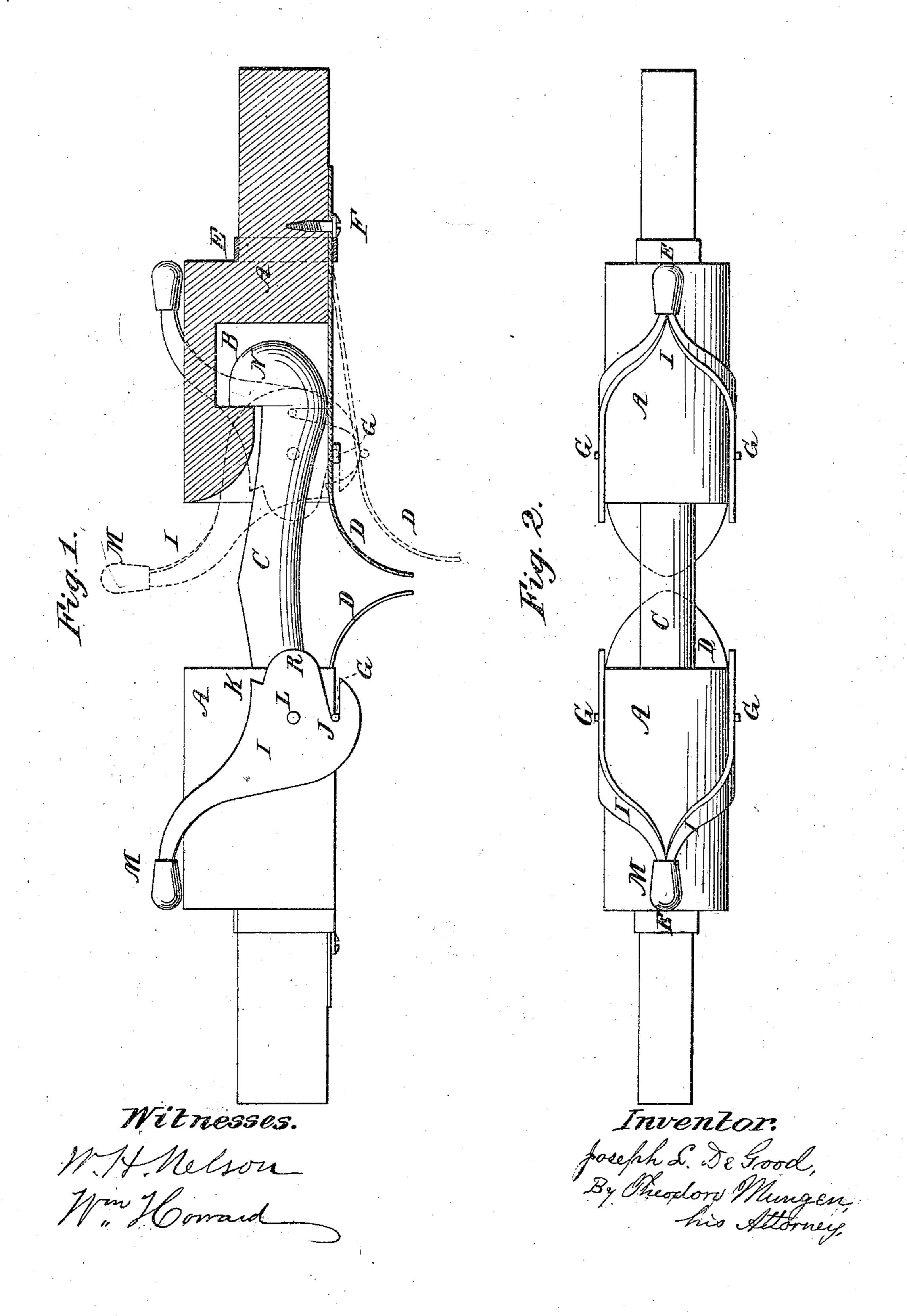
## J. L. De GOOD.

## Car-Couplings.

No. 134,648.

Patented Jan. 7, 1873.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOSEPH L. DE GOOD, OF JEFFERSON, PENNSYLVANIA.

## IMPROVEMENT IN CAR-COUPLINGS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 134,648, dated January 7, 1873.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Joseph L. De Good, of Jefferson, in the county of Greene and State of Pennsylvania. have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Car-Couplings; and I hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawing making part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a side elevation, showing end in section; and Fig. 2 is a plan view of the

invention.

This invention relates to an improvement in car-couplings; and consists of a draw-head, composed of a buffer having a recess in its upper inside, provided with a lever and a spring having a downwardly-curved point, the whole being so arranged that the spring will act as a guide for a coupling-pin, so as to introduce it into the draw-head, and also that the spring can be locked or released at pleasure by the lever; the object being to receive and hold, or release at will, the coupling-pin

held in an adjoining draw-head.

In the drawing, the buffer A has the recess B in its upper inside curved or reamed out, to permit the end of the coupling-pin C to play sufficiently when the cars are turning curves. The head or mouth of the buffer A is rounded from the inside to the outside edge to add to this effect. The spring D is securely fastened to the under side of the buffer A by a band, E, and a bolt, F. The band E is used instead of an additional bolt, which would weaken the spring D, the point of which is in the shape of an arrow-head, and curves downwardly. A cross-piece, G, provided with journal-shaped ends, is secured to the under side of the spring D. Recesses H H in the buffer A receive the ends of the cross-piece G when the spring D is locked. A bifurcated lever, I, each fork of which has a slot, J, and a shoulder, K, at its lower end, has its fulcrum at L L. A handle, M, unites the forks of the lever I at the power end. A coupling-pin, C, declines from the center toward each end, at which points the hooks N N are placed. The lever I is so constructed that when the handle M rests upon the buffer A the journal-shaped ends of the cross-piece G enter the slots J J

in the lower ends of the forks of the lever I,

and lock the spring D.

When the handle M is so elevated as to cause the rounded portions R R of the lever I to force the cross-piece G, and consequently the spring D to which it is attached, to the greatest distance from the buffer A, the coupling-pin C can enter the draw-head and be withdrawn without coupling the cars. When the handle M is drawn forward until the journal-shaped ends of the cross-piece G rest against the shoulders K K, the spring D can be forced down, but will resume its place as soon as the force is withdrawn. The couplingpin C can be entered into the draw-head at this time, and will couple the cars; but they cannot be uncoupled until the spring D is forced down so as to permit the hook N to drop from the recess B.

A draw-head constructed as herein described is attached to each end of every car. When the cars are moving up to be coupled, one end of the coupling-pin C being secured in one of the draw-heads, the point of the free end strikes the curved point of the spring D, and is guided into the draw-head, where the hook N catches in the recess B and is retained by the spring D. The lever I is now thrown back until the journal-shaped ends of the cross-piece G enter the slots J J, at which

time the spring D is locked.

Having thus described my improvement, what I claim as new and useful, and desire to

secure by Letters Patent, is—

The buffer A provided with the recess B, in combination with the bifurcated lever I, the forks of which are provided with the slots J J and shoulders K K, and the spring D provided with the curved point and cross-piece G, arranged relatively one to the other, substantially as and for the purpose hereinbefore set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing improvement in car-couplings, as above described, I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 23d day of October, 1872.

JOSEPH L. DE GOOD. [L. s.]

Witnesses:

F. W. McVAY, W. McEwin.