

J. F. MASON.
Gloves.

No. 133,376.

Patented Nov. 26, 1872.

Fig. 1

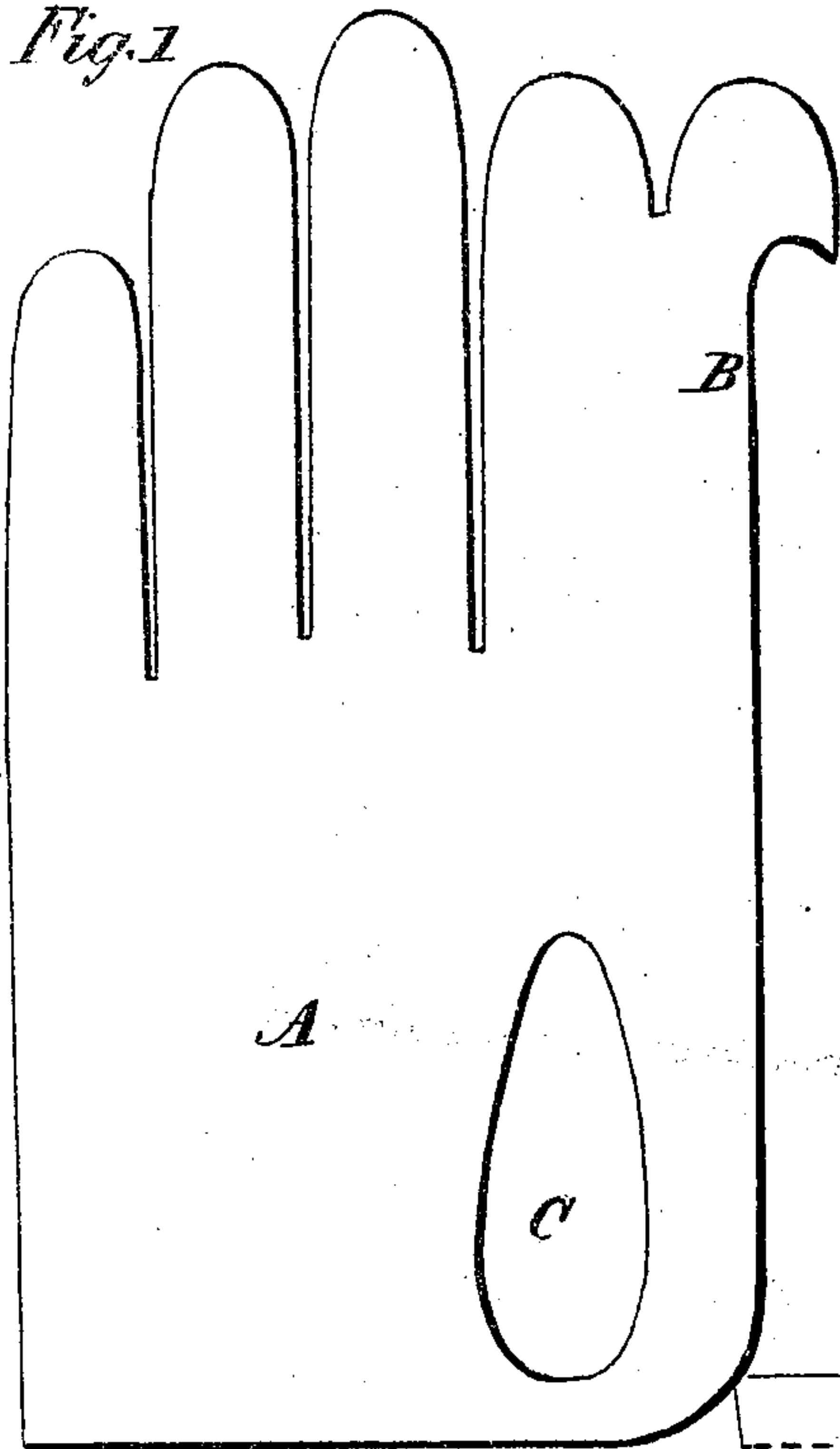


Fig. 4.

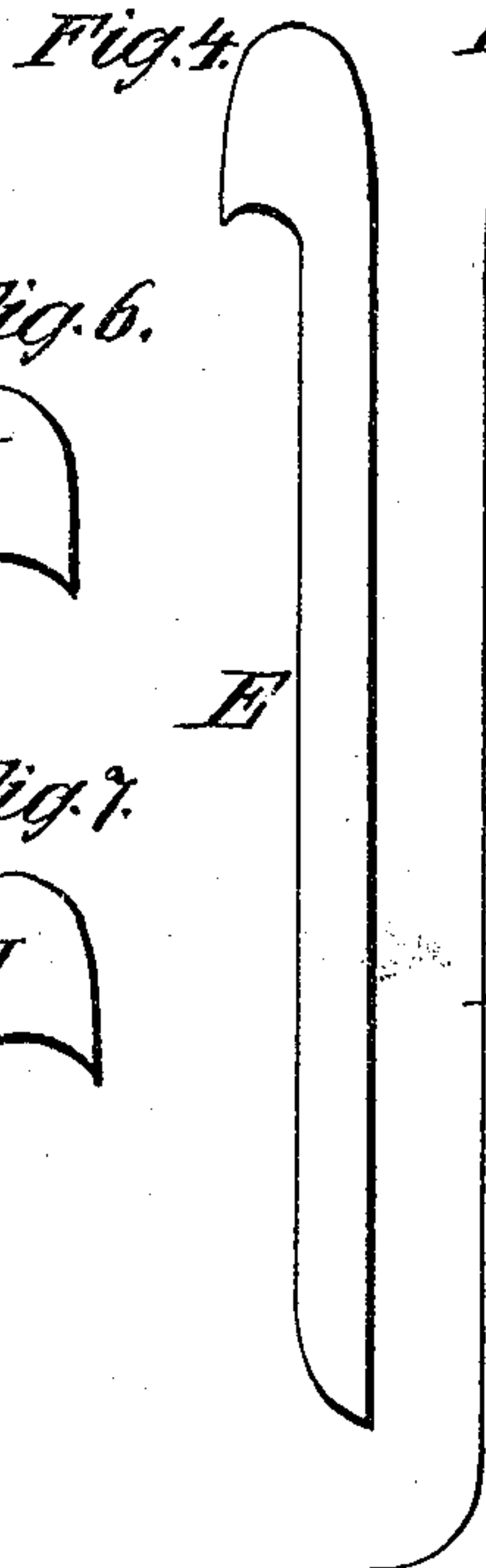


Fig. 2

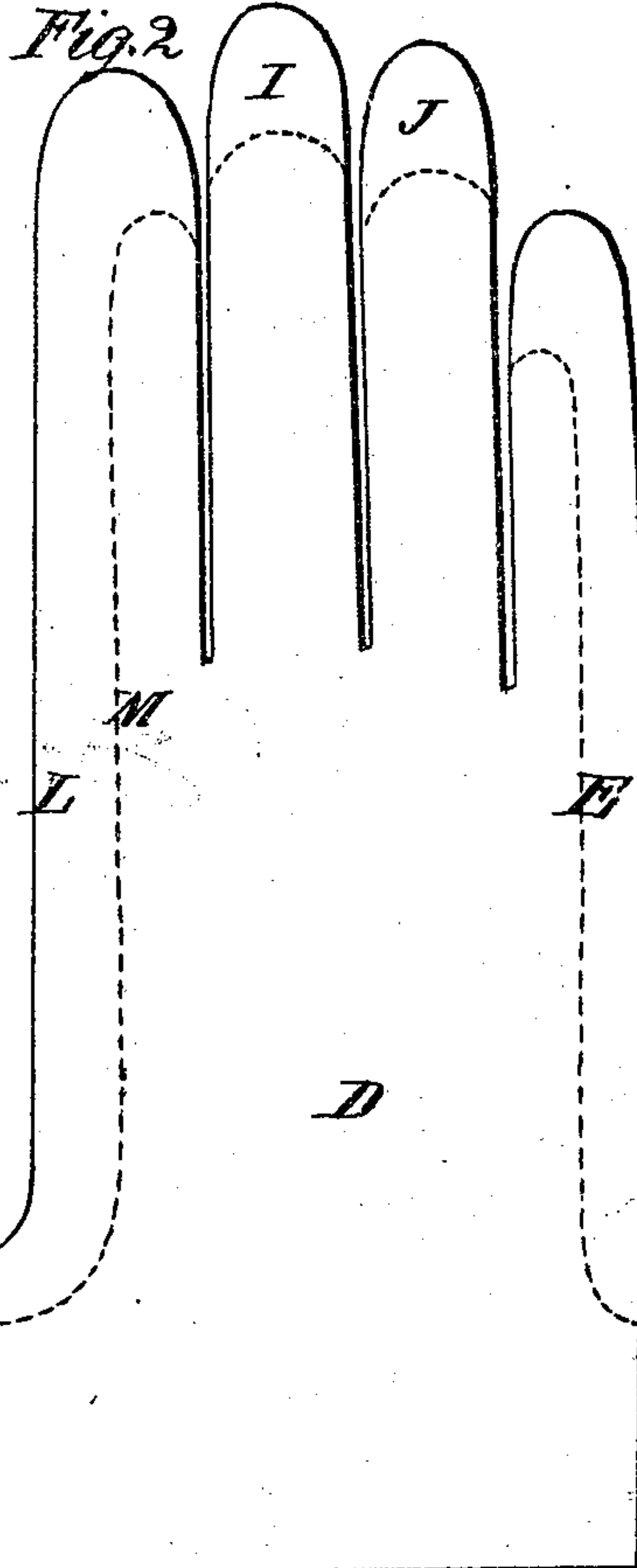


Fig. 6.



Fig. 7.



Fig. 5.

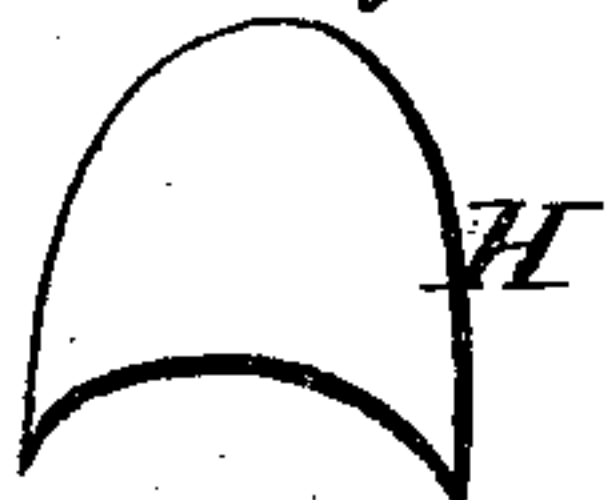


Fig. 3.

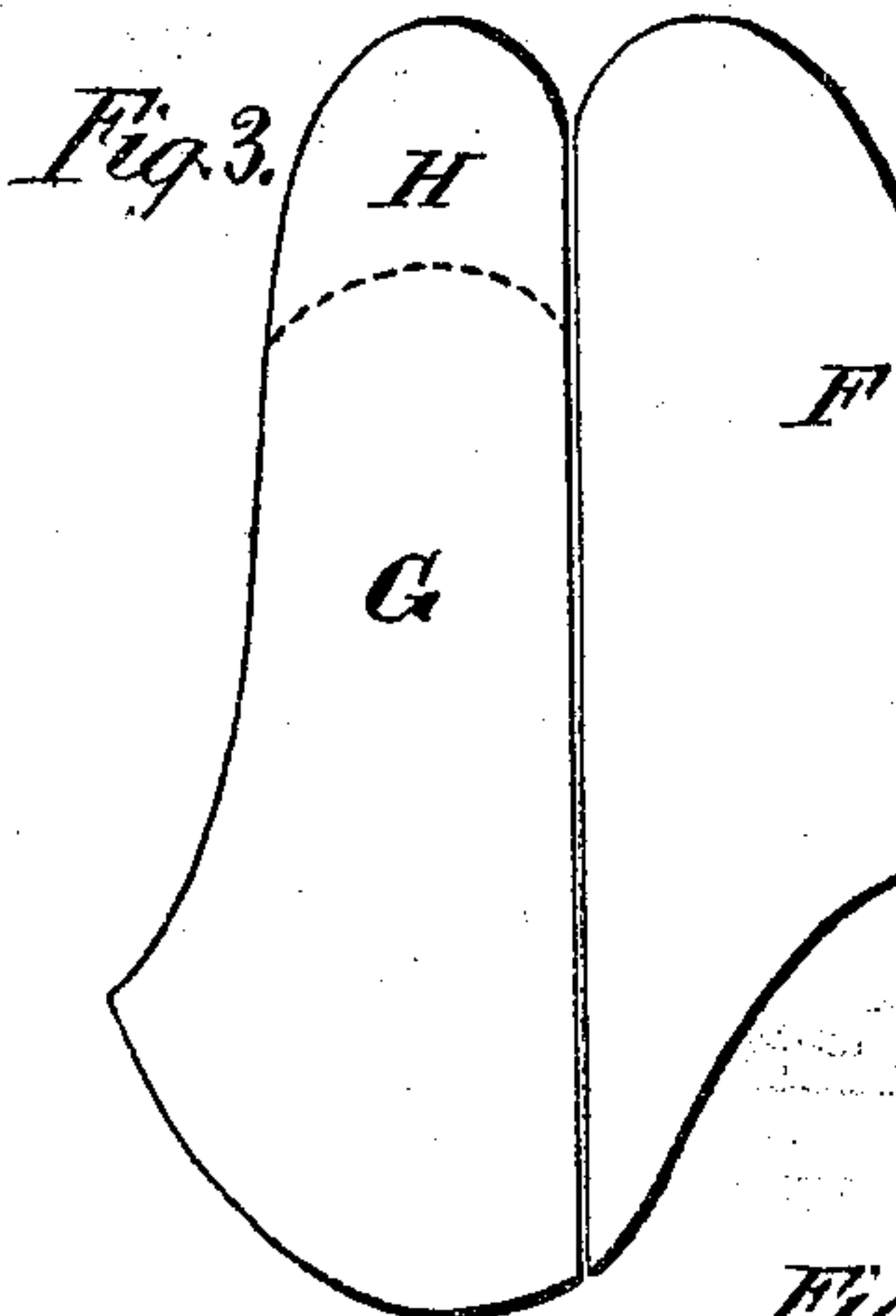


Fig. 8.

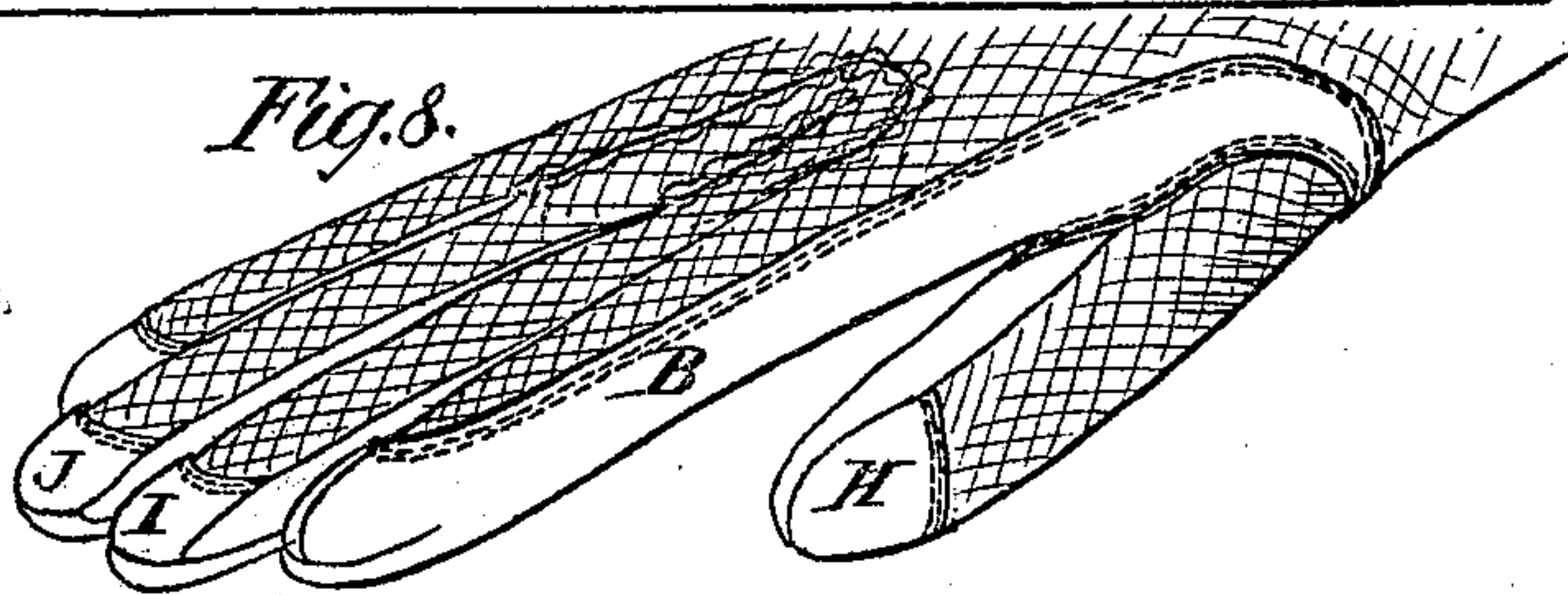


Fig. 9.

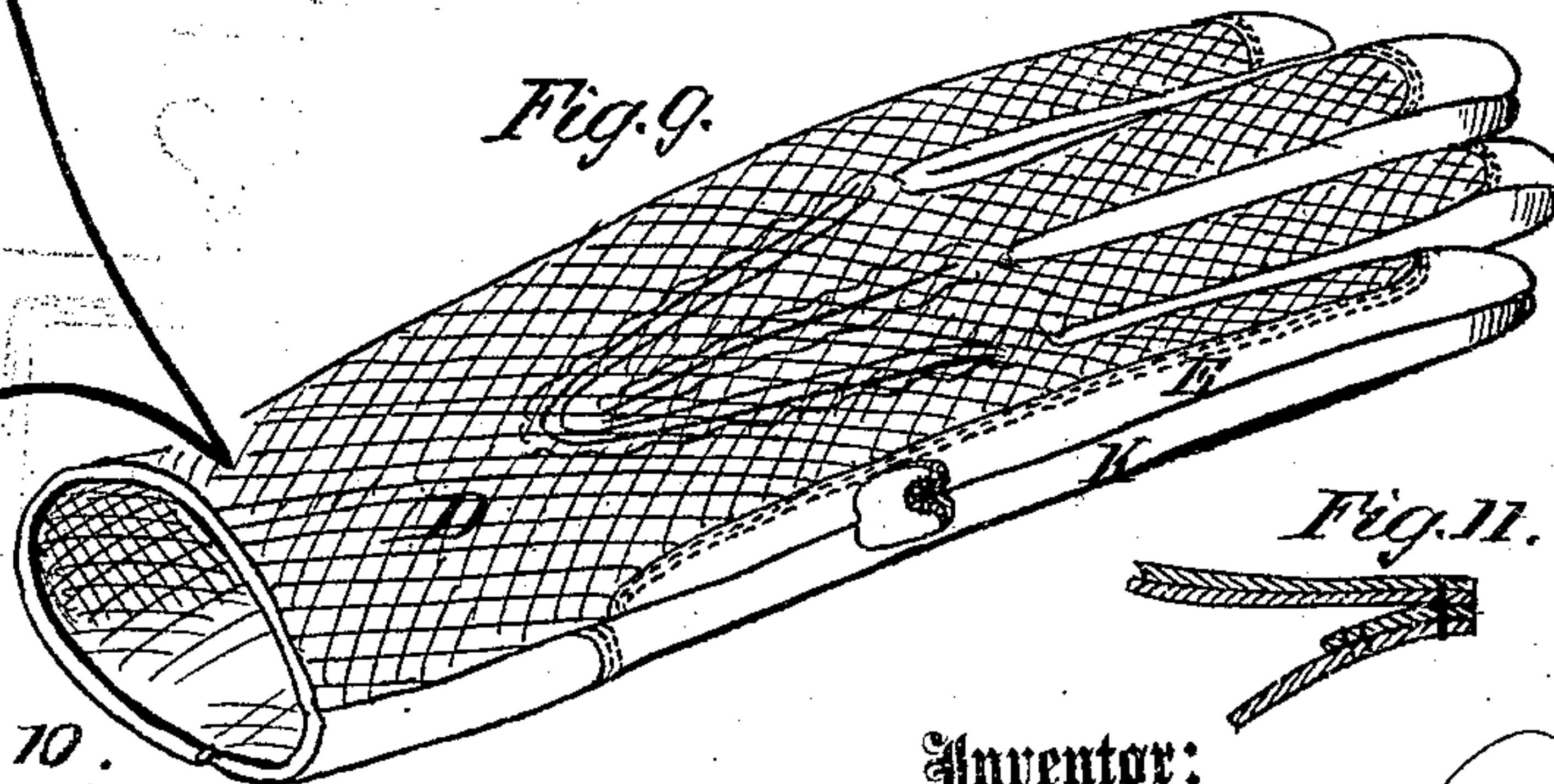


Fig. 11.

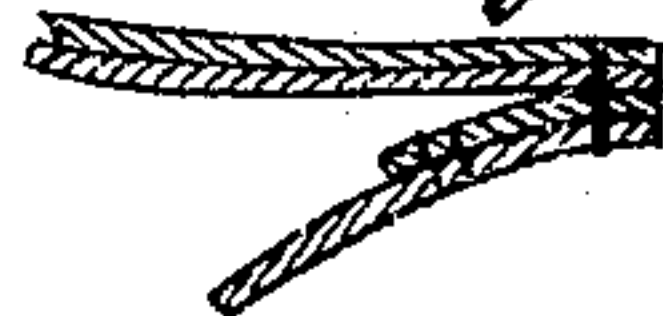
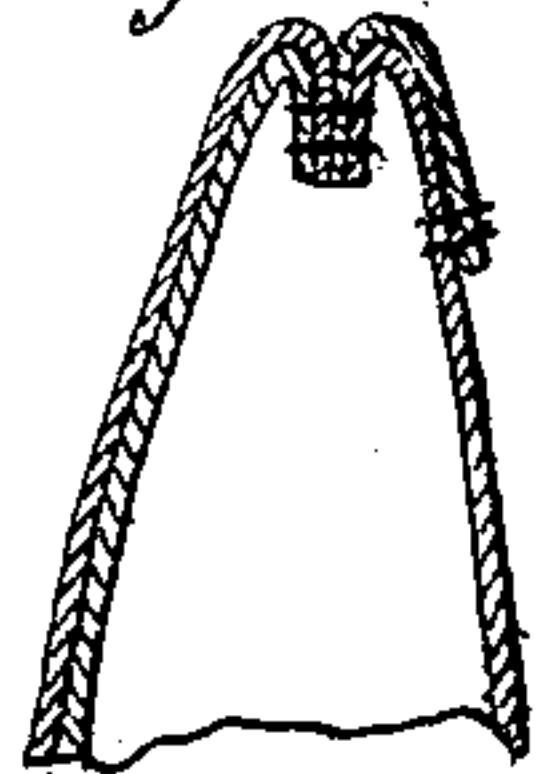


Fig. 10.



Witnesses:

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JAMES F. MASON, OF JOHNSTOWN, NEW YORK.

IMPROVEMENT IN GLOVES.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 133,376, dated November 26, 1872.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES F. MASON, of Johnstown, in the county of Fulton and State of New York, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Gloves, of which the following is a specification:

This invention relates to that class of gloves which are made partly of leather and partly of cloth, and known as "combination gloves;" and the invention consists in the patterns and in the glove made therefrom, the form and style of which and manner of putting together being hereinafter more fully described.

In the accompanying drawing, Figure 1 represents the leather palm-pattern, showing the thumb-hole. Fig. 2 shows the pattern for the cloth back and wrist piece. Fig. 3 represents the pattern for the thumb, leather and cloth. Fig. 4 is the pattern for the cap-piece of the little finger. Fig. 5 is the cap for the thumb; Fig. 6, the cap for the middle finger; Fig. 7, the cap for the third finger. Fig. 8 is a sectional view of the glove, showing the parts put together. Fig. 9 is the same, showing the position of the little-finger cap-piece in the complete glove. Fig. 10 is a detail, showing the mode of attaching the thumb and the other finger caps. Fig. 11 is a detail, showing a section of the glove when the leather and the cloth and the lining are doubled together for stitching.

Similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts.

A represents the palm-pattern. This part of the glove is leather, with the forefinger cap-piece B thereon. C is the thumb-hole. D represents the back-pattern with wrist-piece

attached. This part of the glove is made of cloth. E is the little-finger cap-piece, of leather, and the dotted lines show manner of its attachment to D. F represents the pattern for the ball of the thumb; this is made of leather. G is the back of the thumb, made of cloth. H is the cap of the thumb. I is the cap for the middle finger, and J the cap for the third finger. These caps are attached as seen in Fig. 10. They are all made of leather scraps, and protect the glove at the ends of the fingers. The little-finger cap-piece and the palm are attached together by the seam marked K, Fig. 9. L is the leather portion of the palm, which connects with the cloth over the forefinger and forms the cap for that finger, the connection being indicated by the dotted lines m.

From these patterns a glove is formed of the most durable character, protected at every wearing point, and flexible as when made entirely of cloth. The glove may be lined either throughout or in part, or not at all, as may be desired.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

1. The patterns herein described, and marked A D E F G H I J, substantially as and for the purposes specified.

2. A glove formed from or by the above-described patterns, substantially as set forth.

JAMES F. MASON.

Witnesses:

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WILLIAM CHAPIN.