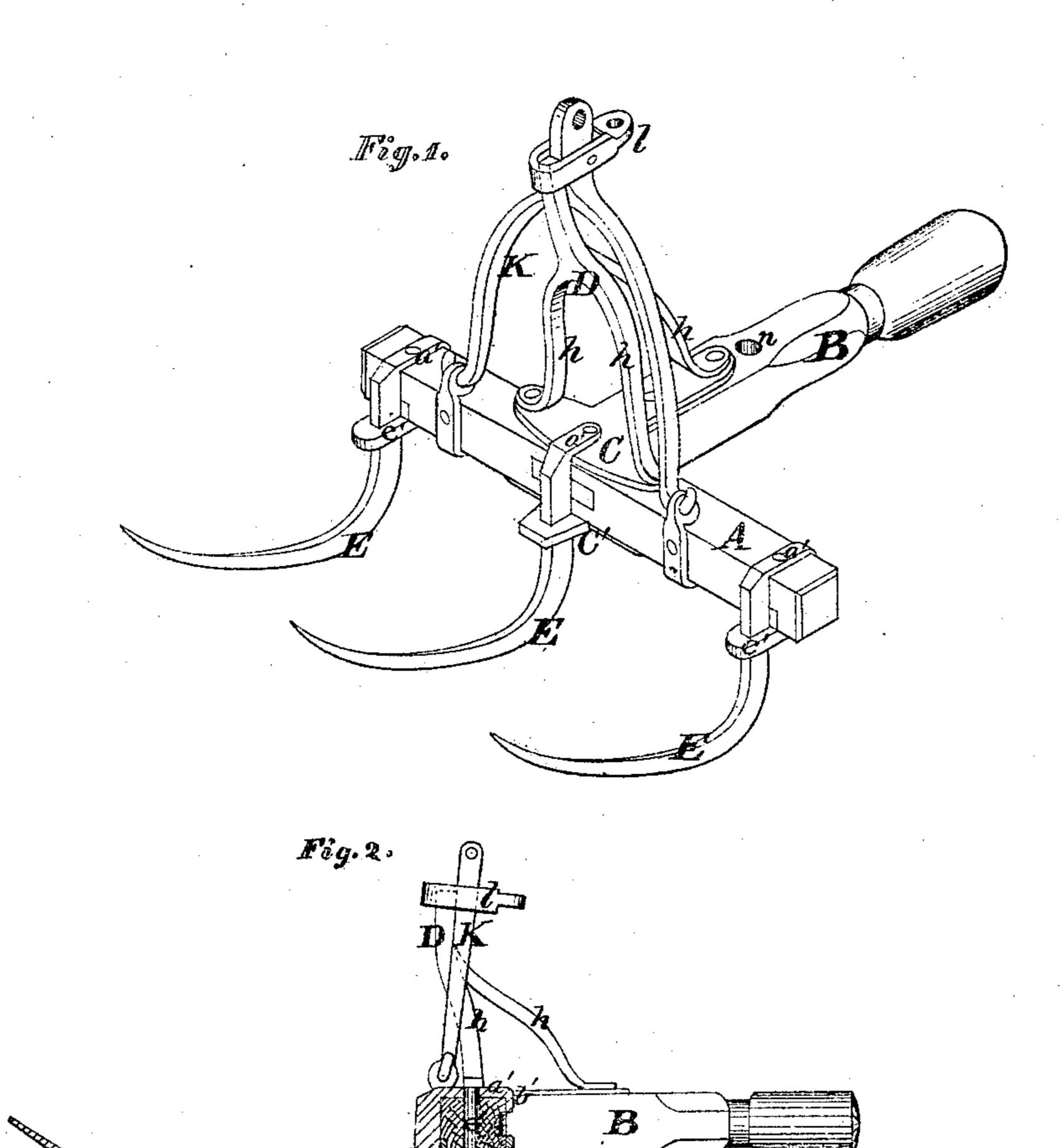
M. M. Saddin. Hay Fork.

16.109.032.

Patonton. Nov. 8. 1870.



Witnesses Charkenyou Edward Pottasta

M. M. H. Faddin Chifman Former He Attorneys

United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM W. McFADDIN, OF ENNISVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA.

Letters Patent No. 109,032, dated November 8, 1870.

IMPROVEMENT IN HORSE HAY-FORKS.

The Schedule referred to in these Letters Patent and making part of the same.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM W. McFaddin, of Ennisville, in the county of Huntingdon and State of Pennsylvania, have invented a new and valuable Improvement in Hay-Forks; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the construction and operation of the same, reference being had to the annexed drawing making a part of this specification and to the letters and figures of reference marked thereon.

Figure 1 of the drawing is a perspective view of my invention.

Figure 2 is a longitudinal section through the end prong.

My invention relates to an improvement in the mode of constructing hay-forks; and

It consists in the manner of securing the prongs to the wooden cross-head, whereby lightness and strength are secured.

The letter A of the drawing represents the wooden cross-head, to which is attached the handle B. The cross-head is usually of a rectangular form.

C represents a plate attached partly to the crosshead and partly to the handle.

It serves to support the catch D and to strengthen the joint.

A similar plate, C', is attached under the joint.

E E represent the tines of the hay-fork.

The heel of each time is flattened to form a plate, a', which is bent backward at right angles with the rear portion of the time, and is designed to lie on the upper side of the cross-head.

At the rear end of the plate a' is a short flanch, b', which extends downward on the rear side of the crosshead, and serves to clamp the tine thereto, and prevents lateral movement.

c' c' represent metal loops secured to the under sur-

face of the cross-head and projecting forward therefrom in such a manner as to embrace each tine.

The loop c' is secured to the clamp a' by the bolt e', which passes through the cross-head.

In the drawing the central tine is represented as passing through a loop formed on the plate C' and as secured to the upper plate C.

The catch D is supported upon three bearing-standards, h h, which are somewhat spread in order to give the catch sufficient strength, and to keep it from being thrown out of position.

K represents the metal arc or bail which supports the hay-fork.

Pivoted to the upper part of this is the catch-loop l, which is operated by means of a small rope passing through the perforation n in the handle of the hayfork.

My invention is designed to constitute a strong, light, and durable implement. The mode of construction is such as to give all the strength of a fork made entirely of metal, without its weight. It is also less expensive on account of the saving in metal, accomplished by the use of the wooden cross-head and handle.

What I claim as my invention, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

The tine E, when constructed as described, to clasp the cross-head at its front, top, and rear, and to pass through the loop c of the bottom plate, said tine and plate being connected by one bolt only, in conjunction with said loop, substantially as specified.

In testimony that I claim the above, I have hereunto subscribed my name in the presence of two witnesses.

Witnesses: WILLIAM W. McFADDIN.
WM. L. DUFF,
M. MILLER.