

W. MAGILL.
Magazine Stove.

No. 100,427.

Patented March 1, 1870.

fig. 1.

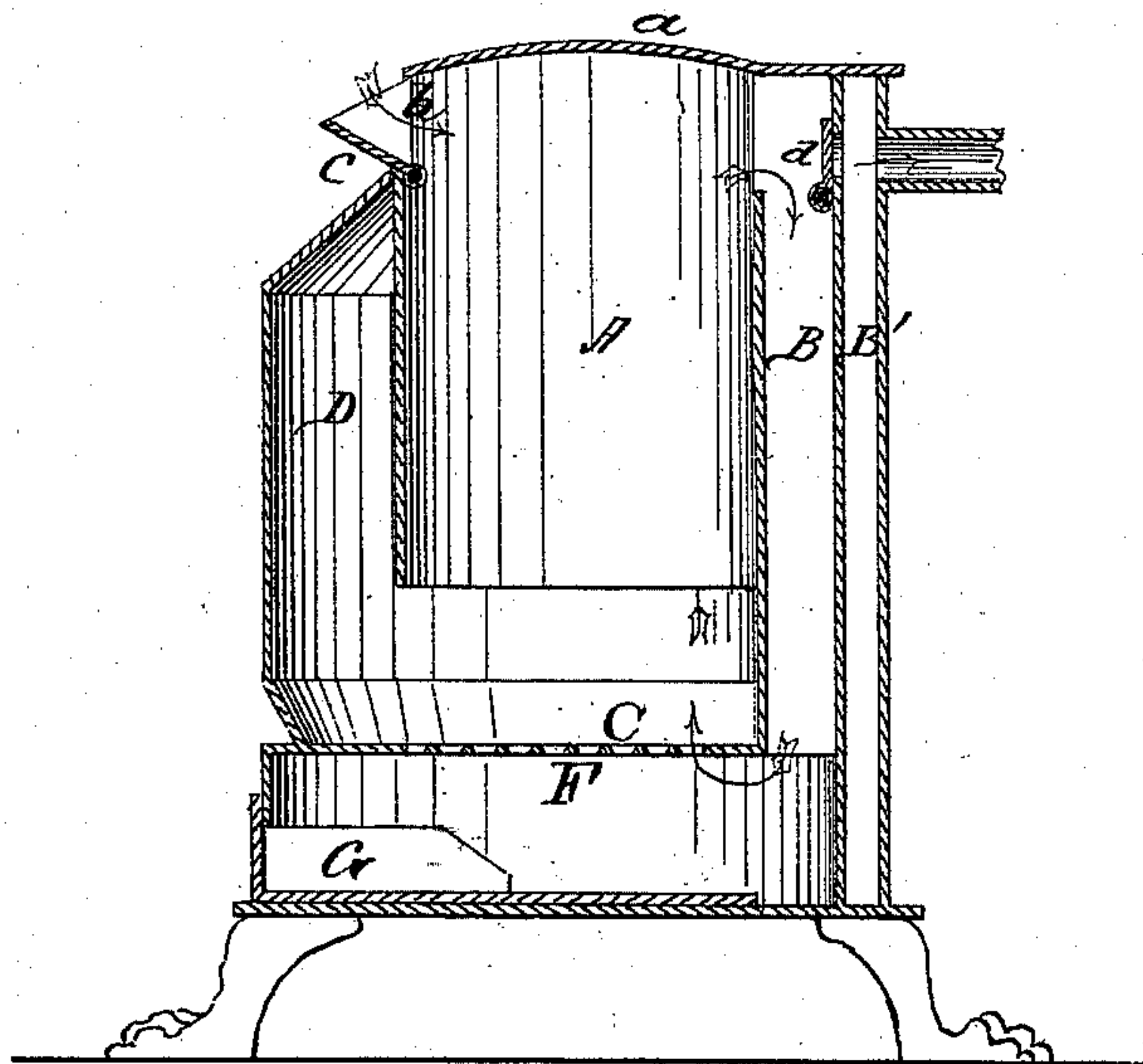
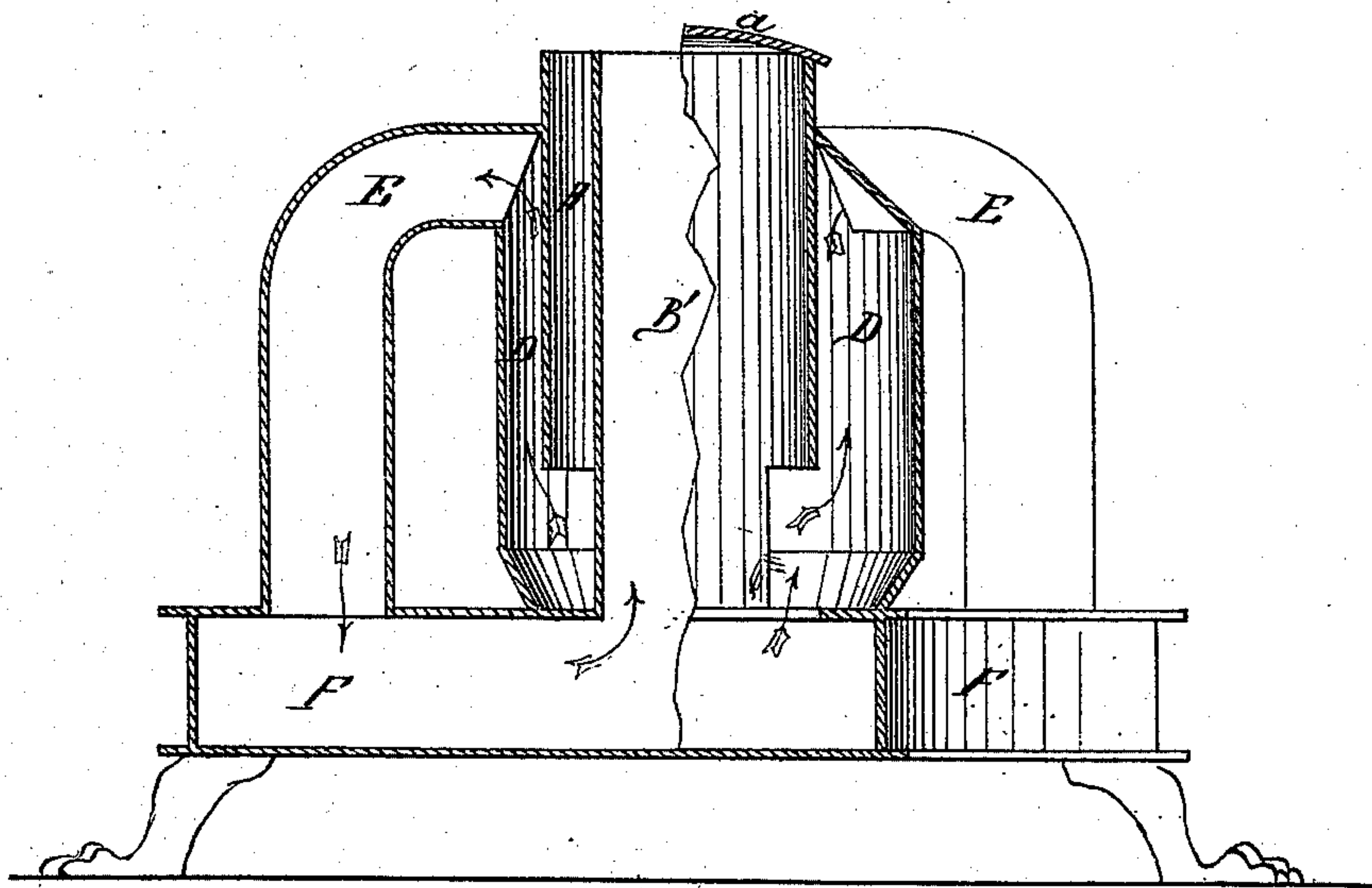


fig. 2.



Witnesses:

Victor Hagmann
Chas A. Petit

Inventor

Wm Magill
per Mumt Co
Attorneys.

United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM MAGILL, OF PORT DEPOSIT, MARYLAND.

Letters Patent No. 100,427, dated March 1, 1870.

BASE-BURNING STOVE

The Schedule referred to in these Letters Patent and making part of the same

To all whom it may concern :

Be it known that I, WILLIAM MAGILL, of Port Deposit, in the county of Cecil, and State of Maryland, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Stoves; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the construction and operation of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings making a part of this specification, in which—

Figures 1 and 2 are sectional elevations from the side and front of the stove respectively.

This invention has for its object to cause the draught of a base-burning stove to enter at the top, pass over the fuel in the magazine, and, by flowing down a vertical flue at the rear of the stove, to gain a position, whence it may strike the fire from beneath.

In the drawings—

A is the magazine, provided with a removable cover, *a*, at the top, and also provided with an orifice, *b*, at one side, just beneath the cover *a*, and a hinged plate, *c*, which may be turned up, so as to be continuous with the wall of the magazine, and close the orifice *b*, or may be left in the inclined position shown in fig. 1, and thus form a chute through which fuel may be thrown into the magazine, and through which also the draught enters, there being no other draught-orifice.

The current of external air entering at *b* passes across the top of the fuel in the magazine.

B is a vertical flue at the rear of the magazine, having a damper, *d*, at its top, down which the draught passes.

The flue B extends downward to the level of the grate C, and its air-current, on issuing from the flue, is immediately beneath the grate, and rises directly through it.

After passing the grate, the draught, with its ad-

mixture of gas, rises through the chamber D, which surrounds the magazine A, and from the top of the chamber D it goes into the pipes E E, which branch off to each side, and conduct it once more downward into the hollow chamber F, at the base of the stove, whence it rises again by the escape-flue B', and passes off into the chimney.

In order to create a draught at the bottom, when the fire is kindling, the ash-pan G should be drawn out sufficiently to open its orifice in the side of the base chamber F, and the damper *d* at the top of the flue B should be closed. This causes the draught from the upper orifice *b* to sweep directly across to the escape-pipe, and the draught from the lower orifice to ascend through the magazine.

When the fire is well under way, the lower orifice should be closed, and the damper *d* opened.

Having thus described my invention,

What I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. A base-burning stove, whose draught is introduced at one side near the top, passes laterally over the fuel in the magazine, and flows thence down the side to a position whence it may enter the fire from beneath, substantially as described.

2. The combination of the magazine A, flues B B', and hinged plates *c d*, in the manner described, and for the purpose of causing the draught to flow into the chimney direct from the magazine.

3. The combination of the magazine A, flues B B', chambers D F, and pipes E, in the manner and for the purpose specified.

WILLIAM MAGILL.

Witnesses:

CHAS. A. PETTIT,
SOLON C. KEMON.