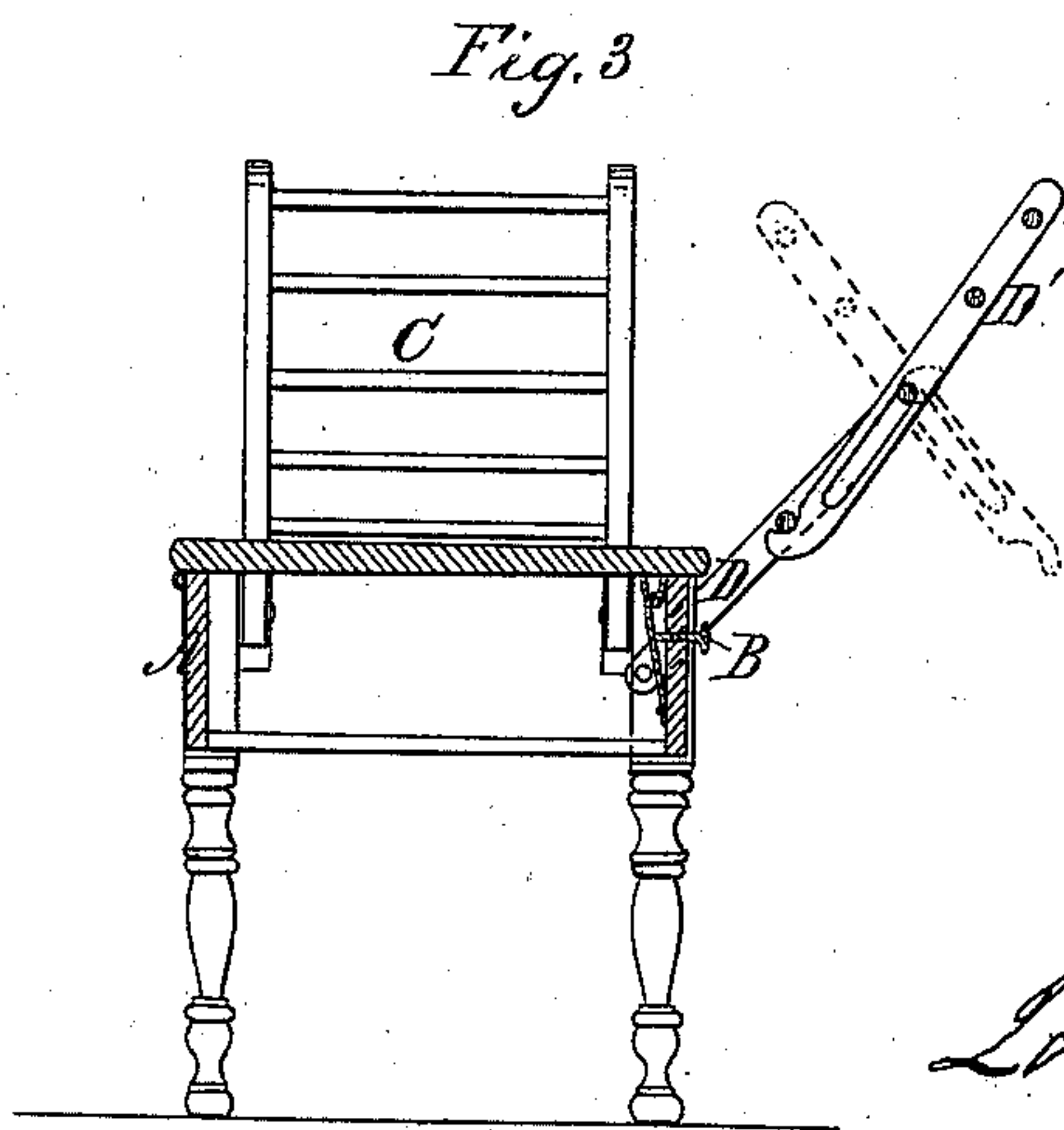
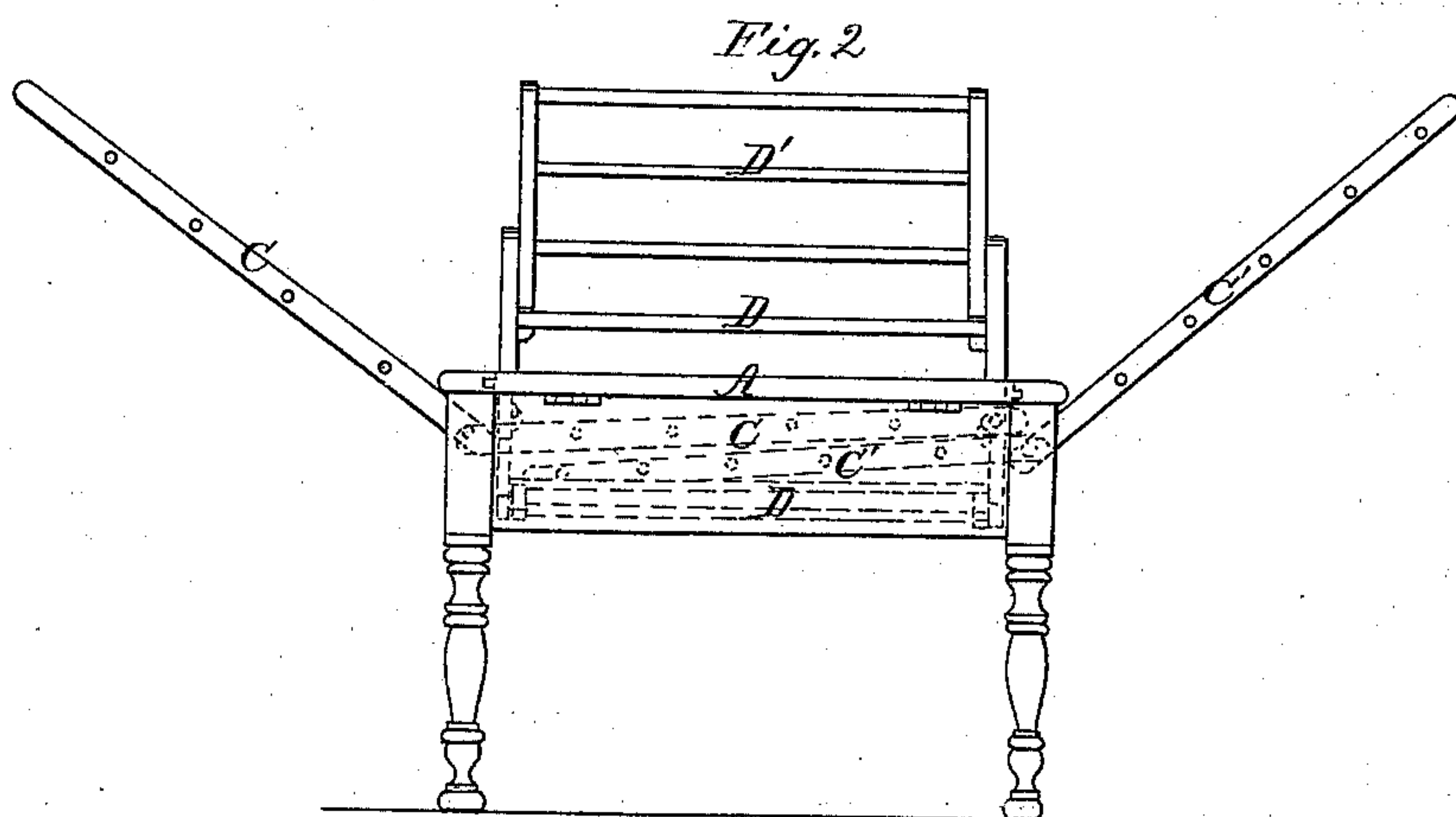
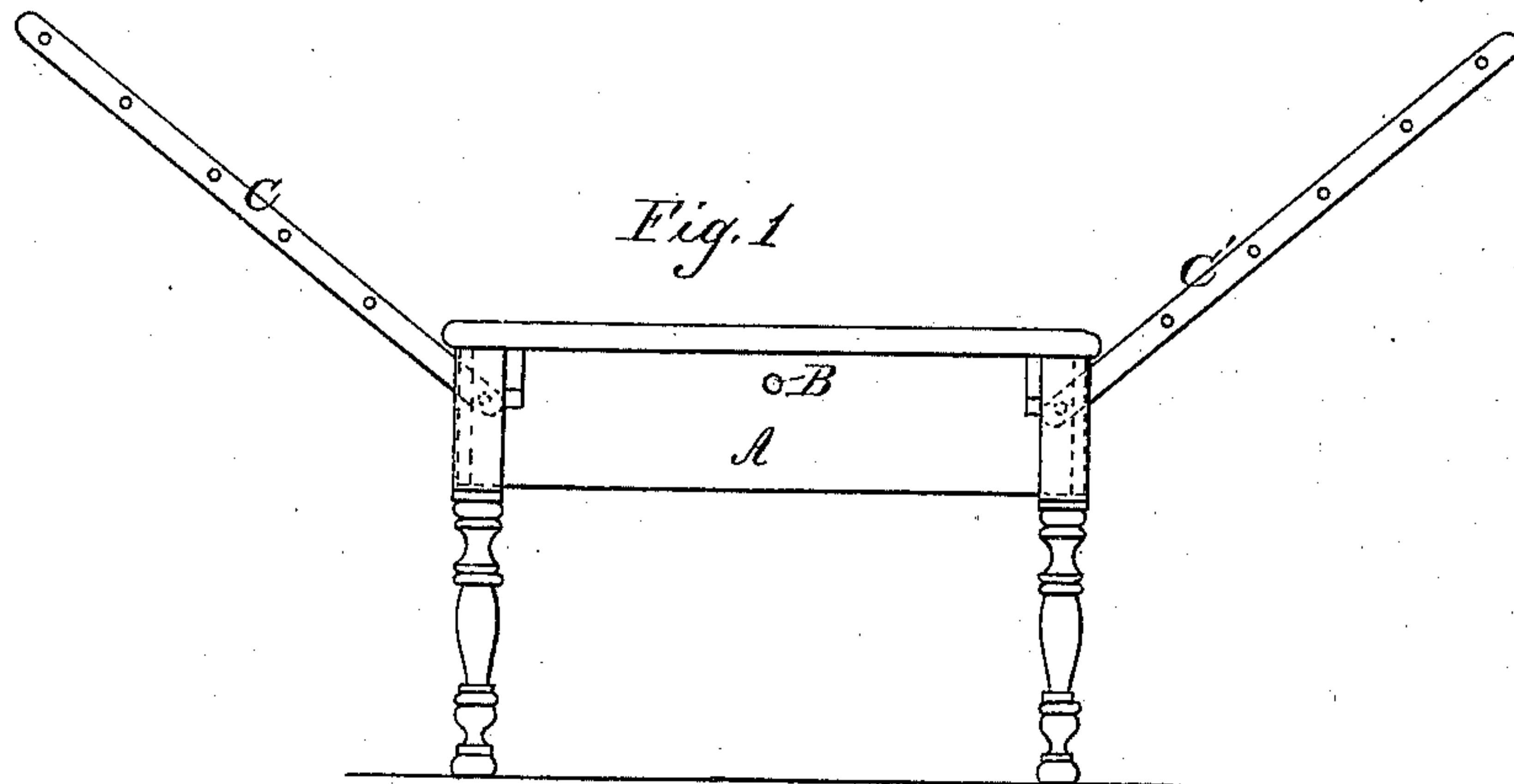


*J. I. Devol.*

*Ironing Table.*

*N<sup>o</sup> 91,911.*

*Patented Jun. 29, 1869.*



*Witnesses:  
C. H. Clausen  
A. Ruppert*

*Inventor  
Jonathan L. Devol  
D. D. Hollaway & Co.  
his attys.*

# United States Patent Office.

JONATHAN L. DEVOL, OF PARKERSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA.

Letters Patent No. 91,921, dated June 29, 1869.

## IMPROVED IRONING-TABLE AND CLOTHES-DRIER.

The Schedule referred to in these Letters Patent and making part of the same.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JONATHAN L. DEVOL, of Parkersburg, in the county of Wood, and State of West Virginia, have invented a new and useful Improved Ironing-Table; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the annexed drawing, making part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is an elevation of one side.

Figure 2 is an elevation of the opposite side.

Figure 3 is a transverse vertical section.

The same letters in all the figures represent the same parts.

My invention relates to an ironing-table, for domestic or laundry-purposes; and

It consists in attaching to the table a hinged top, and folding racks, which may be folded under the lid, or extended to support the clothes which have been or are intended to be ironed.

In the annexed drawings I have represented a table, with a cover, A, hinged upon one side.

When the arms are folded under the cover, the table may be used for any ordinary domestic purpose.

The top of the table, when shut down, is held in place by a spring-catch, B, which catches into a staple in the under side of the top, or by other convenient and equivalent device.

When the table is to be used for ironing, the top is raised, turning upon its hinges, and the end racks O and O' are turned up, so as to stand in the position shown.

These racks are pivoted at one end to the upper parts of the legs, at the corner of the table; and in order that they may be turned outwardly, so as to stand in their inclined position for use, notches must be cut in the end boards of the table, which will support the racks in proper position.

At the side of the table, opposite to the hinges of

the table-top, I attach another rack, D, in the same manner, which, when the racks are folded into the body of the table, as shown by the red lines in fig. 2, folds below the end racks, it being pivoted on a lower plane than the racks, and consequently the notches in the side board of the table must be cut deeper than those in the end boards.

In order that the side racks may be given the same elevation as the end racks, it must be constructed in two sections.

The first or lower rack D is pivoted to the table, and the second or upper section is attached thereto.

This I do by extending the end pieces of the rack, and cutting therein slots, as shown in fig. 3. The upper round of the rack D passes through this slot, and the lower ends of end pieces are formed with hooks or recesses to receive the next round below the upper round in the rack D. The length of the slots must be sufficient to permit the upper rack to be folded under the lower one into the body of the table, and to allow the hooks to be brought down to catch the round by which they are held when the upper rack is extended.

What I claim as my invention, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In combination with a table having a movable top, the racks O O', attached to the table, substantially in the manner set forth.

2. In combination with the first section of the side rack D, the second rack D', constructed with slotted end pieces, and arranged in relation to the first rack, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

In testimony whereof, I have signed my name to this specification, in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

J. L. DEVOL.

Witnesses:

GEORGE LOOMIS,  
C. F. CLAUSEN.