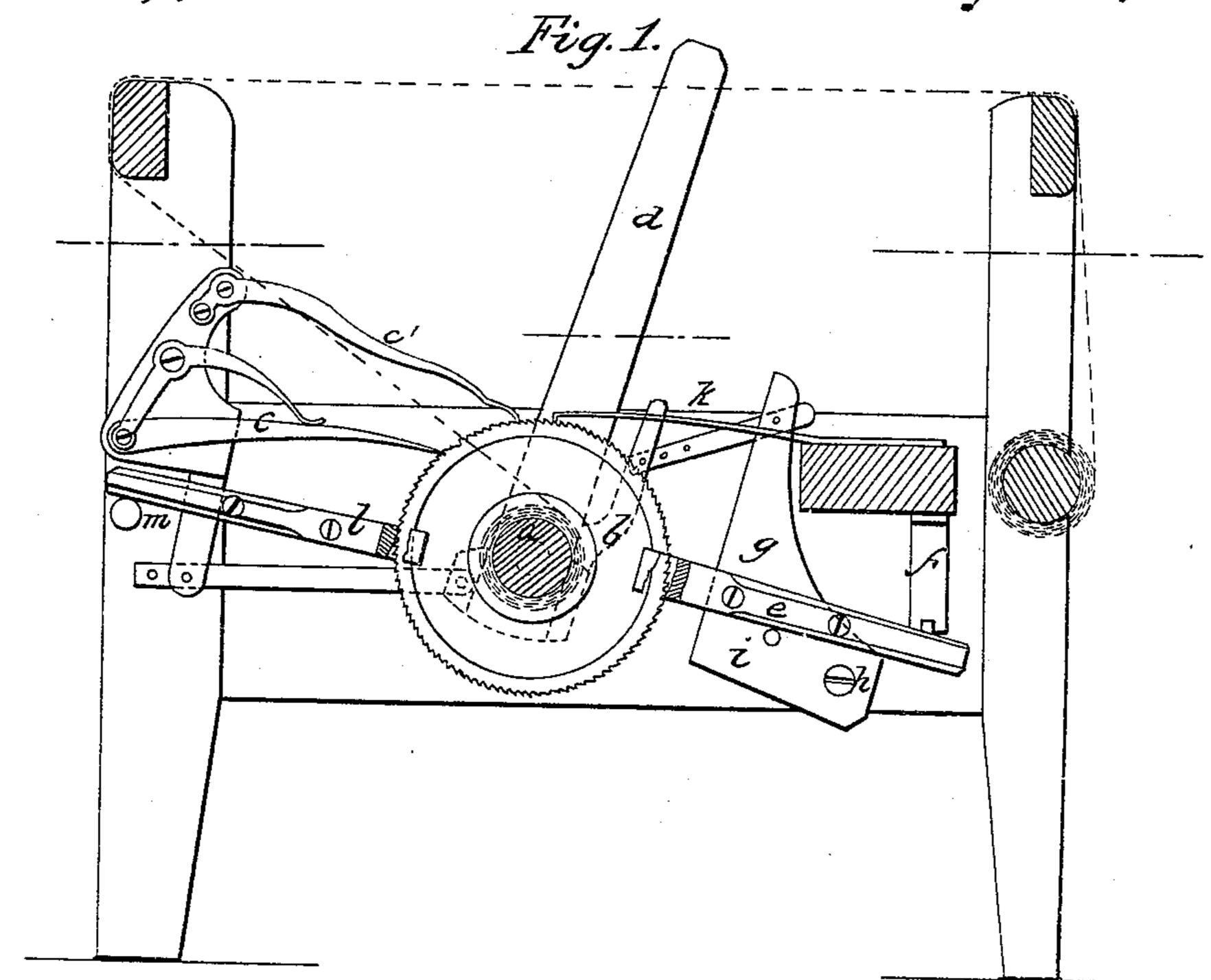
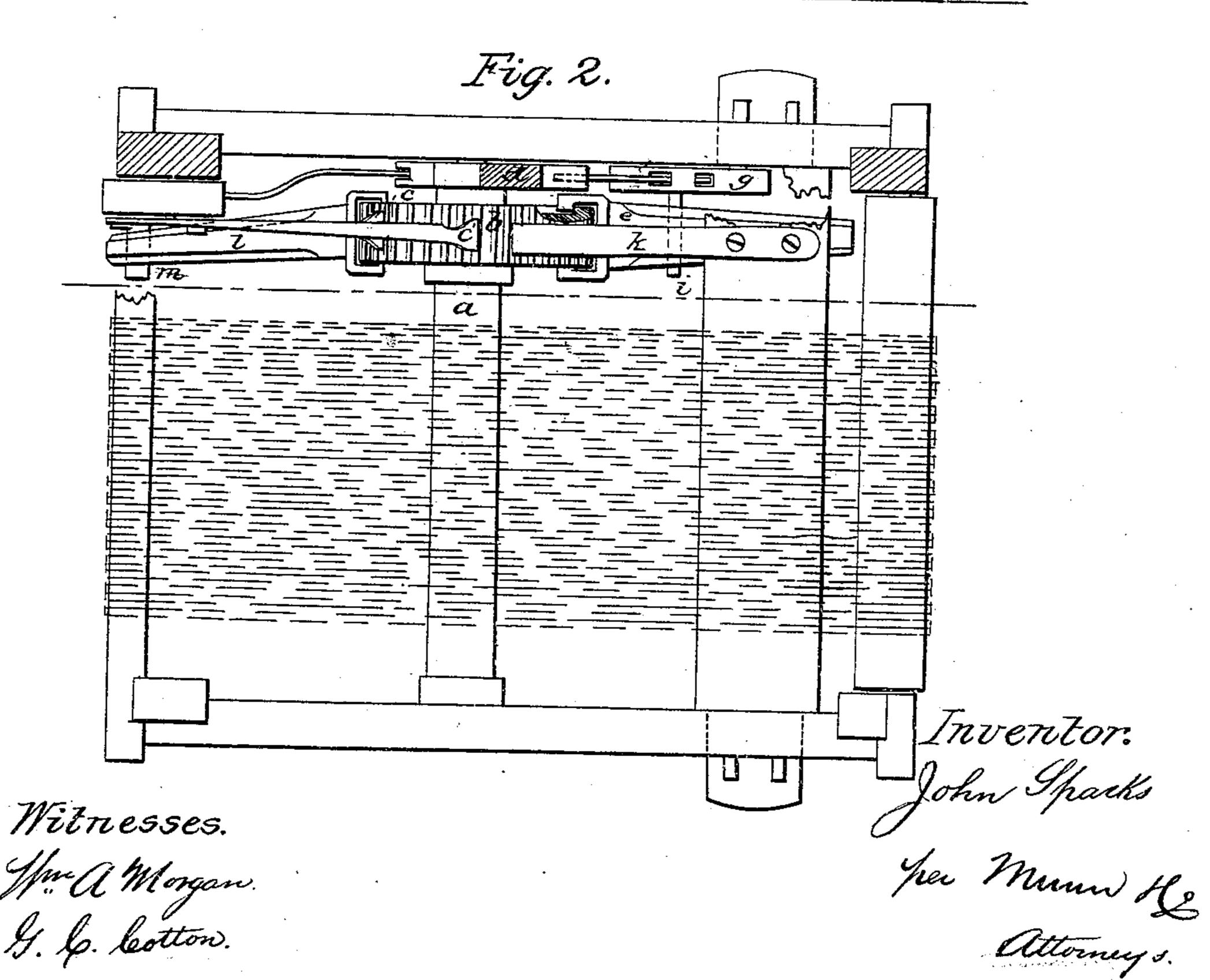
J. Statistis. Take-Uti Motion.









JOHN SPARKS, OF CONCORD, KENTUCKY.#

Letters Patent No. 89,445, dated April 27, 1869.

IMPROVEMENT IN TAKE-UP MECHANISM FOR LOOMS.

The Schedule referred to in these Letters Patent and making part of the same.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John Sparks, of Concord, in the county of Lewis, and State of Kentucky, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Looms; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description thereof, which will enable those skilled in the art to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification.

The object of this invention is to provide an improved take-up mechanism for looms, which may be so graduated in its action, as to maintain the same

tension on the cloth at all times.

It consists in the combination with a positive ratchetand-pawl mechanism for actuating the beam through a certain part of its movement, of a spring-actuated pawl, which bears on the ratchet of the cloth-beam, pulling it against the strain of the cloth. The pawl is set at every beat of the lay.

Figure 1 represents a sectional elevation of a loom

provided with my improvement; and

Figure 2 represents a horizontal section of the same. Similar letters of reference indicate corresponding

parts.

a represents the cloth-beam, which is provided with the ratchet-wheel b, and the actuating-pawls c c', which are actuated by the lever d, suitably connected to the lay, and to the vibrating-block, to which the pawls are connected.

By this mechanism, the beam is intended to be operated through only a part of the distance necessary for

winding on the cloth.

e represents a spring-pawl, connected to the ratchet-wheel at one end, and by the other to the spring f.

g represents a vibrating-block, pivoted to the frame at h, and arranged to be actuated by the lever d, and provided with a pin, i, underneath the pawl e.

When the lever d is moved back by the lay to retract the pawl e, the pawl e will be raised on the wheel and against the spring f, by action of the vibrating-block g, so that when the lever d moves in the forward direction, to cause the pawl e to act on the wheel, the pawl e will be left by the pin i of the block g to catch on the wheel, and be borne down by the spring f, whereby the wheel and cloth-beam will be moved from the point at which they are left by the pawl e, until the tension of the cloth is overcome by the action of the spring, when the beam will be turned by the pawl e, and in this way the winding of the cloth is regulated without reference to the size of the roll on the cloth-beam.

k is a spring-holding pawl; and

l, a holding-pawl, suspended from the wheel and the pin m, in a manner similar to the arrangement of the pawl e.

Having thus described my invention,

What I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. The combination with a ratchet-and-pawl takeup mechanism, of the spring-actuated pawl e, substantially as and for the purpose described.

2. The combination with the pawl e of the oscillating-block g, provided with a pin i, or its equivalent, substantially as and for the purpose described.

JOHN SPARKS.

Witnesses:

ELIAS D. SECREST, WILLIAM SPARKS.

* Assor to himself & William Sparks of the same place.