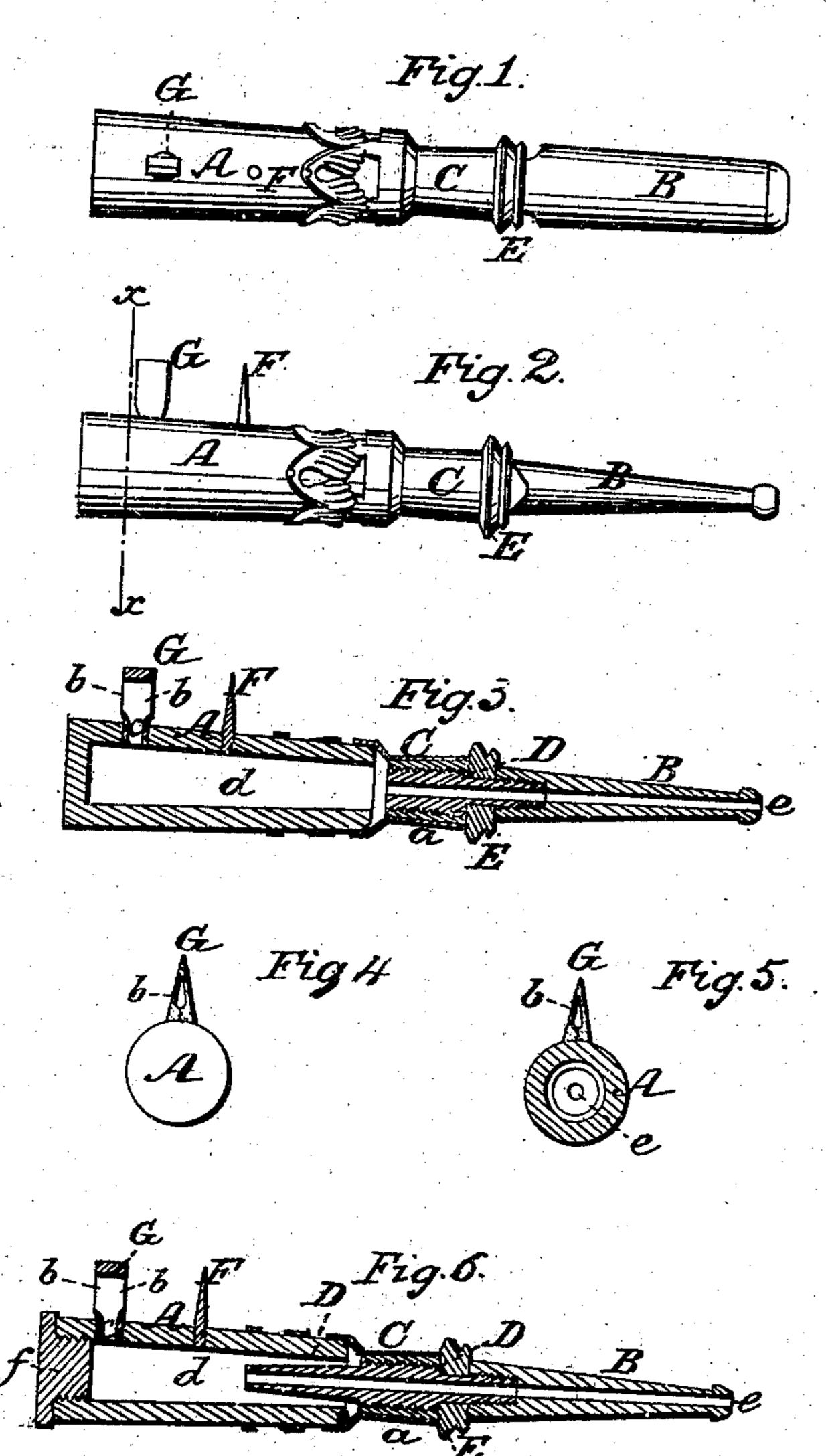
M. V.B. Voung.

Cigar Holder

JY=80,527.

Patented Int. 28, 1868.



Witnesses

B. W. Wastow. Chat B Calton. Markin V. 18 Young By He James Weston atta

Anited States Patent Pffice.

MARTIN V. B. YOUNG, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

Letters Patent No. 80,527, dated July 28, 1868.

CIGAR-HOLDER.

The Schedule referred to in these Letters Patent and making part of the sauce.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Be it known that I, MARTIN V. B. Young, of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Cigar-Holders; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description thereof, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters of reference marked thereon.

The object of my invention is to produce a cheap and effective cigar-holder, which shall condense the nicotine, volatile oil, and other substances vaporized by the combustion of the tobacco, which shall be neat and elegant in appearance, which will not be destroyed by the heat of the burning cigar, and in which the said vaporized products of combustion will not be liable to become condensed in the pointed end of the cigar by its becoming moist, as in ordinary cigar-holders.

It consists of a cylindrical or other shaped hollow or chambered body, to which a mouth-piece communicating with its interior is attached, and in which is secured or inserted a pin or pointed wire, and a hollow, wedge-shaped tube, for piercing the cigar, holding it in position, and providing a channel of communication from the interior of the cigar to the mouth of the smoker, substantially as hereinafter set forth. Also, in the peculiar formation of said wedge-shaped tube, whereby the filling of the cigar is prevented from closing up against the orifices ir said tube, and stopping up the passage for the smoke through said tube.

In the accompanying drawings-

Figure 1 is a top view of my improved cigar-holder.

Figure 2 is a side elevation of the same.

Figure 3 is a vertical longitudinal section of the same through its axis.

Figure 4 is an end view of the same.

Figure 5 is a vertical cross-section of the same, showing the parts to the right of the line x x, fig. 2.

Figure 6 is a vertical longitudinal section of a cigar-holder through its axis, showing certain modifications of my invention.

A is a hollow body, of the form of a very slightly tapered frustum of a cone, to which the mouth-piece B is attached at one end, the joint being rendered strong, durable, and close, by a metallic covering, C, which is made of suitable form to fit the parts which it covers, and which may be ornamented or engraved to suit the taste of the maker. Inside of the part a of the covering C, a hollow wooden lining is fitted, having on its inner surface a screw-thread, into which the piece D is screwed. A washer or ring, E, which is inserted between the mouth-piece B and the rear end of the covering C, in a seat made to receive it, completes the joint. The hollow tapered tube A is fitted snugly and tightly in the forward end of the metallic covering or ferrule C. Into the side of the tube A, a pointed stud or pin, F, is set, and immediately in front of said pin the wedge-shaped piercing-tube G is inserted. This tube G is made, for convenience in inserting it in the body A, round at its lower end. Its upper end consists of a sharp, knife-like edge, which is set parallel to the axis of the holder, the whole tube resembling in form a short cylinder and a wedge joined at their bases. In the triangular or pointed sides of this wedge-shaped portion are openings, b b, which communicate, through the channel c in the tube G, with the chamber d in the tube a. The channel e through the mouth-piece B connects the said chamber d with the mouth of the smoker.

In using this eigar-holder, the eigar is so placed upon the pin F and the tube G, that its axis is parallel with the axis of the eigar-holder, and then pressed down until it lies closely against the tube A, the pin F entering the eigar near the pointed end, and the tube G entering it a short distance forward of the said pointed end. The said tube G and pin F act in conjunction to prevent the eigar from swinging around or becoming otherwise displaced, and thus secure it firmly in position. From the peculiar wedge-shaped form of the tube G, it neatly cuts through the wrapper, and on entering the filling, pushes it apart so as to form a slight opening both in front and rear of the said tube G, and thus prevents the filling from being crowded down against the openings b b, and stopping the passage of the smoke. Before adjusting the eigar, the wrapper should be

MARTIN V. B. YOUNG.

slightly moistened to prevent it from breaking or splitting beyond the edge of the tube G, so as to admit air and impede the draught. The chamber d acts as a cooling and condensing-chamber, to collect and hold the products of condensation arising from the burning of the tobacco, and prevent their entering the smoker's mouth.

In the modification of the holder shown in fig. 6, the piece D is extended inward in the form of a small tube, which more effectually prevents any accumulation of liquid products of combustion and condensation, or other moisture which may accumulate in the chamber d, from passing to the smoker's mouth, and a plug, f, is screwed into the outer end of the tube A, by removing which, the said accumulations of moisture may be emptied out.

In cigar-holders heretofore constructed, having a piercing-tube for entering the cigar, the said tube has been round or conical, and the filling of the cigar, instead of being spread out away from the openings in the said tube, has been pressed firmly against the said openings, thereby impeding or entirely stopping the draught. This objection is entirely removed in my improved cigar-holder, and an efficient action is secured in all cases in which the cigar is properly constructed.

Having thus fully described my invention, I claim-

- 1. The wedge-shaped piercing-tube G, applied to a cigar-holder, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.
- 2. The combination, with the piercing-tube G and tube A, of the pointed stud or pin F substantially as set forth.

Witnesses:

H. JAMES WESTON,

L. A. ROBERTS.