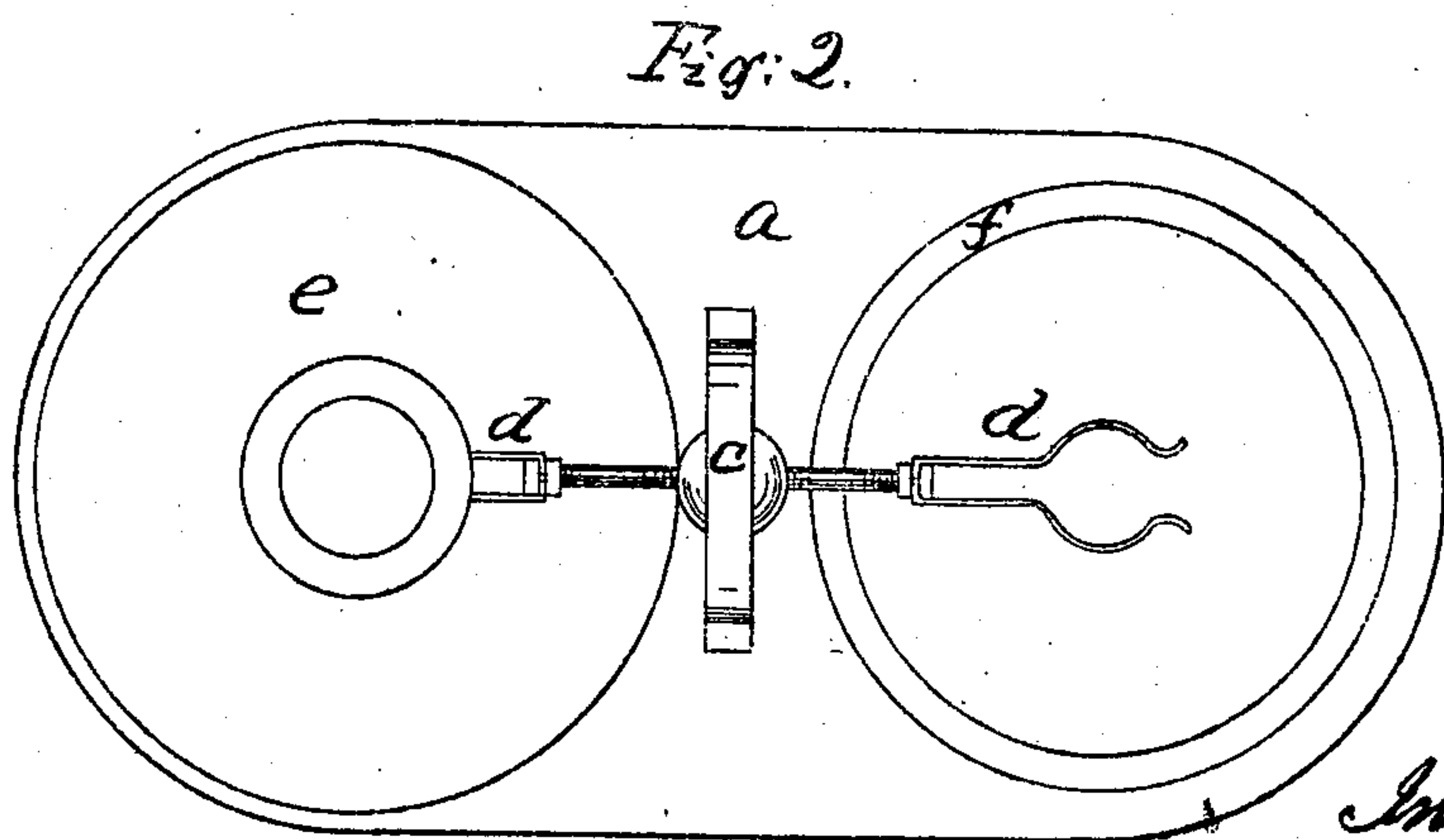
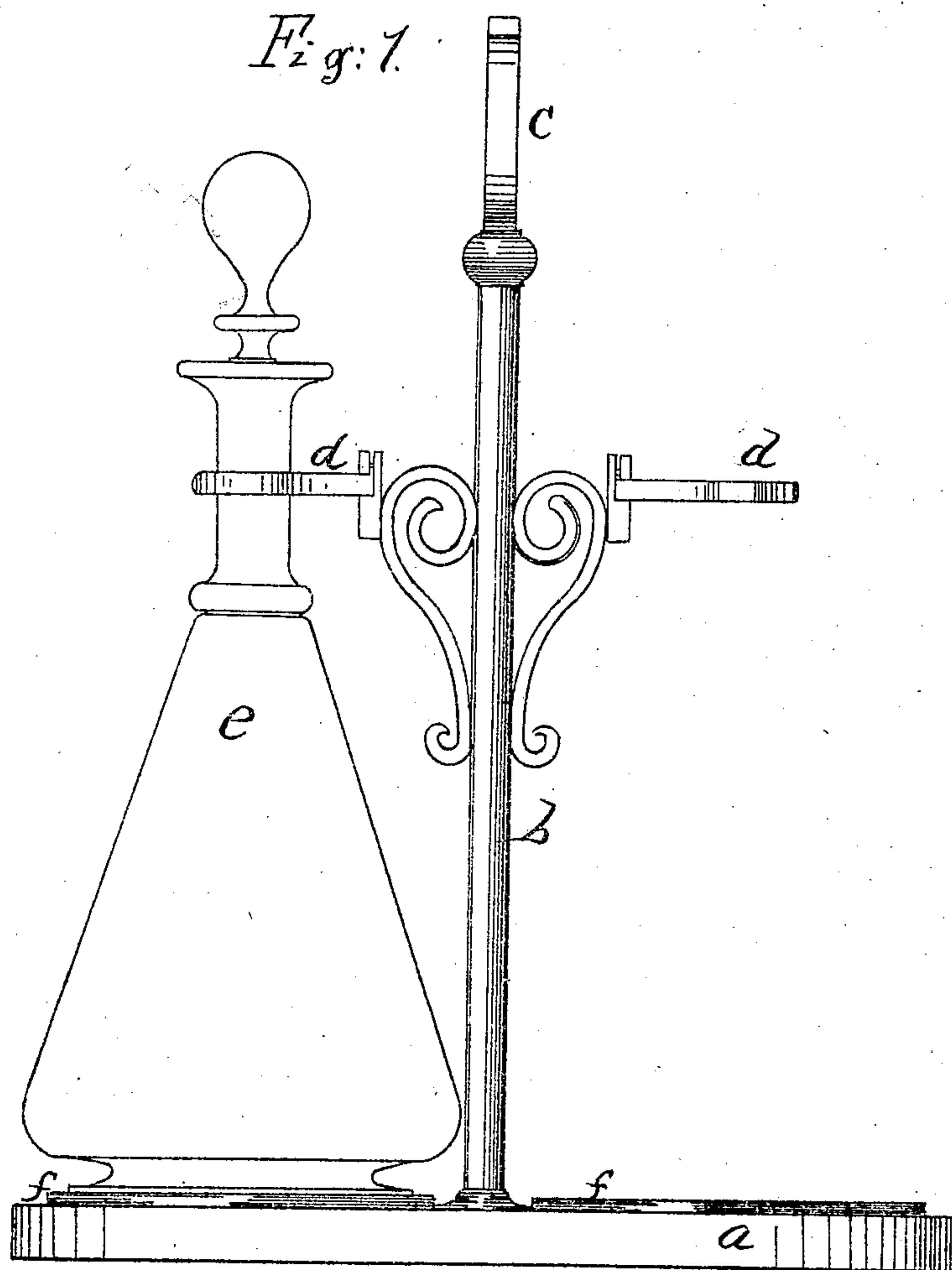


*C. Reistle.*  
*Caster-Stand.*

*Nº 72758*

*Patented Dec 31, 1867.*



*Witness*

*Gus for*  
*John C. Paller.*

*Inventor*

*Charles Reistle*  
*per*  
*Var Lechonde Heng*  
*Att'y.*

# United States Patent Office.

CHARLES REISTLE, OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

*Letters Patent No. 72,758, dated December 31, 1867.*

## IMPROVED CASTER-STAND.

*The Schedule referred to in these Letters Patent and making part of the same.*

### TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Be it known that I, CHARLES REISTLE, of No. 46 State street, Brooklyn, in the county of Kings, in the State of New York, have invented a new and improved Caster and Bottle-Holder; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description thereof, which will enable those skilled in the art to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawing, forming part of this specification, in which drawing—

Figure 1 represents a caster containing my improvement.

Figure 2 is a plan view.

Similar letters indicate corresponding parts.

This invention consists in providing casters with springs for holding and securing them in place, so that they will not be liable to become accidentally displaced, or to fall out of their proper positions. The springs can be of various forms, so long as they accomplish the object of holding the cruets in place.

In this example I place the springs on the upper parts of the standard of the caster, and make them bifurcated, so as to allow the necks of the cruets or bottles to enter between their forks and divisions.

The invention is also applicable to bottle-holders for dressing-bureaus and sideboards.

The letter *a* designates the base, and the letter *b* the standard of a caster to which my improvement is applied. The base has divisions or spaces with ridges *f*, which mark the place for the bottom of the cruet or bottle *c*, the ridge *f* holding the same in proper position, and preventing it from slipping or sliding off the base. The upper part of the standard has springs *d*, which project from brackets on the standard, or directly from the standard, as may be preferred. The use of the brackets adds to the good appearance of the caster, and enables one to employ a greater variety of ornaments to set it off to advantage. The springs *d* are bifurcated, or, in other words, made with two leaves, the ends of the leaves being made flaring to permit the narrow neck of a cruet or bottle to enter between them, and their inner sides being made semicircular, at a point vertically above the centre of the circular ridge *f* of the base, so as to embrace the neck of the cruet or bottle, as shown in the drawing. The cruet is drawn away from and inserted between the leaves of the spring with facility, and without requiring one to lift it to a considerable height, as in the case of casters where cruets are confined by means of a series of rings in which the cruets are set.

What I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

As a new article of manufacture, the table-caster above described, consisting of the base *a*, the ridges *f*, the standard *b*, and brackets and springs *d*, as specified.

This specification signed by me, this 10th day of October, 1867.

CHARLES REISTLE.

Witnesses:

GUSTAV BERG,  
H. CONSBRUCH.