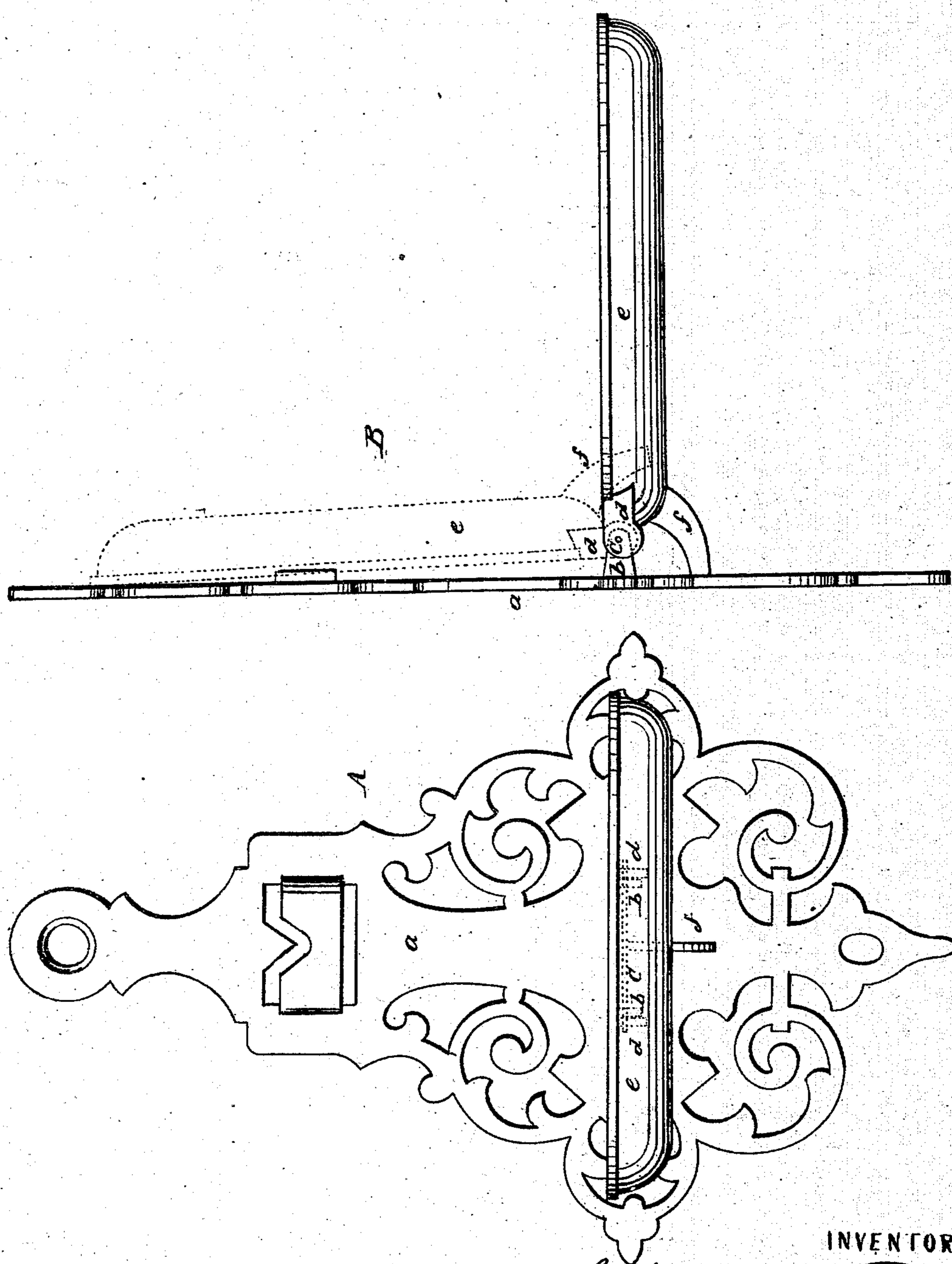


TAY & FRACKER.

Lamp Bracket.

No. 60,086.

Patented Nov. 27, 1866.



WITNESSES:

J. H. Kidder
M. W. Frothingham

INVENTORS.

R. S. Tay & T. P. Fracker
by C. Croshay & G. L. Attey

United States Patent Office.

IMPROVED LAMP BRACKET.

R. S. TAY, OF MEDFORD, AND FRANCIS T. FRACKER, OF CAMBRIDGE,
MASSACHUSETTS.*Assignors to Sucker Manufacturing Co.*

Letters Patent No. 60,086, dated November 27, 1866.

SPECIFICATION.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Be it known that we, R. S. TAY, of Medford, and F. T. FRACKER, of Cambridge, all of Middlesex county, State of Massachusetts, have invented an improved Side Light; and we do hereby declare that the following, taken in connection with the drawings which accompany and form part of this specification, is a description of our invention sufficient to enable those skilled in the art to practise it.

The invention relates to the construction of that class of metallic lamp supports or fixtures known to the trade as side lights, and has particular reference to such arrangement of the parts as shall facilitate the packing of the articles for transportation.

The invention consists in so hinging the ring which supports the lamp to the wall plate or hanger, that the ring can be brought up to and laid parallel against the hanger or plate, and so as to drop down in position with respect thereto, for receiving the lamp without any adjustment or connection of parts.

The drawings represent a lamp fixture or side light embodying the invention, A, showing a front view, and B, a side elevation of the same. *a* denotes the hanger-plate, having a provision for suspending it against a wall. From this plate two bearings, *b*, project, said bearings supporting a joint or hinge pin, *c*, passing through ears or projections, *d*, from the lamp-ring or support, *e*; said ring, by means of this hinge, turning freely from its horizontal position, shown at A and B, up into the position shown by red lines. When in horizontal position it is kept from sagging by a brace, *f*, extending from the ring and abutting against the plate, *a*.

It will be obvious that by swinging the ring up against the plate, these fixtures may be very compactly disposed in boxing them for transportation, while the hinged construction does not impair the value of the fixture, as the ring needs no ingenuity or skill in bringing it into position, but is self-disposing whenever the plate is unpacked or hung up.

It will also be obvious that there is far less danger of breakage, where the fixtures can be thus compactly disposed of, than with the construction in which the ring is fastened or secured, directly to and at right angles with the plate.

We claim a side light in which the lamp-ring or support is hinged to and so as to swing up against the hanger plate, substantially as set forth.

R. S. TAY,
FRANCIS T. FRACKER.

Witnesses:

F. GOULD,
S. B. KIDDER.