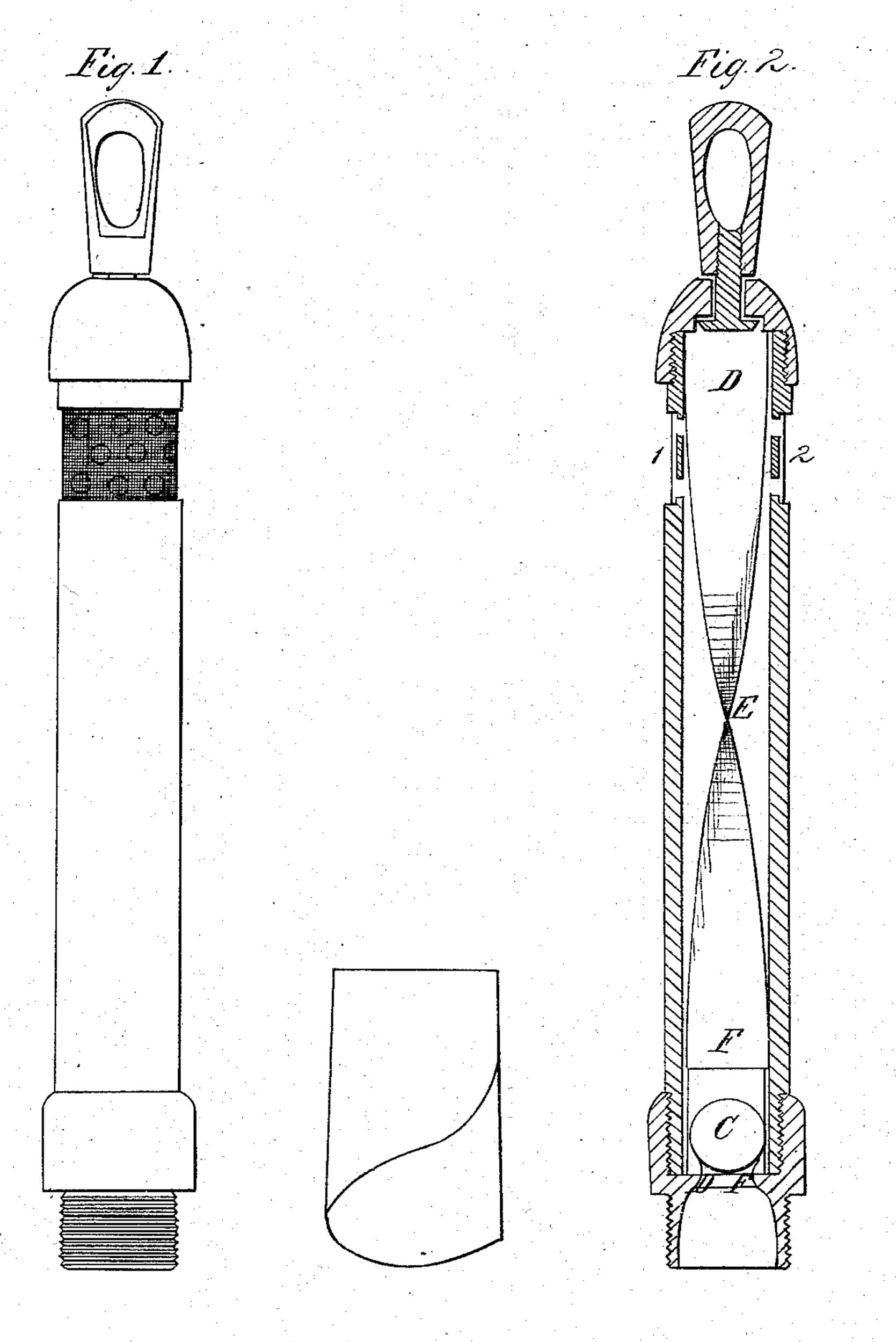
R. Cornellins. Sand Panner.

N°54,867.

Patented May 22,1866.



Witnesses; I be Comelins J. E. Shaw

Inventor; Robert-Comelius

United States Patent Office.

ROBERT CORNELIUS, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

IMPROVEMENT IN SAND-PUMPS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 54,867, dated May 22, 1866.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ROBERT CORNELIUS, of the city of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Sand-Pumps, for removing the sand and detritus from Artesian and other wells; and I hereby declare the following to be a full and exact description of the same, reference being had to the annexed drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is an exterior view, and Fig. 2 is a sectional view thereof. Fig. 3 is a drill which

can be secured to the pump.

My improvement consists, first, in attaching to the upper part of the sand-pump a wire-gauze or perforated plate, through which the water can escape, leaving only the sand within.

My sand-pump has within it a spiral plate, whereby it will be constantly revolved. This is especially advantageous when the sand-

pump is used as a drill-stock.

In Fig. 2, A B represent the sand-pump. C is a ball-valve over the bottom aperture, D E. F is a metallic plate twisted about half a turn. Figures No. 1 and 2 is a recess surrounding the pump. A series of holes (shown in Fig. 1) are bored through the walls of the pump at this recess, and a strip of wire-gauze or perforated metal is secured over them. To the top of the pump a swivel is attached, by which the pump is secured to the rope.

The operation of the improvement is as follows: The sand-pump is suspended by a rope and raised and lowered at the bottom of the

well. The descent of the pump forces the wa ter and sand and detritus up into the body o pump and past the ball-valve at C. The water flows off through the apertures at the perforated metal or gauze at the top and leave: the detritus in the pump. Hence a greater amount of detritus can be drawn out. The water as it passes up through the body of the pump forces the spiral plate D E, which is at tached to the tube above and below, to con stantly revolve the pump in the same direc tion. If a drill be attached by a screw to the bottom of the sand-pump the effect of this spiral plate will be to obviate the necessity o revolving the drill by hand through the me dium of the rope.

This sand-pump may be used as a drill-stock either with a drill perforated through its length, or a perforation may be made in the lower part of the sand-pump immediately

above the drill.

What I claim as my invention, and desire to

secure by Letters Patent, is-

1. The employment of wire-gauze or perforated metal in the sand-pump in the manne and for the purpose substantially as described

2. The employment of the turning-plate I E F in the interior of the sand pump.

3. The combination of the sand-pump, having an interior turning plate, with the drill.

ROBERT CORNELIUS.

Witnesses:

J. E. SHAW, G. E. BUCKLEY.