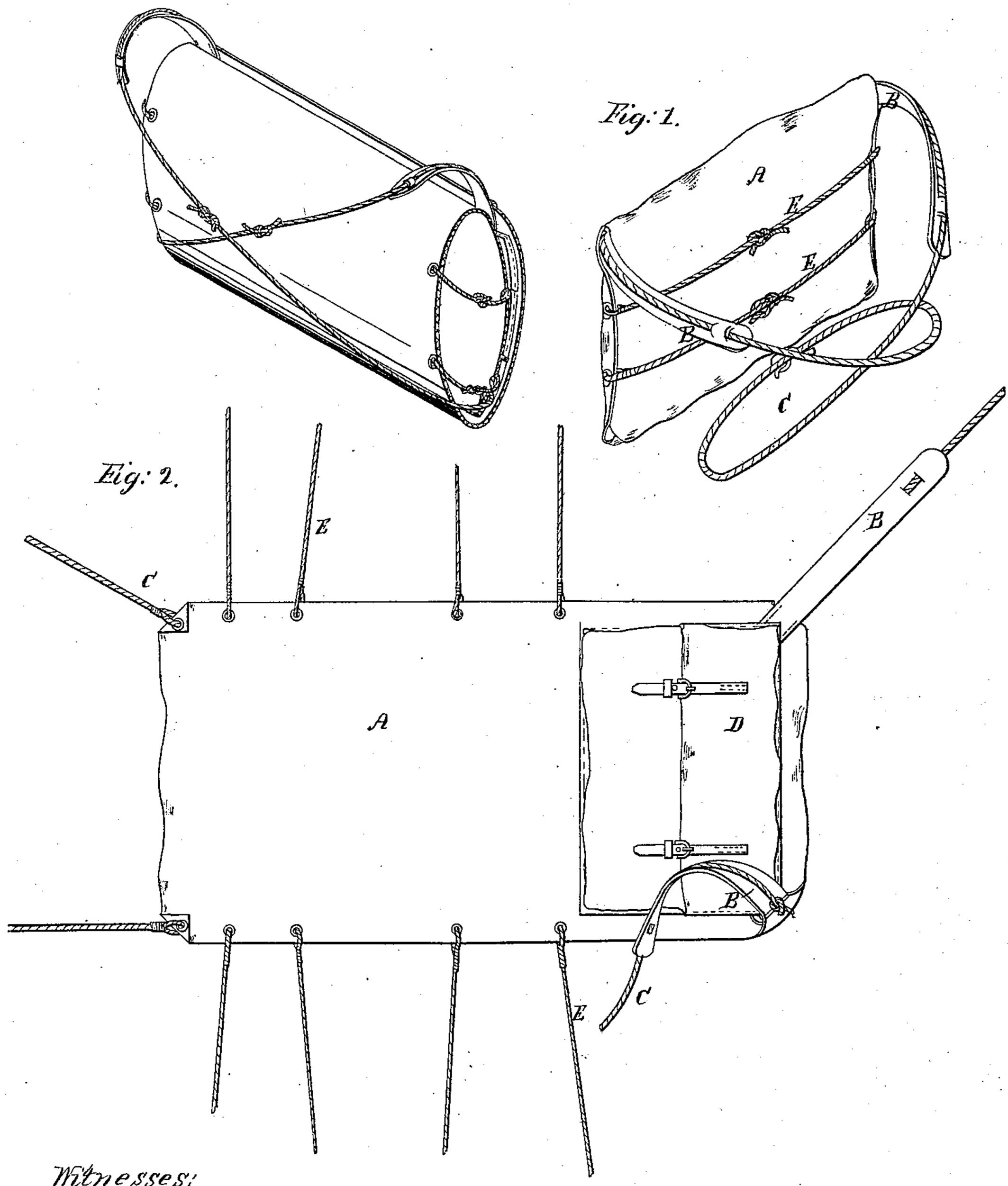
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Palented Mars, 1864.



Witnesses; Charles Dubbris Charles Domath

Inventor; Albuntus Bulling

United States Patent Office.

A. WILLIAM SÜS, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

IMPROVEMENT IN KNAPSACK-HAMMOCK.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 41,870, dated March 8, 1861; antedated November 25, 1863.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, A. WILLIAM Süs, of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Army Knapsack and Hammock Combined; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full and exact description of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, making part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view representing the apparatus rolled up in form of a knapsack for transportation. Fig. 2 is a top view representing it spread and hung as a hammock.

Similar letters of reference indicate corre-

sponding parts in both views.

The subject of my said invention is an article constructed of india-rubber cloth or analogous water-proof material provided at its corners with suitable cords or straps by which it may be suspended from stakes, trees, or within a building in the form of a hammock, or may be attached to the shoulders when rolled up in the form of a knapsack containing clothing or other articles. An interior pouch or pocket is employed to contain small articles, and serves the purposes of a pillow when the article is used as a hammock.

In order that others skilled in the art to which my invention appertains may be enabled to fully understand and use the same, I will proceed to describe its construction and

operation.

In the accompanying drawings, A represents a webbing of india-rubber cloth or of cloth or canvas covered with india-rubber or other water-proof material. This webbing may be oblong or of other suitable form, and has cords B B B securely attached to grommets at its corners, so that it may be suspended in the form of a hammock in the manner represented in Fig. 2. To the corners at one end are also attached straps C C, to pass over the shoulders when the apparatus is carried in the form of a knapsack, as illustrated in Fig. 1. At the same end, on the inside, is a pouch or pocket, D, employed to contain clothing or other articles, and serving the purpose of a pillow when the apparatus is used as a hammock.

E E represent strings passed through eyelets, and employed for tying the edges of the cloth together when it is used as a knapsack. They may also assist in suspending and stay-

ing the hammock.

The webbing may be suspended as a hammock or supported on legs or laid upon the floor or ground. When it is to be used as a knapsack to carry clothing, any articles which the pouch D will not contain may be simply rolled up within the webbing and retained by

tying the strings E E.

This apparatus is intended to take the place of the india-rubber blanket and knapsack now in use, and to furnish the soldier with a bed above ground, either in tent or field, or, when necessary, on the ground, in place of the indiarubber blanket heretofore used. The soldier's overcoat, woolen blanket, &c., are to be placed inside of the hammock to be protected from rain, and in being thus kept dry must considerably contribute to improve and preserve the soldier's health.

The knapsack-hammock, when divested of its contents, can be used on picket duty or wherever protection against the weather may be desirable.

The use of the hammock, instead of a bed of straw or other material, must greatly add to the cleanliness of the soldier, and consequently to his comfort and health.

The hammock-knapsack when snugly folded will, by placing the straps across the chest, throw its weight entirely upon the shoulders, relieving the rest of the body from all strain. When not filled it can be rolled or folded in any shape to assist the soldier in carrying it comfortably.

It is also claimed that the soldier will be more reluctant to part with the knapsack-hammock, its combinations being all to his comfort, whereas experience has proved that on a fatiguing march or battle-field they divest themselves of everything but their rubber blankets.

Ropes have been adopted in preference to leather straps to facilitate the arranging of the knapsack-hammock for a bed, and the facility of replacing a rope, whenever required, in comparison to the difficulty of repairing or replacing a leather strap. The numerous ropes will enable the soldier to fasten the hammock tightly around his body, and thus protect him from wet and even running waters.

Having thus described my invention, what

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I claim as new therein, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

As a new article of manufacture, the army knapsack-hammock hereinbefore described, consisting of the webbing A, pouch D, shoulder-straps B B, slinging-cords C C C C, and ties E E, all constructed, combined, and arranged in the manner and for the purposes specified.

The above specification of my improved army knapsack and hammock combined signed this 13th day of October, 1863.

A. W. SÜS.

Witnesses:
OCTAVIUS KNIGHT,
CHARLES DU BOIS.