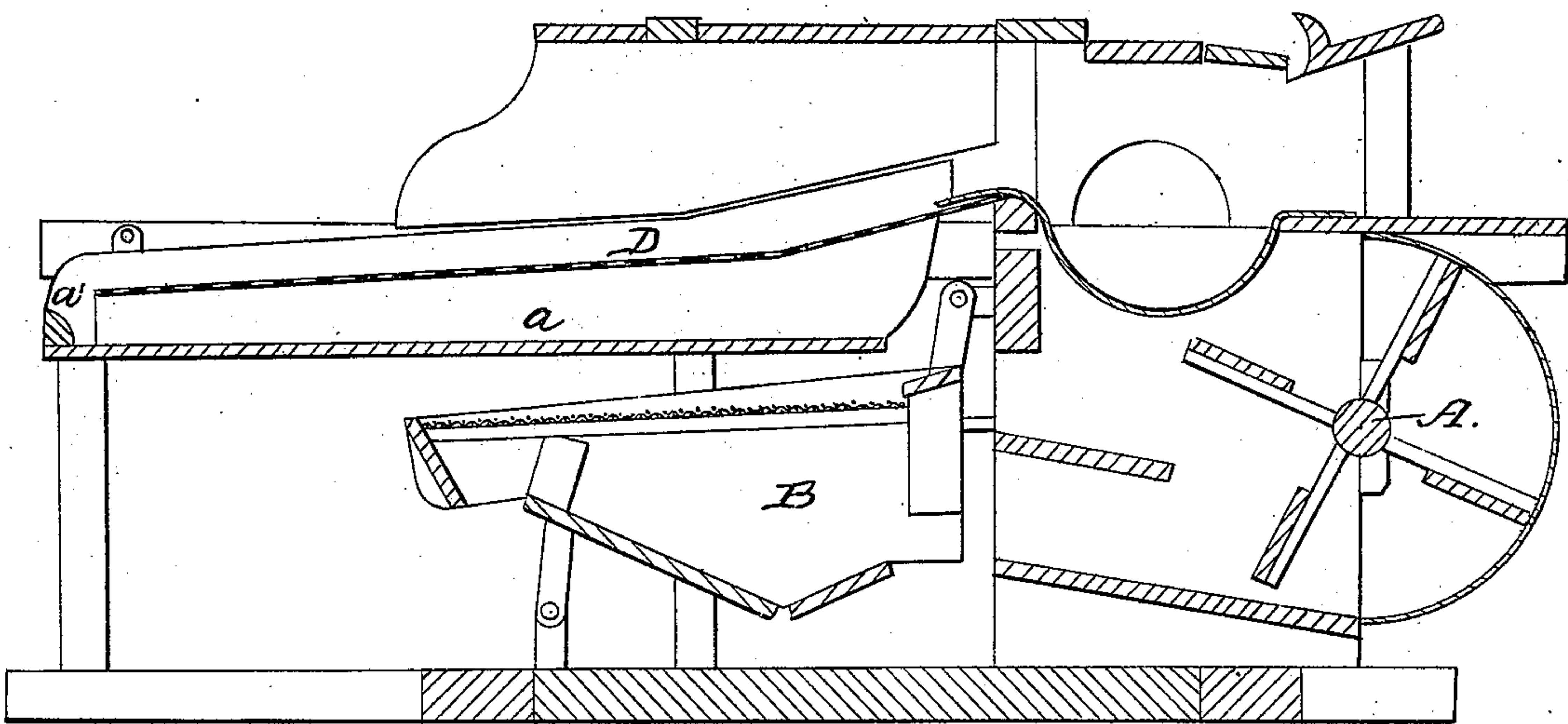
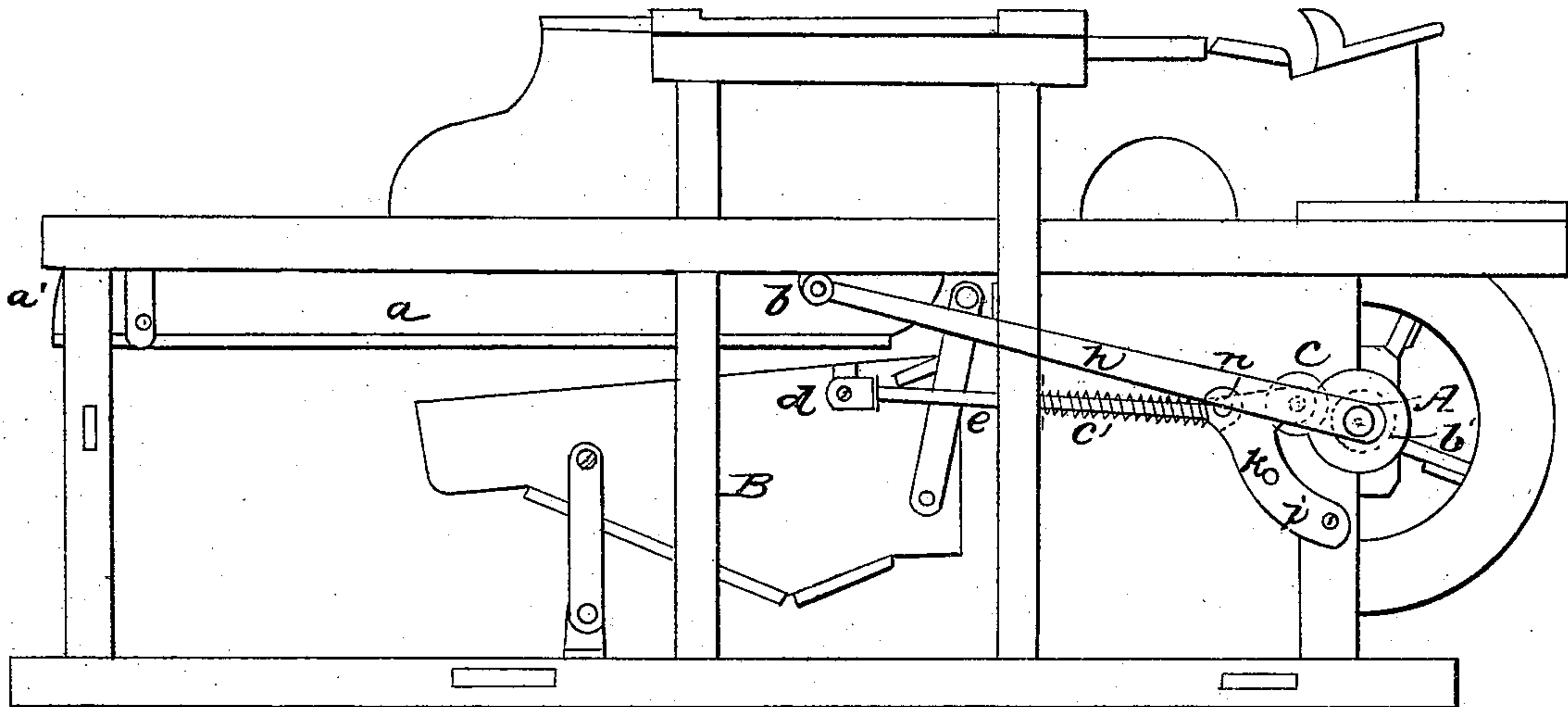


HARVEY & BECKER.

Thrasher.

No. 41,003.

Patented Dec. 22, 1863.



witnesses
C. P. Wingar
Phil. Penell for

Inventors
Thomas Harvey
N. J. Becker

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

THOMAS HARVEY AND NICHOLAS J. BECKER, OF AMSTERDAM, N. Y.

IMPROVEMENT IN THRASHERS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. **41,003**, dated December 22, 1863.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, THOMAS HARVEY and NICHOLAS J. BECKER, of Amsterdam, in the county of Montgomery and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Attachment to Thrashers and Cleaners for Saving Grain, which we denominate a grain-gatherer; and we do hereby declare that the following is a full and exact description thereof, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters of reference marked thereon.

Figure 1 is a side elevation of our invention and Fig. 2 is a vertical longitudinal section.

Like letters refer to corresponding parts in both figures.

The nature of our invention consists in applying an oscillating motion as a propelling power to the fan-shoe B by means of a double cam, *b'*, formed on the end of the fan-shaft and on the inside of the drive wheel or pulley.

This double cam *b'* is attached to both sides of the cleaner, in order to produce a uniform motion of the fan-shoe, and is clearly delineated in Fig. 1, against which double cam on the fan-shaft a pulley or wheel, *c*, rests and turns. Arm *k* is pivoted to the upright post of the mill at *i* by a bolt, which acts as an axle. The other end or prong of arm *k* is pivoted or hinged by a bolt running through the center of pulley *c*, on which the arm turns. That point of the arm at *n* contains a slot or groove, which receives the end of the rod *e*. Around this rod *e* we wind a spiral spring, *c'*. The end of the rod *e* is pivoted at *n*. The

other or farther end of the rod *e* is pivoted to the fan-shoe B at *d*. When the mill is in motion, as the double cam *b'* turns half around, the eccentric, pressing against the pulley *c*, crowds back the arm *k* (which turns at *i* and *n*) against the rod *e*, and thus compresses the spiral spring *c'*. This motion thus communicated to the fan-shoe B causes it to vibrate. Then the spring *c'* recoils, crowding the rod *e* against *n*, and this presses *k* again against the other eccentric at *b'*. This motion is continued and produces the vibratory motion of the fan-shoe B. The springs, arm, and double cam, being on each side of the mill, act together, giving a regular and uniform vibratory motion to the fan-shoe B.

Our invention of using a double cam on the fan-shaft and the mode of connecting the fan-shaft A with the fan-shoe and separator-shoe *a* will produce by one revolution of the fan-shaft two motions of the fan-shoe, while in the same revolution the separator-shoe makes but one motion.

What we claim as our invention, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

The double cam *b'*, in combination with arm *k*, rod *e*, and spring *c'*, when constructed and operating in the manner and for the purpose herein set forth.

THOMAS HARVEY.
N. J. BECKER.

Witnesses:

C. P. WINEGAR,
D. C. VAN ALLEN.