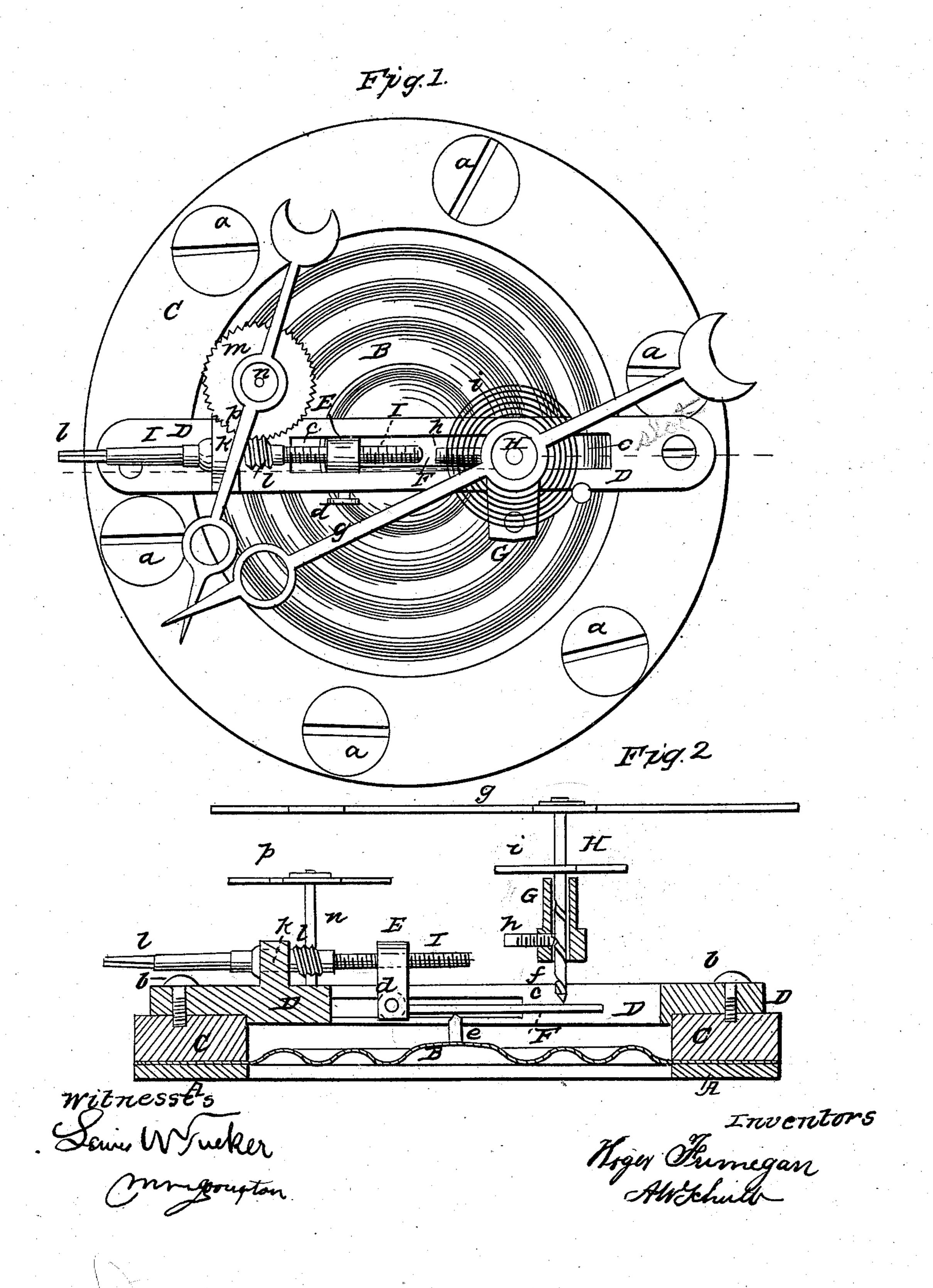
FINNEGAN & SCHULTE.

Pressure Gage.

No. 32.514.

Patented June 11, 1861.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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PRESSURE-GAGE.

Specification of Letters Patent No. 32,514, dated June 11, 1861.

To all whom it may concern:

State of New York, have invented certain 5 new and useful Improvements in Pressure-Gages; and we do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming part of this _c specification, in which—

Figure 1, is a front view of the working parts of a gage with our improvements. Fig. 2, is a section of the same in the plane indicated by the red line in Fig. 1.

Similar letters of reference indicate cor-

responding parts in both figures.

Our invention relates to that class of pressure gages in which the pressure of the steam or other fluid is received on a flexible 20 plate.

It consists in the combination for the purpose of transmitting the movements of the plate to the index of a lever and a screwed or spirally grooved spindle applied as here-25 inafter specified.

It also consists in a certain mode of providing for the movement of the lever to ad-

just or correct the gage.

To enable others skilled in the art to 30 make and use our invention we will proceed to describe its construction and operation.

A, represents a portion of the back of the box or case of the gage to which the flexible 35 plate B, is secured by a ring C, and screws

D, is a straight slotted bar placed across the front of the ring C, and secured firmly

thereto by screws b, b.

E, is a block fitted to the slot c, of the bar D, and having pivoted to it by a fulcrum pin d, the lever F, which extends across the center of the plate B, and bears against a small stud e, secured to the center of the

45 said plate.

G, is a socket secured to the bar D, and standing at right angles thereto, and to the plate B, and constituting the bearing for the spindle H, of the index g. This spindle has 50 in it a spiral groove f, which receives the point of a screw or pin h, inserted through one side of the socket G. The effect of this pin h, is to cause the spindle to receive a rotary motion by the application of pres-55 sure in an endwise direction, and to receive

a longitudinal motion when any force is ap-Be it known that we, R. Finnegan and plied to turn it. The said spindle has also A. F. W. Schulte, of the city, county, and applied to it a volute coiled spring i, which tends to turn it in such a direction as to make it move endwise toward the plate B, 60 and keep its rear end always in contact with the lever F. When the pressure on the back and front of the plate B, is uniform, the spring i, by its action on the spindle H, keeps the index at the zero point on the 65 scale of the gage, which is not represented in the drawing, but when the pressure on the back exceeds more or less that in front, the plate B, is pressed forward more or less and by the consequent pressure of the stud 70 e, against the lever, the lever is made to press against the spindle H, and so to turn the said spindle and the index and the latter indicates the degree of excess of pressure upon the scale of the gage. By the com- 75 bination of the spirally grooved spindle H, and lever F, a greater movement of the index is obtained with a given movement of the flexible plate than can be obtained when the spirally grooved spindle is in immediate 80 contact with the flexible plate, as it is in some gages, and the said spindle constitutes a more simple mode of combining a lever with the index than is employed in other gages in which the flexible plate acts upon 85 the index through the medium of a lever.

> I, is a screw arranged parallel with the bar D, and screwing through the block E. This screw has its shank fltted to turn in a fixed bearing k, attached to or formed upon 90 the bar D, and provided with shoulders which prevent its moving longitudinally in the said bearing. By turning the said screw by a key applied to a square l, on its outer end it is made to move the block E, in the 95 slot c, of the bar D, and so to vary the distance between the fulcrum d, of the lever F, and the stud e, and hence to make the flexure of the plate B, act with greater or less effect upon the index. The said screw I, thus con- 100 stitutes a means of adjustment or correction of the gage. In order to facilitate the accurate adjustment or correction, the spindle of the said screw I, has formed upon it a worm l, which gears with a wheel m, on a 105 spindle n, which works in a fixed bearing carried by the bar D, and on this spindle there is an index p, to indicate on a fixed scale (not shown) the amount of movement given to the screw.

The gage constructed as herein specified is applicable for steam, hydrostatic or any other fluid pressure, or for vacuum.

What we claim as our invention, and de-

5 sire to secure by Letters Patent; is—

1. The employment for transmitting the movements of the flexible plate B, to the index g, of a lever F, and spirally grooved spindle H, combined and applied substantially as herein specified.

2. The movable block E, carrying the ful-

crum of the lever F, and the screw I, applied in combination with the slotted bar D, or its equivalent and operating substantially as herein specified for the adjustment or cor- 15 rection of the gage.

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Witnesses:
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