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No. 27,334.

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H. D. MUSSELMAN.

Meat Chopper.

Patented Feb. 28, 1860.



Witnesses;

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HENRY D. MUSSELMAN, OF LANCASTER, PENNSYLVANIA, ASSIGNOR TO HIMSELF AND WM. D. SPRECKER, OF SAME PLACE.

MEAT-CHOPPER.

Specification of Letters Patent No. 27,334, dated February 28, 1860.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY D. MUSSEL-MAN, of Lancaster, in the county of Lancaster and State of Pennsylvania, have in-5 vented a new and useful Improvement in Machines for Chopping Meat; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the construction and operation of the same, reference be-10 ing had to the annexed drawings, making a part of this specification, in which-Figure 1 is a perspective view of the machine; Fig. 2 a front elevation. Fig. 3 shows the hind part of the frame, two of the 15 choppers turned back on the rod that supports them, the mortise *l*, and the upper double cross piece removed with the springs between them, shown by Fig. 4. Fig. 5 shows the operation of the choppers, by the 20 pegged pulley F. More fully set forth as follows:—A circular chopper-block of sufficient thickness, surrounded with a tin plate or zinc ring or rim A say 5 inches above the upper face of the 25 block, and the lower portion B of the block provided with cogs around the entire circumference, centrally supported on a column T resting on a regulating screw point V, threaded in the foot board U, of the ma-30 chine, and steadied by passing through the bed-board W, as shown by Figs. 1 and 2. By turning the handled fly-wheel Q, motion is given to the horizontal shaft H, which carries an endless screw s and two pulleys or 35 flat circular disks F, which are provided with three projecting pins f on each side for raising the chopper-heads as they revolve. The choppers four (or more by adding another disk or disks) come in close contact on 40 either side with the disks, so that their projecting handle ends N, come in a line with the lifting pegs f, and are kept in place by the curved guide bars R attached on the inside of the upper front cross-piece of the ma-45 chine, numbered 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. Each handle N of the choppers O plays freely (in a groove,) around their supporting rod I. This rod or bolt has a strong square head on

K, L, and may be tightened or removed by 55 means of the thumb screws X. These united cross pieces K, L can be removed with the springs, by simply relaxing the rod or bolt I, by turning the handled screw-bur, when the piece L, will slip out of the mortise l in 60 the uprights. This will allow the choppers to be turned clear around on the rod, for cleaning, as shown by Figs. 3 and 4. There is also an upright or vertical shaft G, which has its bearings on the front cross pieces of 65 the machine. This shaft G has a small pinion D geared into the endless screw S (on the horizontal shaft H, aforesaid) and also a cogged pinion C below, geared into the cogs around the chopping-block B. Thus the 70 block is slowly revolved under the choppers, while the latter are operated by the peggeddisks F, and brought down with any desired force by the action of the independent springs to each chopper, thus preventing the 75 combined resistance to each chopper, when a continuous spring over all the choppers is used. The eyed handles N, through which the rod I passes, (kept equidistant by shoulders or washers between them on the rod,) 80 allows them to be freely turned over for the

purpose of cleaning or sharpening separately, thus rendering the machine complete by the above improvements considered both novel and highly useful, and such that can- 85 not fail to be duly appreciated.

I am fully aware that the rimmed and cogged rotating block and springed choppers operated substantially in like manner is not new, nor do I claim such as my inven- 90 tion.

What I claim as my invention and desire to secure by Letters Patent is—

either side with the disks, so that their projecting handle ends N, come in a line with the lifting pegs f, and are kept in place by the curved guide bars R attached on the inside of the upper front cross-piece of the machine, numbered 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. Each handle N of the choppers O plays freely (in a groove,) around their supporting rod I. This rod or bolt has a strong square head on one side, and a screw end on the other, and passes through the two hind unrights the first field. The series of independent springs M, operating separately on the handles N of the 95 choppers O, in combination with the double, removable cross pieces K L between which they are held, and the adjusting thumb screws X, together with the square-headed and screw ended pivot rod or bolt I, with its 100 screw threaded and handled bur P, as also the eyed chopper-handles N, when combined in the manner set forth for the purpose speci-

50 passes through the two hind uprights, the screw-end being provided with a handledbur P. The springs M, resting one on each chopper handle N, are clamped in between the double, rear cross piece of the machine JACOB

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