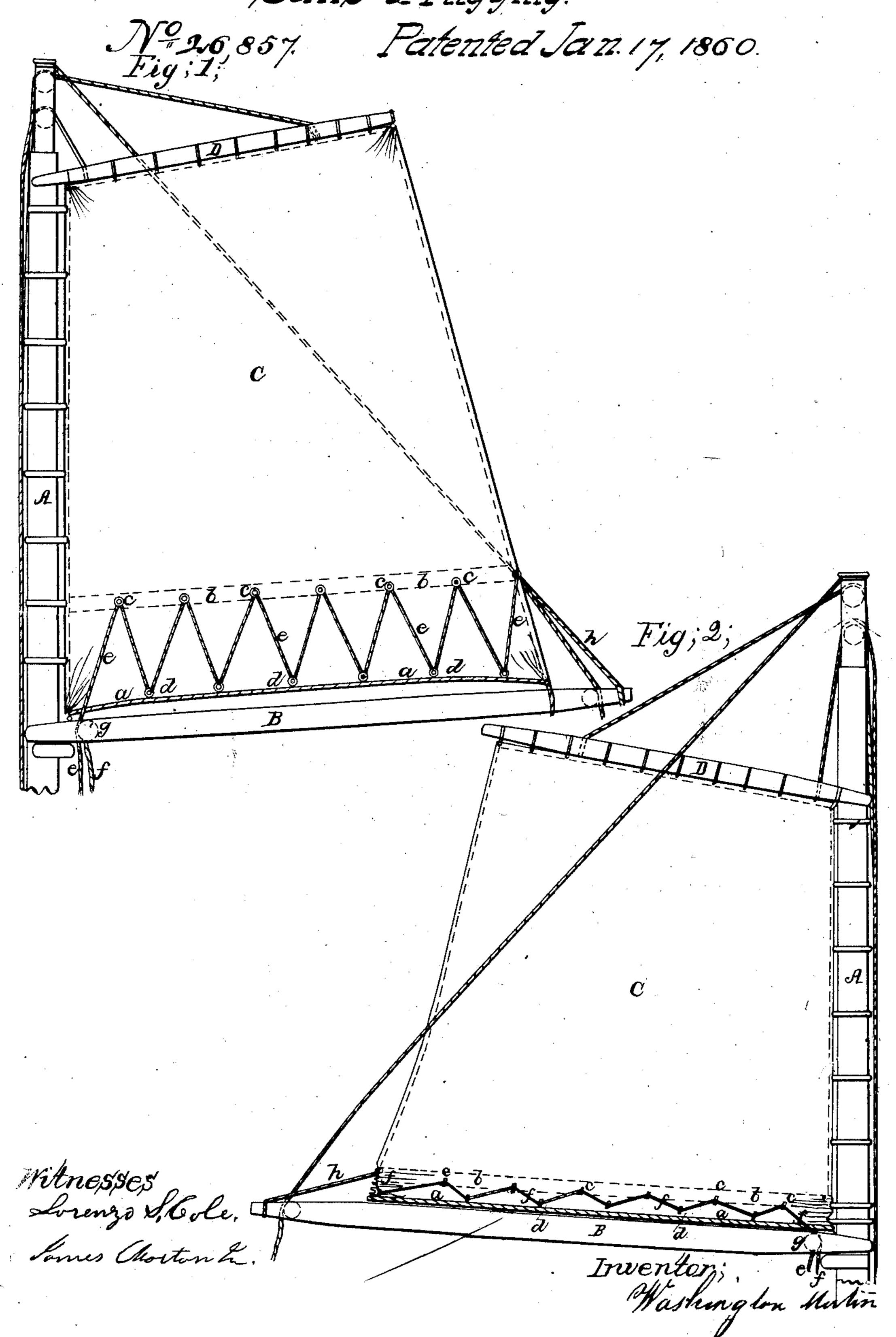
M. Morton.

Sails & Rigging.

No. 857. Patented Jan. 17, 1860.

Fig. 1;



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WASHINGTON MORTON, OF FRIENDSHIP, MAINE.

REEFING FORE-AND-AFT SAILS.

Specification of Letters Patent No. 26,857, dated January 17, 1860.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Washington Mor-5 Improvement in Reefing and Furling Foreand-Aft Sails; and I do hereby declare that the same is fully described and represented in the following specification and the accompanying drawings, of which-

Figure 1, denotes a side view of a mast, sail and boom with my invention applied thereto. Fig. 2, is a view of the opposite

side thereof.

The nature of the said invention consists 15 in a mode of arranging and applying a single reef line and its leading carriers together and with respect to the reef band, the foot rope of the sail, and the boom; also, in combining therewith a straining 20 rope, arranged and applied to the reef band and the boom so as to relieve the outer carriers or leaders and their reef lines from the strain and wear of the sail while the latter is reefed.

In the drawings, A, is the mast; B, the boom; C, the sail, and D the gaff of such sail, the whole being applied together in

the ordinary manner.

The foot rope of the sail is shown at a. 30 At a proper distance above the said foot rope, and parallel or about parallel thereto, | I apply to the sail on either or both sides of it, a reef band, b, and at suitable distances apart on each side of the sail and 35 along the reef band, I affix a set, or series of thimbles, leaders, or carriers, c, c, c, the same being disposed as shown in the drawings. Each of said leaders consists of a round wooden or metallic block provided 40 with an eye or hole for reception of the reefing line. Furthermore, I arrange on each side of the sail and affix to the foot rope, a, another series, d, d, d, of such leaders or carriers each of which may be dis-45 posed between two of the leaders, c, c, as shown in the drawings. Furthermore I atthereof, and at the reef band, two reefing lines e, f; these lines I extend downward 50 on opposite sides of the sail and respectively through the two outermost leaders, c, c, as shown in the drawings. From each of the said leaders each line is to be laced or carried to and through the other leaders on 55 one side of the sail in manner as shown in Figs. 1 and 2; and, finally, each line is to

be carried downward through the boom, near its heel and against a sheave, placed TON, of Friendship, in the county of Lin- | therein, as shown at g. Furthermore, coln and State of Maine, have invented an above the point of attachment of each reef- 60 ing line to the outer leech of the sail, I connect to the said leech, a stay or straining rope, h, and lead the same forward toward the nose of the boom and thence downward through the boom or against a sheave 65 placed therein or thereon. Such line, after the sail may have been reefed should be drawn taut and belayed either to the boom or some other proper part of the vessel. The line, h, acting or straining the reef 70 band in a direction outwardly, prevents the sail while reefed from being drawn back and puckered by the reef line.

In order to reef and furl the sail, both reef lines are to be pulled on in a manner to 75 draw them through their carriers and cause the upper rows of carriers and that part of the sail above them to descend toward the

foot rope of the sail.

By means of the two reef lines applied 80 and operating as described, the sail will not only be reefed, but will be furled, which would not be the case were one reefing line only employed on one side of the sail, as in such case, the sail might be reefed but 85 the reefed portion would not be furled or taken in.

By my mode of lacing reef lines on opposite sides of the sail, the operations of reefing and furling can be effected by two lines 90 only, and can be done very effectively and

with great despatch.

I am aware, that for confining in the wake of the reef bands and quarters, the slack of a top-sail when reefed, by a series 95 of vertical reefing lines, a series of small ropes or gaskets have been used, such being rove occasionally, in separate pieces through eyelet holes under the reef band. Therefore, I do not claim such, for each of such 100 ropes or gaskets is carried through the sail (which is very objectionable) whereas, I tach to the outer edge of the sail or leech | do not carry any rope through the sail, and I accomplish the entire reefing and furling of the sail by two ropes only and not by a 105 set of two or more reefing lines and a series of small ropes or gaskets. I am also aware, that for reefing a sail, several short lines have been affixed at intervals along a sail and led downward through leading eyes at 110 the bottom of the sail and thence along the bottom and finally united to a single line.

Therefore I do not claim such, as I employ two sets of leaders or eyes for each reef line, they being applied on one side of the sail and I use but one reefing line on either side of the sail whereas, only one set of leaders and several lines are used for such reef in the other mode of reefing.

What I claim is—

1. Combining substantially as described a single reefing line, and two sets of leading eyes together with one side of the sail its

reef band and foot rope, the rope in such case not being carried through the sail.

2. And in combination or connection with

2. And in combination or connection with the same I claim the straining rope ar- 15 ranged and applied to the reef band and the boom substantially as and for the purpose as specified.

WASHINGTON MORTON.

Witnesses:

LORENZO S. COLE, JAMES MORTON, Jr.