J. P. VANVLECK.

Saw Set.

No. 22,260.

Patented Dec. 7, 1858.

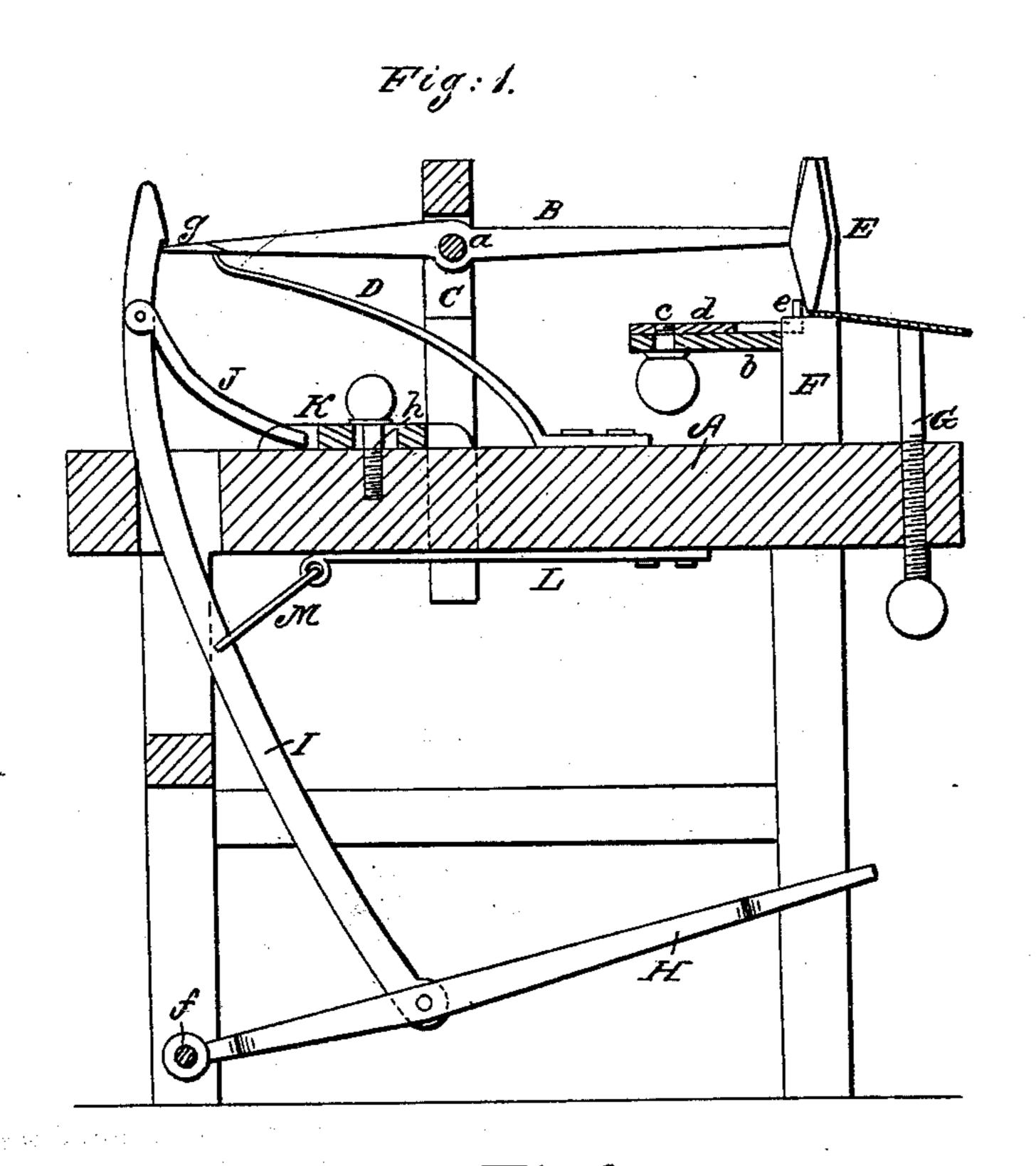


Fig: 2.

Witnesses:

E. J. Stonebornes

1 De Vanteck.

United States Patent Office.

J. P. VANVLECK, OF COOKSVILLE, WISCONSIN.

IMPROVEMENT IN SAW-SETS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 22,260, dated December 7, 1858.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, J. P. VANVLECK, of Cooksville, in the county of Rock and State | I is a lever or draw-bar, which passes proved Saw-Set; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the annexed drawings, making a part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a longitudinal vertical and central section of my invention. Fig. 2 is a plan or top view of the same.

Similar letters of reference indicate cor-

responding parts in the two figures.

This invention consists in the employment or use of a spring-hammer operated by a treadle and used in connection with an anvil or bed and gages, the whole being arranged as hereinafter fully shown and described, whereby saws may be set rapidly and in a perfect manner, even by persons inexperienced in such matters.

To enable those skilled in the art to fully understand and construct my invention, I

will proceed to describe it.

at a suitable height in any proper way, and B is a lever or arm, which is secured in an upright C on the bed-piece by a fulcrumpin α .

D is a spring, which bears against the under side of one end of the lever or arm B, and to the opposite end a hammer-head E is attached.

F is an anvil, also attached to the bedpiece below the hammer E, the spring D having a tendency to keep the hammer down on the anvil. At the back part of the anvil F there is a horizontal projection b, which is slotted longitudinally and vertically to receive a set-screw c, which passes into the back end of a gage d, which is fitted on the upper surface of said projection. This gage d is formed of a piece of metal plate having its front end forked and turned vertically upward, as shown at e e.

G is a thumb-screw, which passes upward through the bed-piece A. This screw performs the office of a gage, as will be herein-

after shown.

is fitted in the lower part of the framing or

supports of the bed-piece.

of Wisconsin, have invented a new and Im- | through the bed-piece A and has a shoulder g formed on its upper end. An arm J is pivoted to the upper part of the bar I, the lower end of said arm fitting in an adjustable slotted bar K, which is attached to the bed-piece A by a set-screw h. The lower end of the bar I is attached by a pivot to the treadle H. To the under side of the bed-piece A a spring L is attached, said spring being connected to the

bar I by a link M.

The operation is as follows: The operator is seated or may stand before the end of the bed-piece A directly in front of the anvil F, and the back part of the saw-plate (shown in red) rests on the upper end of the gage or screw G, and the teeth rest on the anvil F, the screw or gage G being so adjusted that the saw-teeth when forced down on the face of the anvil will have the desired set. The gage d is adjusted so that the saw-teeth are shoved along directly underneath the hammerhead E, the gage d being adjusted according A represents a wooden bed-piece supported | to the size of the teeth. The operator actuates with his foot the treadle H, which, through the medium of the lever or bar I, actuates or raises the hammer-head E, the shoulder gcatching over the end of the arm or lever B and elevating the hammer-head E a distance corresponding to the adjustment of the slotted bar K, which serves as a stop to the arm J, and controls to a certain extent the movement of the bar I, and consequently the force of the blow of the hammer-head, by lengthening or shortening the duration of the contact of the bar I with the arm or lever B of the hammerhead E. The hammer, when the arm or lever B is freed from the bar I, is forced down on the teeth of the saw by the spring D, and the spring L throws up the bar I, so that its shoulder g will be over the end of the arm or lever B when the foot is raised or withdrawn from the treadle. The operator therefore moves the saw along one tooth at a time, and depresses the treadle to bring the hammerhead down on the teeth, the force of the blow being regulated by adjusting the bar K.

This device may be constructed at a small H is a treadle, the fulcrum-shaft f of which I cost, and saws may be properly set by it by

any person, even if not possessing much mechanical ability or experience.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

The hammer-head E, operated from the treadle H through the medium of the bar I, springs D L, and arm J, in connection with

the anvil F and gages G d, the whole being arranged substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

J. P. VANVLECK.

Witnesses:

JOHN W. FISHER, C. A. HOWARD,

H. I. Gunn.