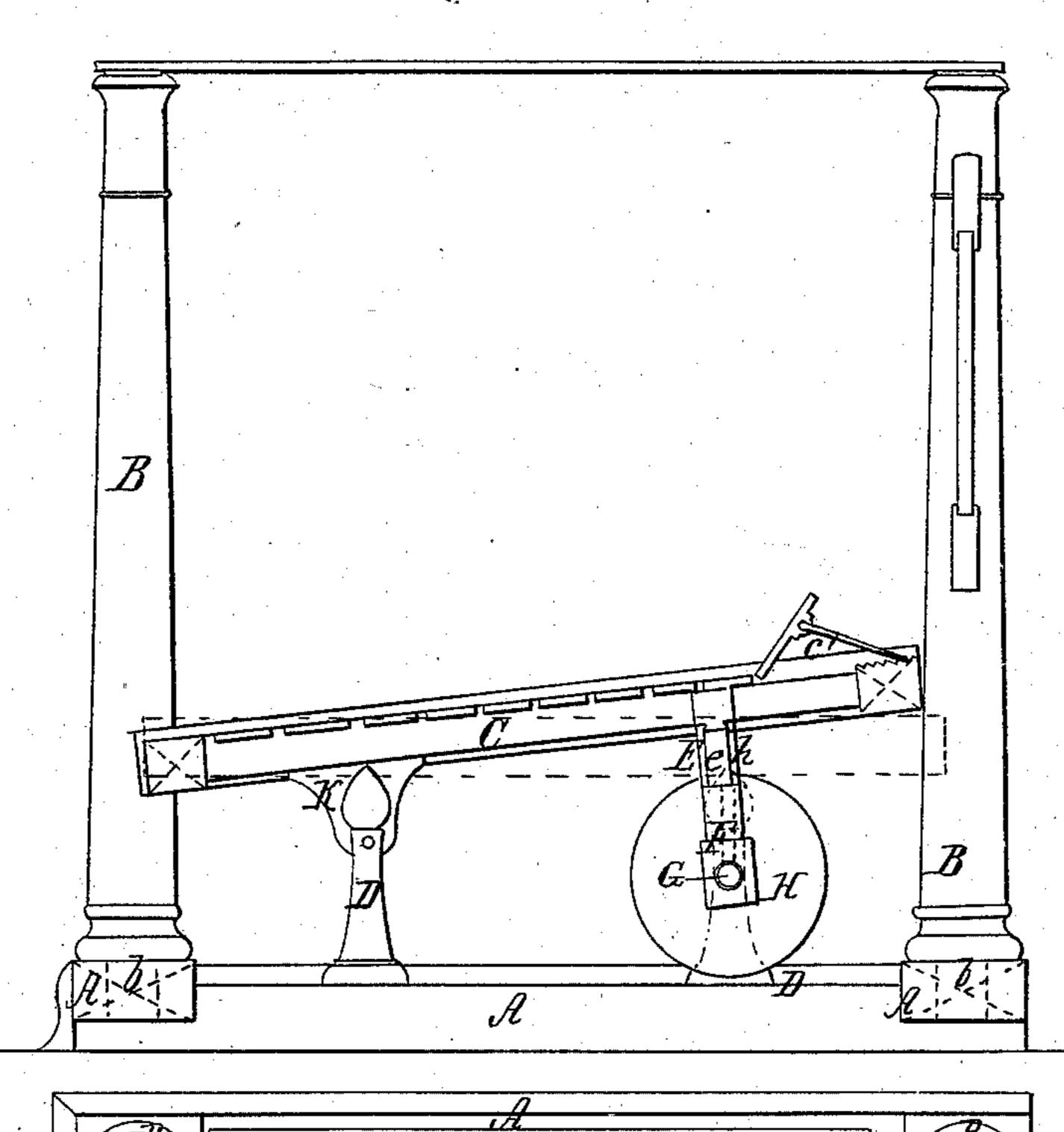
## Smith & Pugh, Invalid Bedstead, No. 15,621. Patented Aug. 26,1856.



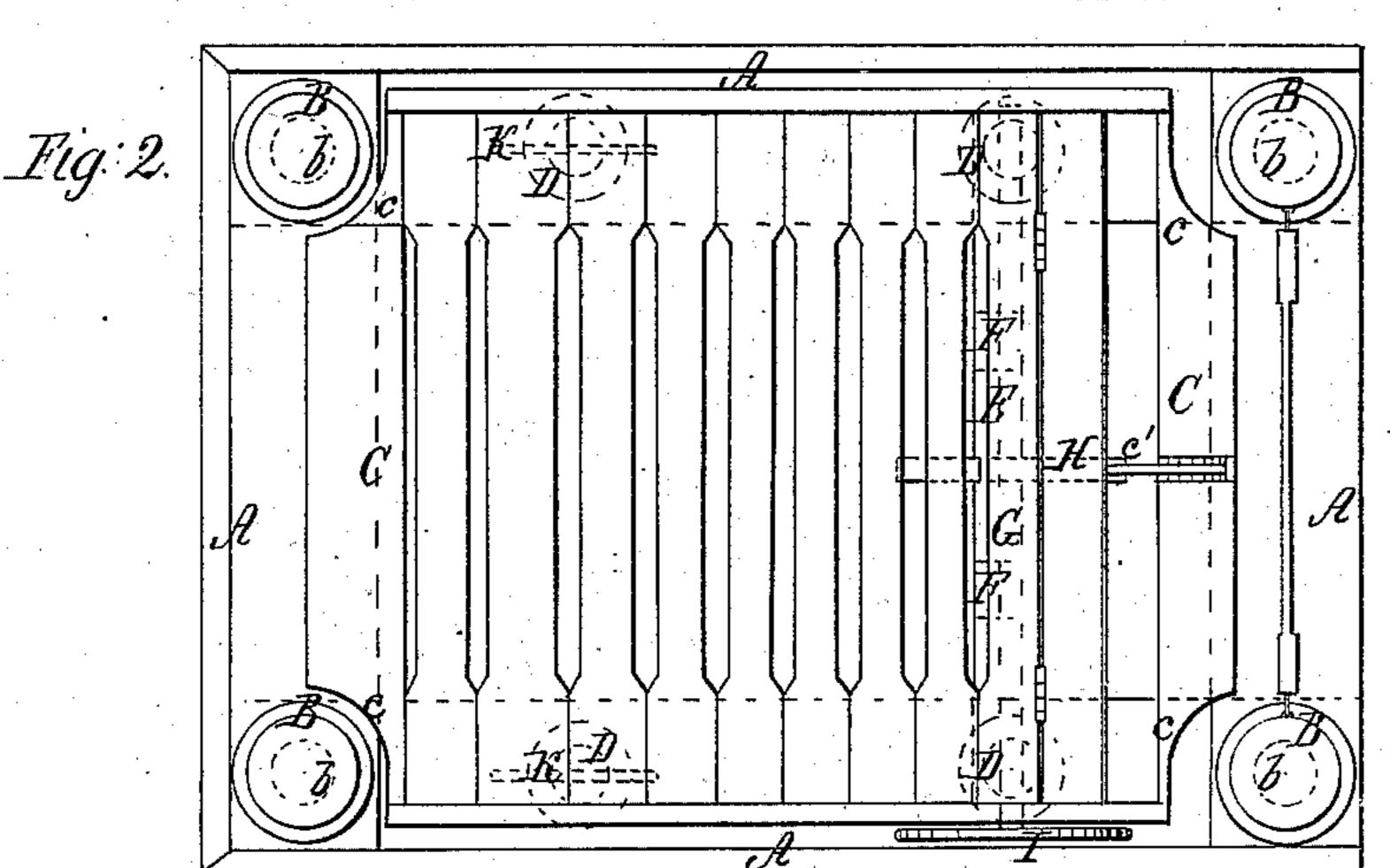


Fig.3.

Witnesses;

Bin Auritan
Charles D. Freuman

Inventor; Nacht Johnith

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JACOB J. SMITH AND JONATHAN H. PUGH, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

## BEDSTEAD.

Specification of Letters Patent No. 15,621, dated August 26, 1856.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, JACOB J. SMITH and Jonathan H. Pugh, both of the city of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, 5 have invented a new and useful Improvement in Bedsteads; and we do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the construction and operation of the same, reference being had 10 to the accompanying drawings, making a part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1, is a vertical longitudinal section; Fig. 2, a horizontal section; and Fig. 3, a side view of the platform-adjusting appa-15 ratus, like letters indicating the same ob-

jects in the different figures.

Our invention relates to a peculiar mode of supporting the four main posts and also, to a peculiar mode of supporting the plat-20 form, and making it adjustable to any inclination that may, at any time, be required.

Referring to the drawings, A, is the base which rests upon the floor of the room; B B the four main posts; C, the platform 25 directly upon which the bed or mattress is intended to rest; D D, are four supplementary posts for supporting the platform (C); and E, F, G, H, I and K, a combination of devices for adjusting the said platform to

30 any required inclination.

The base (A) consists of four flat pieces of timber fitted together by "lapping" so as to produce a rectangular frame, secured together at the corners by means of a screw 35 tenon (b) formed on the lower end of each of the main posts (B), and which enters a corresponding hole made through each corner of the frame; thus binding the four horizontal sills of the said base firmly to-40 gether, and at the same time securing each of the four posts (B) firmly thereon in a perpendicular position, as shown in Fig. 1.

The platform (C) consists of a rectangular frame, (its four outer corners however, being cut away, at c-c, so as to prevent contact with the posts (B) and the same), and is fitted, on its upper side, with spring slats or other of the usual elastic devices for supporting a bed or mattress. This platform is 50 isolated in respect to the four main posts (B—B), and is thus supported by the four supplementary posts (D-D) which are screwed into the two side sills of the base (A)—the platform resting immediately 55 upon their pointed ends when it is fixed in

a horizontal position and not designed to be

raised therefrom. For the purpose of rendering the said platform adjustable to any inclination that may be requisite—as when the said bedstead is used for invalid purposes—60 the platform is connected to the two foot-end supplementary posts, by means of a thin metallic plate (K) fixed to the under part of the platform on each side, and so as to pass down into a slot which is made in each of 65 said two posts, as shown in Fig. 1, or otherwise, so as to allow the platform to turn, as a lever upon a fulcrum pin or pivot: And for the purpose of so operating the said platform when required, there is fixed a 70 right-and-left screw shaft (G) so as to be rotated by means of a hand wheel (I), or its equivalent, while supported in bearings or suitable slots in the two head supplementary posts—a plain disk, or steadying flange (H) 75 being also fixed in the middle (of said shaft) or place of junction of the two screw threads. This shaft carries two blocks (F, F,) which have their upper sides inclined in opposite directions and having thereon dovetailed 80 slots adapted to slide in connection with dovetailed projections formed along the under sides of the two inclined planes (e-e) which are fixed on the stationary piece (E E) which is also fixed across the under side 85 of the platform (C) and parallel with the shaft (G)—a slot also being cut across it at h, for the admission of part of the disk (H), whereby the platform is prevented from any lateral motion after it is raised from 90 connection with the supplementary posts below. One of the slats, or a suitable board may also be hinged upon the platform so as to be supported at any required inclination thereon, by means of a brace and notches, as 95 shown at c', Figs. 1 and 2, for the purpose of supporting an invalid in a sitting position if required.

Operation: The platform (C) being completely isolated in respect to the main posts 100 (B-B), it will be readily perceived that when the shaft (G) is caused to rotate by operating the hand wheel (I), the said platform can be adjusted with the greatest ease and facility to any required inclination 105 within the limits of the inclined planes (e-e), because by so rotating the shaft (G). the blocks (F, F,) are necessarily caused either to approach or separate farther from each other, as the case may be, and being 110 connected with the said inclined planes as described, necessarily either force the headend of the platform upwardly, or allow its descent until it rests again upon the supplementary posts beneath; and, there being no side nor end rails as hitherto required to be secured to the main posts (B—B) by means of "bed screws," or otherwise; that this bed-stead can be put up, or taken down for removal, with greater facility; and that it may even be taken apart and removed without requiring the invalid to be removed from

the platform for the purpose.

Besides the advantage of facility in putting up and taking down this bedstead, it can also be made, comparatively, about 25 per ct. cheaper, as—requiring no iron "bedscrews," nor "squares" on the posts for the mortises, a much smaller sized piece of timber answers for the same diameter of posts; and no mortising nor planing thereof being required, the post, with its screwed tenon (b), can be readily finished at one operation upon the lathe; besides, these posts need not be solid; and the timbers for the base need not be so heavy nor costly as those reguired for the rails hitherto used.

What we claim as our invention and de-

sire to secure by Letters Patent is as follows:

1. We claim supporting the four main posts (B—B) of a bed-stead by screwing or 30 otherwise inserting them so that they shall stand securely, without connection with any rails, upon the base (A) which rests immediately upon the floor, as described; the said base frame (A) being held together at 35 its corners, by means of the tenons on the said posts, all substantially in the manner set forth and described.

2. We also claim adjusting the said platform (C) or its equivalent, to any required 40 inclination as described, by means of the right-and-left screw shaft (G), blocks (F, F), inclined planes (e—e), disk (H), and plates (K, K,) or their equivalents—the same being arranged, combined and operated substantially as set forth and described.

JACOB J. SMITH. J. H. PUGH.

Witnesses:
Ben. Morison,
Charles D. Freeman.