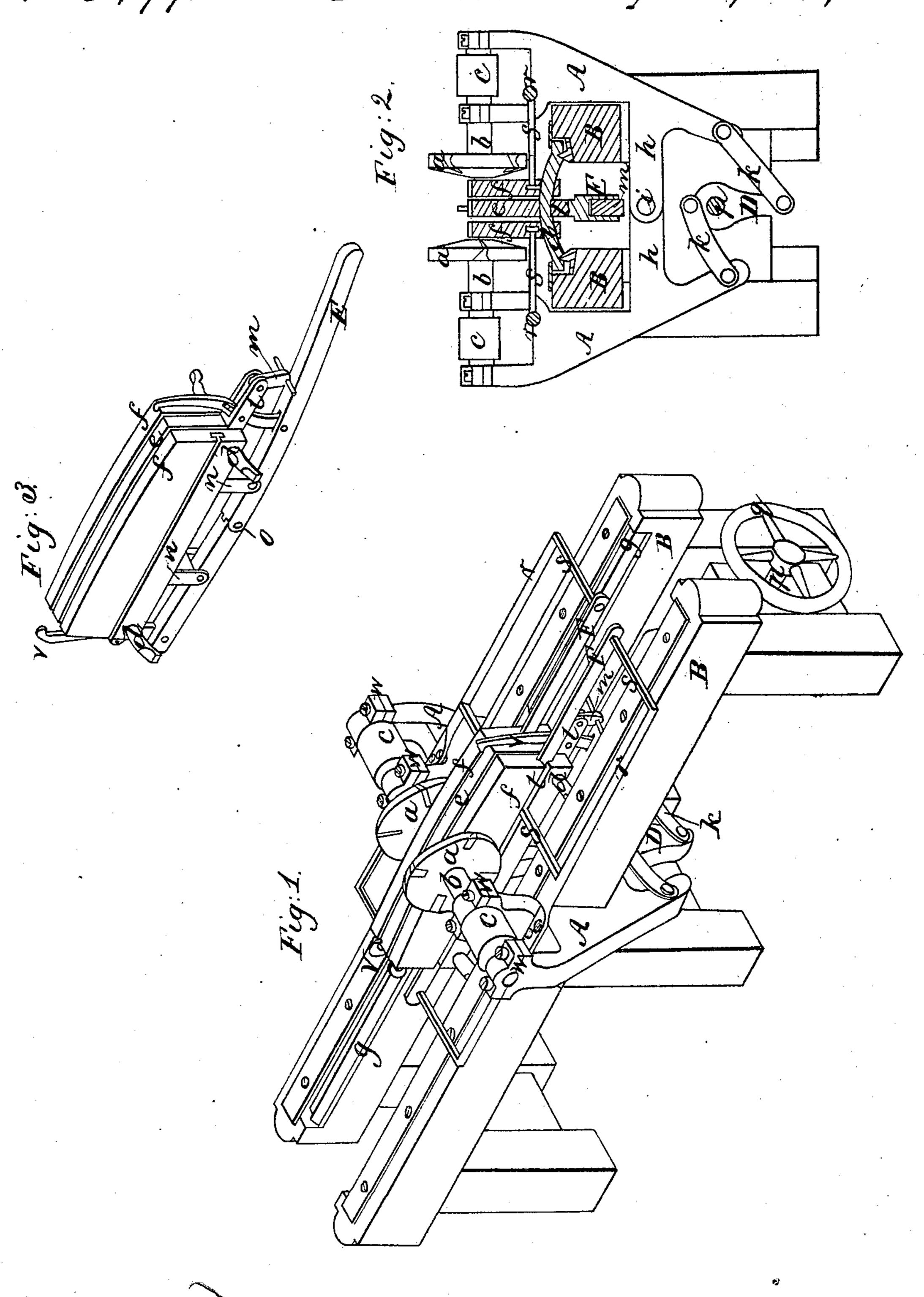
A.C. Curriers A.Bradway. Mach for Beveling Staves. Nº 5499. Patented Ann. 4.1848.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

A. C. CURRIER, OF PALMER, AND ABEL BRADWAY, OF MONSON, MASSACHUSETTS.

MACHINERY FOR JOINTING STAVES.

Specification of Letters Patent No. 5,499, dated April 4, 1848.

To all whom it may concern:

and State of Massachusetts, and Abel Brad-5 way, of Monson, in the county and State aforesaid, have invented a new and Improved Machine for Jointing Staves; and we do hereby declare the following to be a full. clear, and exact description of the construc-10 tion and operation thereof, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, making a part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1, is a perspective view, Fig. 2, is a vertical transverse section, and Fig. 3, is 15 a perspective view of a portion of the ma-

chine detached.

The nature of our invention consists in the adapting rotating jointing cutters to staves of different widths, by securing the 20 cutter wheels in supporting bearings united to each other at a common center; and combining with the same, adjustable rests for supporting the edges of the staves.

25 the figures.

axles of the same; w, w, are the bearing to the levers E, and pass up through morboxes of the axles b b, secured to the upper ends of the adjustable supports A, A. c, c, c30 are pulleys on the axles b, b, by which they are driven. h, h, are lateral arms projecting from the supports A, A, united to each other and to the cross piece G, of the frame, by

the joint pin i.

p, is a shaft running longitudinally under the machine, secured in suitable bearings. The lower ends of the supports A, A, are connected to each other and to the shaft p, through the medium of the cross-head D. 40 and the jointed levers k, k, as represented in Fig. 2. q, is a hand wheel on the end of the shaft p, for operating the supports A, A, and bringing the cutter wheels a, a, to bear upon the staves.

B, B, are the side pieces of the frame of the machine; g, g, are ways in the inner sides of B, B, on which the carriage (e, f, f,)slides, on which the staves are secured to be

jointed.

The carriage is composed of a central block of timber e, permanently secured to the centers of the arched cross pieces d, d, and of the adjustable rests f, f, placed on each side of e, which traverse freely on the 55 arched cross-pieces d, d. The arched crosspieces d, d, of the carriage, have notches at l

each end that receive the edges of the ways Be it known that we, Alanson C. Cur- |g, g|, on which they slide. The rests f, f, are rier, of Palmer, in the county of Hampden connected to, and move out and in with the cutter heads as follows: A T shaped groove 60 is formed in the outer side of each rest, in which grooves are inserted the metallic rails F, F.; r, r, are rails—parallel with F, F, the centers of which are made fast to the upper ends of the supports A, A, between 65 the bearing boxes w, w, s, s, s, are arms connecting the rails F, and r. The rests f, f, slide freely lengthwise on the rails F, F, and crosswise on the cross-pieces d, d, as the cutter heads, with which they are connected, 70 are adjusted to staves of different widths. The staves are secured to the top of the carriage by means of the hook v, v, (represented in Fig. 3). l, is a rectangular piece of timber secured to the bottom of the car- 75 riage center e, and projecting from each end of the same. E, is a jointed lever directly under l, and connected to the same by the joint pieces n, n; at o, the respective portions Similar letters indicate like parts in all of the lever E, are united by a joint, which is 80 placed centrally between the joints n, n. a, a, are the cutter wheels; b, b, are the The hooks v, v, have their lower ends jointed tises in the projecting ends of l, l. The hooks v, v, are drawn downward and con- 85 fine the stave placed upon the carriage by depressing the outer ends of the lever E, and are retained in that position by the brace m, jointed to the projecting end of l.

Power is applied to the cutter wheels, and 90 motion is imparted to the carriage in any convenient or well known manner. The supports may be constructed in such a manner that their length may be varied to suit casks of different sizes, or sets of supports of dif- 95

ferent lengths may be made use of.

Having thus fully described our improved machine for jointing staves, what we claim therein as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

100 The adapting the jointing cutters to staves of various widths by securing the cutter wheels in supporting adjustable bearings united to each other at a common center, and combining with the same, adjustable rests 105 for supporting the edges of the staves, substantially in the manner herein set forth.

ALANSON C. CURRIER. ABEL BRADWAY.

Witnesses:

ABEL CALKINS, CALVIN M. SHAW.